Representative J. Stuart Adams proposes the following substitute bill:

REGULATION OF CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY
2005 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill transfers the regulation and administration of contractor related regulation
from the Division of Occupations and Professional Licensing to the Division of Real
Estate.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 addresses the Division of Real Estate's authority related to liens;
 directs the Division of Real Estate to oversee the construction notice registry;
 requires the Division of Real Estate to administer the Residence Lien Restriction
and Lien Recovery Fund Act;
 transfers the licensure and regulation of the construction trade industry to the
Division of Real Estate including the following provisions:
• amends definitions;
 amends language related to the Construction Services Commission;
 establishes adjudication proceeding requirements;
 amends provisions related to licensing boards;
 establishes application process for licensing and notification requirements;
 addresses the terms of licensure and provides renewal procedures;
 provides exemptions from licensure to certain persons;



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26	 provides the division with access to Bureau of Criminal Identification records;
27	 provides for licensure by endorsement;
28	 provides for the division issuing temporary or restricted licenses, and adopting
29	rules permitting inactive licenses;
30	 requires written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a license;
31	 amends provisions relating to denial of licensure and disciplinary proceedings;
32	 establishes procedures for administrative review and creates special appeals
33	boards;
34	 provides for suspensions;
35	 establishes a diversion program in disciplinary matters;
36	 amends the definitions of unlawful and unprofessional conduct;
37	 establishes a maximum civil penalty;
38	 requires the division to comply with court-ordered discipline; and
39	 amends payment provisions relating to contractors, subcontractors, and
40	suppliers;
41	 transfers the administration of the Utah Uniform Building Standards Act to the
42	Division of Real Estate and includes the following provisions:
43	 amends definitions; and
44	 amends provisions relating to appointment and responsibilities of the Building
45	Inspector Licensing Board and the collaboration between the division and the
46	board;
47	 provides access to the Division of Real Estate of an index to expunged records; and
48	 makes conforming and technical amendments.
49	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
50	None
51	Other Special Clauses:
52	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2006.
53	This bill provides coordination clauses.
54	Utah Code Sections Affected:
55	AMENDS:
56	9-4-102, as last amended by Chapter 18, Laws of Utah 2004

57		10-9-106.5, as last amended by Chapter 253, Laws of Utah 2001
58		11-36-102, as last amended by Chapter 239, Laws of Utah 2002
59		13-8-5, as last amended by Chapter 9, Laws of Utah 2001
60		17-27-105.5, as last amended by Chapter 253, Laws of Utah 2001
61		19-5-121, as enacted by Chapter 274, Laws of Utah 2001
62		26-15-3, as last amended by Chapter 218, Laws of Utah 1995
63		26A-1-113, as last amended by Chapter 249, Laws of Utah 2002
64		26A-1-114, as last amended by Chapter 171, Laws of Utah 2003
65		35A-4-303, as last amended by Chapter 21, Laws of Utah 2004
66		38-1-7 (Effective 05/01/05), as last amended by Chapters 85 and 250, Laws of Utah
67	2004	
68		38-1-11 , as last amended by Chapters 42, 85 and 188, Laws of Utah 2004
69		38-1-27 (Effective 05/01/05), as repealed and reenacted by Chapter 250, Laws of Utah
70	2004	
71		38-11-102 , as last amended by Chapters 42 and 85, Laws of Utah 2004
72		38-11-103 , as last amended by Chapter 172, Laws of Utah 1995
73		38-11-204 , as last amended by Chapter 42, Laws of Utah 2004
74		38-11-207 , as last amended by Chapter 198, Laws of Utah 2001
75		38-11-301 , as last amended by Chapter 198, Laws of Utah 2001
76		38-11-302 , as last amended by Chapters 20 and 172, Laws of Utah 1995
77		57-23-4 , as enacted by Chapter 262, Laws of Utah 1991
78		58-1-202 , as last amended by Chapter 241, Laws of Utah 2002
79		58-1-203 , as last amended by Chapter 241, Laws of Utah 2002
80		58-1-301.5 , as enacted by Chapter 214, Laws of Utah 2002
81		58-3a-102 , as enacted by Chapter 260, Laws of Utah 1996
82		58-3a-602 , as enacted by Chapter 260, Laws of Utah 1996
83		58-22-102 , as last amended by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 1996
84		58-22-602 , as enacted by Chapter 259, Laws of Utah 1996
85		58-53-304, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 191, Laws of Utah 1998
86		58-53-602 , as enacted by Chapter 191, Laws of Utah 1998
87		59-12-102 , as last amended by Chapters 1, 156, 255, 298 and 300, Laws of Utah 2004

88	63-2-302, as last amended by Chapters 90 and 173, Laws of Utah 2004
89	63-38-3.2, as last amended by Chapter 16, Laws of Utah 2003
90	63-46b-1, as last amended by Chapter 235, Laws of Utah 2004
91	63A-5-206 , as last amended by Chapters 216 and 231, Laws of Utah 2000
92	70D-1-19, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 2004
93	77-18-15, as last amended by Chapter 227, Laws of Utah 1999
94	ENACTS:
95	61-2e-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
96	61-2e-312 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
97	61-2e-313 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
98	61-2e-314 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
99	61-2e-315 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
100	61-2e-316 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
101	61-2e-317 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
102	61-2e-404 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
103	61-2e-405 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
104	61-2e-406 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
105	61-2e-504 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
106	61-2e-505 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
107	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
108	61-2e-101, (Renumbered from 58-55-101, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 181,
109	Laws of Utah 1994)
110	61-2e-102, (Renumbered from 58-55-102, as last amended by Chapters 39 and 75,
111	Laws of Utah 2004)
112	61-2e-103, (Renumbered from 58-55-103, as last amended by Chapters 61 and 90,
113	Laws of Utah 2004)
114	61-2e-201, (Renumbered from 58-55-201, as last amended by Chapter 241, Laws of
115	Utah 2002)
116	61-2e-301, (Renumbered from 58-55-301, as last amended by Chapter 317, Laws of
117	Utah 2000)
118	61-2e-302 , (Renumbered from 58-55-302, as last amended by Chapters 90 and 236,

119	Laws	of	Utah	2004))

- 120 **61-2e-303**, (Renumbered from 58-55-303, as last amended by Chapter 198, Laws of
- 121 Utah 2001)
- 61-2e-304, (Renumbered from 58-55-304, as last amended by Chapter 14, Laws of
- 123 Utah 2004)
- 61-2e-305, (Renumbered from 58-55-305, as last amended by Chapters 39 and 191,
- 125 Laws of Utah 2004)
- 126 **61-2e-306**, (Renumbered from 58-55-306, as last amended by Chapter 241, Laws of
- 127 Utah 2002)
- **61-2e-307**, (Renumbered from 58-55-307, as last amended by Chapter 241, Laws of
- 129 Utah 2002)
- 130 **61-2e-308**, (Renumbered from 58-55-308, as last amended by Chapter 39, Laws of
- 131 Utah 2004)
- 61-2e-309, (Renumbered from 58-55-310, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 181,
- 133 Laws of Utah 1994)
- 61-2e-310, (Renumbered from 58-55-311, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 317,
- 135 Laws of Utah 2000)
- 61-2e-311, (Renumbered from 58-55-312, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 317,
- 137 Laws of Utah 2000)
- 61-2e-401, (Renumbered from 58-55-401, as renumbered and amended by Chapters
- 139 181 and 308, Laws of Utah 1994)
- **61-2e-402**, (Renumbered from 58-55-402, as last amended by Chapters 233 and 317,
- 141 Laws of Utah 2000)
- **61-2e-403**, (Renumbered from 58-55-403, as last amended by Chapter 233, Laws of
- 143 Utah 2000)
- 144 **61-2e-501** (Effective 07/01/05), (Renumbered from 58-55-501 (Effective 07/01/05), as
- last amended by Chapter 45, Laws of Utah 2004)
- **61-2e-502**, (Renumbered from 58-55-502, as last amended by Chapter 198, Laws of
- 147 Utah 2001)
- 148 **61-2e-503** (Effective 07/01/05), (Renumbered from 58-55-503 (Effective 07/01/05), as
- last amended by Chapter 45, Laws of Utah 2004)

150 61-2e-601, (Renumbered from 58-55-601, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 181, 151 Laws of Utah 1994) 61-2e-602, (Renumbered from 58-55-602, as last amended by Chapter 365, Laws of 152 153 Utah 1999) 154 61-2e-603, (Renumbered from 58-55-603, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 181, 155 Laws of Utah 1994) 156 **61-2e-604**, (Renumbered from 58-55-604, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 181, 157 Laws of Utah 1994) **61-2f-101**, (Renumbered from 58-56-1, as enacted by Chapter 269, Laws of Utah 1989) 158 159 **61-2f-102**, (Renumbered from 58-56-2, as enacted by Chapter 269, Laws of Utah 1989) 160 **61-2f-103**, (Renumbered from 58-56-3, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 161 2004) 162 61-2f-104, (Renumbered from 58-56-5, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 2002) 163 164 61-2f-201, (Renumbered from 58-56-4, as last amended by Chapters 75 and 110, Laws 165 of Utah 2004) 166 61-2f-202, (Renumbered from 58-56-6, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 2002) 167 168 61-2f-203, (Renumbered from 58-56-7, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 169 2002) 170 61-2f-204, (Renumbered from 58-56-8, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 171 2002) 172 61-2f-205, (Renumbered from 58-56-11, as last amended by Chapter 196, Laws of Utah 173 1997) 174 61-2f-206, (Renumbered from 58-56-12, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 175 2004) 176 **61-2f-207**, (Renumbered from 58-56-13, as enacted by Chapter 293, Laws of Utah 177 1990) 178 61-2f-208, (Renumbered from 58-56-14, as enacted by Chapter 293, Laws of Utah 179 1990) 61-2f-209. (Renumbered from 58-56-15, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 180

181	2004)
182	61-2f-210, (Renumbered from 58-56-16, as last amended by Chapter 42, Laws of Utah
183	1999)
184	61-2f-211, (Renumbered from 58-56-17, as last amended by Chapter 229, Laws of Utah
185	2003)
186	61-2f-212, (Renumbered from 58-56-17.5, as enacted by Chapter 385, Laws of Utah
187	1997)
188	61-2f-301, (Renumbered from 58-56-8.5, as enacted by Chapter 262, Laws of Utah
189	1995)
190	61-2f-302, (Renumbered from 58-56-9, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah
191	2002)
192	Uncodified Material Affected:
193	ENACTS UNCODIFIED MATERIAL
194	
195	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
196	Section 1. Section 9-4-102 is amended to read:
197	9-4-102. Definitions.
198	As used in this chapter:
199	(1) "Accessible housing" means housing which has been constructed or modified to be
200	accessible, as described in the construction codes adopted under Section [58-56-4] 61-2f-201.
201	(2) "Director" means the director of the division.
202	(3) "Division" means the Division of Housing and Community Development.
203	Section 2. Section 10-9-106.5 is amended to read:
204	10-9-106.5. Manufactured homes.
205	(1) For purposes of this section, a manufactured home is the same as defined in Section
206	[58-56-3] 61-2f-103, except that the manufactured home must be attached to a permanent
207	foundation in accordance with plans providing for vertical loads, uplift, and lateral forces and
208	frost protection in compliance with the applicable building code. All appendages, including
209	carports, garages, storage buildings, additions, or alterations must be built in compliance with
210	the applicable building code.
211	(2) A manufactured home may not be excluded from any zone or area in which a

212	single-family residence would be permitted, provided the manufactured home complies with all
213	local zoning, building code, and subdivision requirements, including any restrictive covenants,
214	applicable to single family residence within that zone or area.
215	(3) A municipality may not:
216	(a) adopt or enforce an ordinance or regulation that treats a proposed development that
217	includes manufactured homes differently than one that does not include manufactured homes;
218	or
219	(b) reject a development plan based on the fact that the development is expected to
220	contain manufactured homes.
221	Section 3. Section 11-36-102 is amended to read:
222	11-36-102. Definitions.
223	As used in this chapter:
224	(1) "Building permit fee" means the fees charged to enforce the uniform codes adopted
225	pursuant to Title [58] 61, Chapter [56] 2f, Utah Uniform Building Standards Act, that are not
226	greater than the fees indicated in the appendix to the Uniform Building Code.
227	(2) "Capital facilities plan" means the plan required by Section 11-36-201.
228	(3) "Development activity" means any construction or expansion of a building,
229	structure, or use, any change in use of a building or structure, or any changes in the use of land
230	that creates additional demand and need for public facilities.
231	(4) "Development approval" means any written authorization from a local political
232	subdivision that authorizes the commencement of development activity.
233	(5) "Enactment" means:
234	(a) a municipal ordinance, for municipalities;
235	(b) a county ordinance, for counties; and
236	(c) a governing board resolution, for special districts.
237	(6) "Hookup fees" means reasonable fees, not in excess of the approximate average
238	costs to the political subdivision, for services provided for and directly attributable to the
239	connection to utility services, including gas, water, sewer, power, or other municipal, county,
240	or independent special district utility services.
241	(7) (a) "Impact fee" means a payment of money imposed upon development activity as
242	a condition of development approval.

incarceration.

243 (b) "Impact fee" does not mean a tax, a special assessment, a building permit fee, a 244 hookup fee, a fee for project improvements, or other reasonable permit or application fee. 245 (8) (a) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, or a special district 246 created under Title 17A, Special Districts. 247 (b) "Local political subdivision" does not mean school districts, whose impact fee 248 activity is governed by Section 53A-20-100.5. 249 (9) "Private entity" means an entity with private ownership that provides culinary water 250 that is required to be used as a condition of development. 251 (10) (a) "Project improvements" means site improvements and facilities that are: 252 (i) planned and designed to provide service for development resulting from a 253 development activity; and 254 (ii) necessary for the use and convenience of the occupants or users of development 255 resulting from a development activity. 256 (b) "Project improvements" does not mean system improvements. 257 (11) "Proportionate share" means the cost of public facility improvements that are 258 roughly proportionate and reasonably related to the service demands and needs of any 259 development activity. 260 (12) "Public facilities" means only the following capital facilities that have a life 261 expectancy of ten or more years and are owned or operated by or on behalf of a local political 262 subdivision or private entity: 263 (a) water rights and water supply, treatment, and distribution facilities; 264 (b) wastewater collection and treatment facilities; 265 (c) storm water, drainage, and flood control facilities; 266 (d) municipal power facilities; 267 (e) roadway facilities; 268 (f) parks, recreation facilities, open space, and trails; and 269 (g) public safety facilities. 270 (13) (a) "Public safety facility" means a building constructed or leased to house police, 271 fire, or other public safety entities. 272 (b) "Public safety facility" does not mean a jail, prison, or other place of involuntary

the project that is nonresidential.

274 (14) (a) "Roadway facilities" means streets or roads that have been designated on an officially adopted subdivision plat, roadway plan, or general plan of a political subdivision, 275 276 together with all necessary appurtenances. 277 (b) "Roadway facilities" includes associated improvements to federal or state roadways 278 only when the associated improvements: 279 (i) are necessitated by the new development; and 280 (ii) are not funded by the state or federal government. 281 (c) "Roadway facilities" does not mean federal or state roadways. 282 (15) (a) "Service area" means a geographic area designated by a local political 283 subdivision on the basis of sound planning or engineering principles in which a defined set of 284 public facilities provide service within the area. 285 (b) "Service area" may include the entire local political subdivision. 286 (16) (a) "System improvements" means: 287 (i) existing public facilities that are designed to provide services to service areas within 288 the community at large; and 289 (ii) future public facilities identified in a capital facilities plan that are intended to 290 provide services to service areas within the community at large. 291 (b) "System improvements" does not mean project improvements. 292 Section 4. Section 13-8-5 is amended to read: 293 13-8-5. Definitions -- Limitation on retention proceeds withheld -- Deposit in 294 interest-bearing escrow account -- Release of proceeds -- Payment to subcontractors --295 Penalty -- No waiver. 296 (1) As used in this section: 297 (a) (i) "Construction contract" means a written agreement between the parties relative 298 to the design, construction, alteration, repair, or maintenance of a building, structure, highway, 299 appurtenance, appliance, or other improvements to real property, including moving, 300 demolition, and excavating for nonresidential commercial or industrial construction projects. 301 (ii) If the construction contract is for construction of a project that is part residential 302 and part nonresidential, this section applies only to that portion of the construction project that 303 is nonresidential as determined pro rata based on the percentage of the total square footage of

(b) "Construction lender" means any person, including a bank, trust company, savings
bank, industrial bank, land bank, safe deposit company, private banker, savings and loan
association, credit union, cooperative bank, small loan company, sales finance company,
investment company, or any other financial institution that advances monies to a borrower for
the purpose of making alterations or improvements to real property. A construction lender
does not include a person or entity who is acting in the capacity of contractor, original
contractor, or subcontractor.

- (c) "Contractor" means a person who, for compensation other than wages as an employee, undertakes any work in a construction trade, as defined in Section [58-55-102] 61-2e-102 and includes:
- (i) any person engaged as a maintenance person who regularly engages in activities set forth in Section [58-55-102] 61-2e-102 as a construction trade; or
- (ii) a construction manager who performs management and counseling services on a construction project for a fee.
 - (d) "Original contractor" is as provided in Section 38-1-2.
- (e) "Owner" means the person who holds any legal or equitable title or interest in property. Owner does not include a construction lender unless the construction lender has an ownership interest in the property other than solely as a construction lender.
- (f) "Public agency" means any state agency or political subdivision of the state that enters into a construction contract for an improvement of public property.
- (g) "Retention payment" means release of retention proceeds as defined in Subsection (1)(h).
- (h) "Retention proceeds" means monies earned by a contractor or subcontractor but retained by the owner or public agency pursuant to the terms of a construction contract to guarantee payment or performance by the contractor or subcontractor of the construction contract.
 - (i) "Subcontractor" is as defined in Section 38-1-2.
 - (i) "Successful party" has the same meaning as it does under Section 38-1-18.
- (2) (a) This section is applicable to all construction contracts relating to construction work or improvements entered into on or after July 1, 1999, between:
 - (i) an owner or public agency and an original contractor;

336	(ii) an original contractor and a subcontractor; and
337	(iii) subcontractors under a contract described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii).
338	(b) This section does not apply to a construction lender.
339	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Section [58-55-603] 61-2e-603, the retention proceeds
340	withheld and retained from any payment due under the terms of the construction contract may
341	not exceed 5% of the payment:
342	(i) by the owner or public agency to the original contractor;
343	(ii) by the original contractor to any subcontractor; or
344	(iii) by a subcontractor.
345	(b) The total retention proceeds withheld may not exceed 5% of the total construction
346	price.
347	(c) The percentage of the retention proceeds withheld and retained pursuant to a
348	construction contract between the original contractor and a subcontractor or between
349	subcontractors shall be the same retention percentage as between the owner and the original
350	contractor if:
351	(i) the retention percentage in the original construction contract between an owner and
352	the original contractor is less than 5%; or
353	(ii) after the original construction contract is executed but before completion of the
354	construction contract the retention percentage is reduced to less than 5%.
355	(4) (a) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor, firm, or corporation to do
356	work for an owner or public agency is retained or withheld by the owner or the public agency,
357	as retention proceeds, it shall be placed in an interest-bearing account.
358	(b) The interest accrued under Subsection (4)(a) shall be:
359	(i) for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors; and
360	(ii) paid after the project is completed and accepted by the owner or the public agency.
361	(c) The contractor shall ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed
362	by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis.
363	(5) Any retention proceeds retained or withheld pursuant to this section and any
364	accrued interest shall be released pursuant to a billing statement from the contractor within 45
365	days from the later of:
366	(a) the date the owner or public agency receives the billing statement from the

367	contractor:
501	contractor,

- (b) the date that a certificate of occupancy or final acceptance notice is issued to:
- (i) the original contractor who obtained the building permit from the building inspector or public agency;
 - (ii) the owner or architect; or
- 372 (iii) the public agency;
 - (c) the date that a public agency or building inspector having authority to issue its own certificate of occupancy does not issue the certificate but permits partial or complete occupancy of a newly constructed or remodeled building; or
 - (d) the date the contractor accepts the final pay quantities.
 - (6) If only partial occupancy of a building is permitted, any retention proceeds withheld and retained pursuant to this section and any accrued interest shall be partially released within 45 days under the same conditions as provided in Subsection (5) in direct proportion to the value of the part of the building occupied.
 - (7) The billing statement from the contractor as provided in Subsection (5)(a) shall include documentation of lien releases or waivers.
 - (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3):
 - (i) if a contractor or subcontractor is in default or breach of the terms and conditions of the construction contract documents, plans, or specifications governing construction of the project, the owner or public agency may withhold from payment for as long as reasonably necessary an amount necessary to cure the breach or default of the contractor or subcontractor; or
 - (ii) if a project or a portion of the project has been substantially completed, the owner or public agency may retain until completion up to twice the fair market value of the work of the original contractor or of any subcontractor that has not been completed:
 - (A) in accordance with the construction contract documents, plans, and specifications; or
 - (B) in the absence of plans and specifications, to generally accepted craft standards.
 - (b) An owner or public agency that refuses payment under Subsection (8)(a) shall describe in writing within 45 days of withholding such amounts what portion of the work was not completed according to the standards specified in Subsection (8)(a).

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the applicable building code.

398 (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), an original contractor or subcontractor 399 who receives retention proceeds shall pay each of its subcontractors from whom retention has 400 been withheld each subcontractor's share of the retention received within ten days from the day 401 that all or any portion of the retention proceeds is received: 402 (i) by the original contractor from the owner or public agency; or 403 (ii) by the subcontractor from: 404 (A) the original contractor; or 405 (B) a subcontractor. 406 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (9)(a), if a retention payment received by the original 407 contractor is specifically designated for a particular subcontractor, payment of the retention 408 shall be made to the designated subcontractor. 409 (10) (a) In any action for the collection of the retained proceeds withheld and retained 410 in violation of this section, the successful party is entitled to: 411 (i) attorney's fees; and 412 (ii) other allowable costs. 413 (b) (i) Any owner, public agency, original contractor, or subcontractor who knowingly and wrongfully withholds a retention shall be subject to a charge of 2% per month on the 414 415 improperly withheld amount, in addition to any interest otherwise due. 416 (ii) The charge described in Subsection (10)(b)(i) shall be paid to the contractor or 417 subcontractor from whom the retention proceeds have been wrongfully withheld. 418 (11) A party to a construction contract may not require any other party to waive any 419 provision of this section. 420 Section 5. Section 17-27-105.5 is amended to read: 421 17-27-105.5. Manufactured homes. 422 (1) For purposes of this section, a manufactured home is the same as defined in Section 423 [58-56-3] 61-2f-103, except that the manufactured home must be attached to a permanent 424 foundation in accordance with plans providing for vertical loads, uplift, and lateral forces and 425 frost protection in compliance with the applicable building code. All appendages, including 426 carports, garages, storage buildings, additions, or alterations must be built in compliance with

(2) A manufactured home may not be excluded from any zone or area in which a

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429 single-family residence would be permitted, provided the manufactured home complies with 430 all local zoning, building code, and subdivision requirements, including any restrictive 431 covenants, applicable to single-family residence within that zone or area. 432 (3) A county may not: 433 (a) adopt or enforce an ordinance or regulation that treats a proposed development that 434 includes manufactured homes differently than one that does not include manufactured homes; 435 or 436 (b) reject a development plan based on the fact that the development is expected to 437 contain manufactured homes. 438 Section 6. Section **19-5-121** is amended to read: 439 19-5-121. Underground wastewater disposal systems -- Certification required to design, inspect, maintain, or conduct percolation or soil tests -- Exemptions -- Rules --440 441 Fees. 442 (1) As used in this section, "maintain" does not include the pumping of an underground 443 wastewater disposal system. 444 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c), beginning January 1, 2002, 445 a person may not design, inspect, maintain, or conduct percolation or soil tests for an 446 underground wastewater disposal system, without first obtaining certification from the board. 447 (b) An individual is not required to obtain certification from the board to maintain an underground wastewater disposal system that serves a noncommercial, private residence owned 448 449 by the individual or a member of the individual's family and in which the individual or a 450 member of the individual's family resides or an employee of the individual resides without 451 payment of rent. 452 (c) The board shall make rules allowing an uncertified individual to conduct 453 percolation or soil tests for an underground wastewater disposal system that serves a 454 noncommercial, private residence owned by the individual and in which the individual resides 455 or intends to reside, or which is intended for use by an employee of the individual without 456 payment of rent, if the individual: 457 (i) has the capability of properly conducting the tests; and

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(3) (a) The board shall adopt and enforce rules for the certification and recertification

(ii) is supervised by a certified individual when conducting the tests.

section.

460	of individuals who design, inspect, maintain, or conduct percolation or soil tests for
461	underground wastewater disposal systems.
462	(b) (i) The rules shall specify requirements for education and training and the type and
463	duration of experience necessary to obtain certification.
464	(ii) The rules shall recognize the following in meeting the requirements for
465	certification:
466	(A) the experience of a contractor licensed under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah
467	Construction Trades Licensing Act, who has five or more years of experience installing
468	underground wastewater disposal systems;
469	(B) the experience of an environmental health scientist licensed under Title 58, Chapter
470	20a, Environmental Health Scientist Act; or
471	(C) the educational background of a professional engineer licensed under Title 58,
472	Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act.
473	(iii) If eligibility for certification is based on experience, the applicant for certification
474	must show proof of experience.
475	(4) The department may establish fees in accordance with Section 63-38-3.2 for the
476	testing and certification of individuals who design, inspect, maintain, or conduct percolation or
477	soil tests for underground wastewater disposal systems.
478	Section 7. Section 26-15-3 is amended to read:
479	26-15-3. Department to advise Uniform Building Code Commission regarding the
480	code and specific edition of a plumbing code Enforcement.
481	(1) The department shall advise the Division of [Occupational and Professional
482	Licensing] Real Estate and the Uniform Building Code Commission with respect to the code
483	and specific edition of a plumbing code adopted by a nationally recognized code authority to be
484	adopted by the Division of [Occupational and Professional Licensing] Real Estate, and
485	amendments to that code as provided for under Section [58-56-5] 61-2f-104.
486	(2) The department may enforce the plumbing code adopted by the Division of
487	[Occupational and Professional Licensing] Real Estate under Section [58-56-4] 61-2f-201.
488	[The provisions of]
489	(3) Section [58-56-9 do] 61-2f-302 does not apply to health inspectors acting under this

491	Section 8. Section 20A-1-113 is amended to read:
492	26A-1-113. Right of entry to regulated premises by representatives for inspection.
493	(1) Upon presenting proper identification, authorized representatives of local health
494	departments may enter upon the premises of properties regulated by local health departments to
495	perform routine inspections to [insure] ensure compliance with rules, standards, regulations,
496	and ordinances as adopted by:
497	(a) the [Departments] Department of Health [and];
498	(b) the Department of Environmental Quality[7];
499	(c) local boards of health[;];
500	(d) county or municipal governing bodies[-,]; or
501	(e) the Division of [Occupational and Professional Licensing] Real Estate under
502	Section [58-56-4] <u>61-2f-201</u> .
503	(2) Section [58-56-9] <u>61-2f-302</u> does not apply to health inspectors acting under this
504	section.
505	(3) This section does not authorize local health departments to inspect private
506	dwellings.
507	Section 9. Section 26A-1-114 is amended to read:
508	26A-1-114. Powers and duties of departments.
509	(1) A local health department may:
510	(a) subject to [the provisions in] Section 26A-1-108, enforce state laws, local
511	ordinances, department rules, and local health department standards and regulations relating to
512	public health and sanitation, including the plumbing code adopted by the Division of
513	[Occupational and Professional Licensing] Real Estate under Section [58-56-4] 61-2f-201 and
514	under Title 26, Chapter 15a, Food Safety Manager Certification Act, in all incorporated and
515	unincorporated areas served by the local health department;
516	(b) establish, maintain, and enforce isolation and quarantine, and exercise physical
517	control over property and over individuals as the local health department finds necessary for
518	the protection of the public health;
519	(c) establish and maintain medical, environmental, occupational, and other laboratory
520	services considered necessary or proper for the protection of the public health;
521	(d) establish and operate reasonable health programs or measures not in conflict with

522	state	law	that:
<i>344</i>	state	1a w	mat.

- (i) are necessary or desirable for the promotion or protection of the public health and the control of disease; or
- (ii) may be necessary to ameliorate the major risk factors associated with the major causes of injury, sickness, death, and disability in the state;
- (e) close theaters, schools, and other public places and prohibit gatherings of people when necessary to protect the public health;
- (f) abate nuisances or eliminate sources of filth and infectious and communicable diseases affecting the public health and bill the owner or other person in charge of the premises upon which this nuisance occurs for the cost of abatement;
- (g) make necessary sanitary and health investigations and inspections on its own initiative or in cooperation with the Department of Health or Environmental Quality, or both, as to any matters affecting the public health;
 - (h) pursuant to county ordinance or interlocal agreement:
- (i) establish and collect appropriate fees for the performance of services and operation of authorized or required programs and duties;
- (ii) accept, use, and administer all federal, state, or private donations or grants of funds, property, services, or materials for public health purposes; and
- (iii) make agreements not in conflict with state law that are conditional to receiving a donation or grant;
- (i) prepare, publish, and disseminate information necessary to inform and advise the public concerning:
- (i) the health and wellness of the population, specific hazards, and risk factors that may adversely affect the health and wellness of the population; and
- (ii) specific activities individuals and institutions can engage in to promote and protect the health and wellness of the population;
 - (i) investigate the causes of morbidity and mortality;
 - (k) issue notices and orders necessary to carry out this part;
- (l) conduct studies to identify injury problems, establish injury control systems, develop standards for the correction and prevention of future occurrences, and provide public information and instruction to special high risk groups;

- (m) cooperate with boards created under Section 19-1-106 to enforce laws and rules within the jurisdiction of the boards;
- (n) cooperate with the state health department, the Department of Corrections, the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Division of Juvenile Justice Services, and the Crime Victims Reparations Board to conduct testing for HIV infection of convicted sexual offenders and any victims of a sexual offense;
 - (o) investigate suspected bioterrorism and disease pursuant to Section 26-23b-108; and
- (p) provide public health assistance in response to a national, state, or local emergency, a public health emergency as defined in Section 26-23b-102, or a declaration by the President of the United States or other federal official requesting public health-related activities.
 - (2) The local health department shall:
- (a) establish programs or measures to promote and protect the health and general wellness of the people within the boundaries of the local health department;
- (b) investigate infectious and other diseases of public health importance and implement measures to control the causes of epidemic and communicable diseases and other conditions significantly affecting the public health which may include involuntary testing of convicted sexual offenders for the HIV infection pursuant to Section 76-5-502 and voluntary testing of victims of sexual offenses for HIV infection pursuant to Section 76-5-503;
- (c) cooperate with the department in matters pertaining to the public health and in the administration of state health laws; and
- (d) coordinate implementation of environmental programs to maximize efficient use of resources by developing with the Department of Environmental Quality a Comprehensive Environmental Service Delivery Plan that:
- (i) recognizes that the Department of Environmental Quality and local health departments are the foundation for providing environmental health programs in the state;
- (ii) delineates the responsibilities of the department and each local health department for the efficient delivery of environmental programs using federal, state, and local authorities, responsibilities, and resources;
- (iii) provides for the delegation of authority and pass through of funding to local health departments for environmental programs, to the extent allowed by applicable law, identified in the plan, and requested by the local health department; and

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- (iv) is reviewed and updated annually.
 - (3) The local health department has the following duties regarding public and private schools within its boundaries:
 - (a) enforce all ordinances, standards, and regulations pertaining to the public health of persons attending public and private schools;
 - (b) exclude from school attendance any person, including teachers, who is suffering from any communicable or infectious disease, whether acute or chronic, if the person is likely to convey the disease to those in attendance; and
 - (c) (i) make regular inspections of the health-related condition of all school buildings and premises;
 - (ii) report the inspections on forms furnished by the department to those responsible for the condition and provide instructions for correction of any conditions that impair or endanger the health or life of those attending the schools; and
 - (iii) provide a copy of the report to the department at the time the report is made.
 - (4) If those responsible for the health-related condition of the school buildings and premises do not carry out any instructions for corrections provided in a report in Subsection (3)(c), the local health board shall cause the conditions to be corrected at the expense of the persons responsible.
 - (5) The local health department may exercise incidental authority as necessary to carry out the provisions and purposes of this part.
 - Section 10. Section **35A-4-303** is amended to read:

35A-4-303. Determination of contribution rates.

- (1) (a) On or before January 1 of each year beginning January 1, 1985, an employer's basic contribution rate will be the same as the employer's benefit ratio, determined by dividing the total benefit costs charged back to an employer during the immediately preceding four fiscal years by the total taxable wages of the employer for the same time period, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, if any.
 - (b) In calculating the basic contribution rate under Subsection (1)(a):
- (i) if four fiscal years of data are not available, the data of three fiscal years shall be divided by the total taxable wages for the same time period;
 - (ii) if three fiscal years of data are not available, the data of two fiscal years shall be

divided by the total taxable wages for the same time period; or

- (iii) if two fiscal years of data are not available, the data of one fiscal year shall be divided by the total taxable wages for the same time period.
- (2) (a) On or before January 1 of each year beginning with January 1, 1985, all social costs as defined in Subsection 35A-4-307(1) applicable to the immediately preceding four fiscal years shall be divided by the total taxable wages of all employers subject to contributions for the same time period, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, if any.
 - (b) In calculating the social contribution rate under Subsection (2)(a):
- (i) if four fiscal years of data are not available, the data of three fiscal years shall be divided by the total taxable wages for the same time period; or
- (ii) if three fiscal years of data are not available, the data of two fiscal years shall be divided by the total taxable wages for the same time period.
 - (c) On or after January 1, 2000, the social contribution rate shall be:
- (i) set at 0.0010 for any rate year in which the reserve factor established in Subsection (3)(c) is equal to or less than 1.0000; or
- (ii) calculated by dividing all social costs as defined in Subsection 35A-4-307(1) applicable to the preceding four fiscal years by the total taxable wages of all employers subject to contributions for the same time period, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding any remaining fraction, for any rate year in which the reserve factor established in Subsection (3)(c) is greater than 1.0000.
- (d) (i) The social contribution rate for the rate year beginning January 1, 2004, is set at .003.
- (ii) On or after January 1, 2005, the social contribution rate shall be calculated by dividing all social costs as defined in Subsection 35A-4-307(1) applicable to the preceding four fiscal years by the total taxable wages of all employers subject to contributions for the same period, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding any remaining fraction.
- (iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(d)(ii), the social contribution rate for only the rate year beginning January 1, 2005, may not exceed .004.
- (3) (a) On or before January 1 of each year beginning with January 1, 1985, the reserve factor shall be computed under Subsection (3)(b). For purposes of computing the reserve

040	factor:
647	(i) the five-year average benefit cost rate is calculated by:
648	(A) determining the five highest benefit cost rates experienced in the 25 years ending
649	December 31 one year prior to the computation date;
650	(B) adding together the rates determined under Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A); and
651	(C) dividing the amount under Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B) by five, calculated to four
652	decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, if any;
653	(ii) the minimum adequate reserve fund balance is calculated by:
654	(A) multiplying the five-year average benefit cost rate by 1.5; and
655	(B) multiplying the amount under Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A) by total wages of the fiscal
656	year ending prior to the computation date, rounded to the nearest dollar;
657	(iii) the maximum adequate reserve fund balance is calculated by:
658	(A) multiplying the five-year average benefit cost rate by 2.0; and
659	(B) multiplying the amount under Subsection (3)(a)(iii)(A) by the total wages used
660	under Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B), rounded to the nearest dollar; and
661	(iv) the computation date is the January 1 on which the reserve factor is calculated.
662	(b) (i) The reserve factor is one if the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30
663	preceding the computation date is:
664	(A) equal to or greater than the minimum adequate reserve fund balance; and
665	(B) equal to or less than the maximum adequate reserve fund balance.
666	(ii) If the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is
667	less than the minimum adequate reserve fund balance, the reserve factor shall be the greater of
668	(A) 2.0000 minus an amount equal to the actual reserve fund balance divided by the
669	minimum adequate reserve fund balance, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding the
670	remaining fraction, if any; or
671	(B) the reserve factor calculated in the prior year.
672	(iii) The reserve factor is 2.0000 if:
673	(A) the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is:
674	(I) insolvent; or
675	(II) negative; or
676	(B) there is an outstanding loan from the Federal Unemployment Account.

- (iv) If the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is more than the maximum adequate reserve fund balance, the reserve factor shall be calculated by:
- (A) dividing the actual reserve fund balance by the maximum adequate reserve fund balance, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, if any; and
 - (B) subtracting the amount under Subsection (3)(b)(iv)(A) from 2.0000.
- (c) Beginning January 1, 2000, the division shall by administrative decision set the reserve factor at a rate that shall sustain an adequate reserve. For the purpose of setting the reserve factor:
- (i) the adequate reserve is defined as between 17 and 19 months of benefits at the average of the five highest benefit cost rates in the last 25 years;
- (ii) the reserve factor shall be 1.0000 if the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is determined to be an adequate reserve;
- (iii) the reserve factor will be set between 0.5000 and 1.0000 if the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is greater than the adequate reserve;
- (iv) the reserve factor will be set between 1.0000 and 1.5000 if the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 prior to the computation date is less than the adequate reserve;
- (v) if the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is insolvent or negative or if there is an outstanding loan from the Federal Unemployment Account, the reserve factor will be set at 2.0000 until the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is determined to be an adequate reserve;
 - (vi) the reserve factor will be set on or before January 1 of each year; and
- (vii) monies made available to the state under Section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended, which are received on or after January 1, 2004, may not be considered in establishing the reserve factor under this section for the rate year 2005 or any subsequent rate year.
- (4) (a) Until January 1, 1995, an employer's overall contribution rate is the employer's basic contribution rate multiplied by the reserve factor, if there is a reserve factor, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding any further fraction, plus the social contribution rate, and rounded up to the next higher multiple of .10%, but not more than a maximum overall contribution rate of 8.0% and not less than 1% for new employers.

- (b) On or after January 1, 1995, an employer's overall contribution rate is the employer's basic contribution rate multiplied by the reserve factor, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding any further fraction, plus the social contribution rate, and rounded to three decimal places, disregarding any further fraction, if the fourth decimal place is .0004 or less, or rounding up to the next higher number, if the fourth decimal place is .0005 or more, but not more than a maximum overall contribution rate of 8.0% and not less than 1% for new employers.
- (c) On or after January 1, 2000, an employer's overall contribution rate is the employer's basic contribution rate multiplied by the reserve factor established according to Subsection (3)(c), calculated to four decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, plus the social contribution rate established according to Subsection (2)(c), and calculated to three decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, but not more than a maximum overall contribution rate of 8.0%, plus the applicable social contribution rate and not less than 1.1% for new employers.
- (d) On or after January 1, 2004, an employer's overall contribution rate is the employer's basic contribution rate multiplied by the reserve factor established according to Subsection (3)(c), calculated to four decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, plus the social contribution rate established according to Subsection (2)(d), and calculated to three decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, but not more than a maximum overall contribution rate of 9.0%, plus the applicable social contribution rate and not less than 1.1% for new employers.
- (e) The overall contribution rate does not include the addition of any penalty applicable to an employer as a result of delinquency in the payment of contributions as provided in Subsection (10).
- (5) Except as provided in Subsection (10), each new employer shall pay a contribution rate based on the average benefit cost rate experienced by employers of the major industry as defined by department rule to which the new employer belongs, the basic contribution rate to be determined as follows:
- (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), on or before January 1 of each year, the basic contribution rate to be used in computing the employer's overall contribution rate is the benefit cost rate which is the greater of:

- (i) the amount calculated by dividing the total benefit costs charged back to both active and inactive employers of the same major industry for the last two fiscal years by the total taxable wages paid by those employers that were paid during the same time period, computed to four decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, if any; or
 - (ii) 1%.
- (b) If the major industrial classification assigned to a new employer is an industry for which a benefit cost rate does not exist because the industry has not operated in the state or has not been covered under this chapter, the employer's basic contribution rate shall be 5.4%. This basic contribution rate is used in computing the employer's overall contribution rate.
- (6) (a) A reopening employer's basic contribution rate is the average overall contribution rate for all employers in the state, but not less than 1%, until such time as the reopening employer becomes a qualified employer as defined in Section 35A-4-301.
- (b) The average overall contribution rate for all employers in the state shall be defined by rule.
- (c) The reopening employer is an employer that is not substantially related to or affiliated with the predecessor employer and that acquires, for the purpose of reopening, substantially all the assets of a business or operating component of a business that has been closed or substantially closed for 90 days or more of its normal operating period immediately prior to the acquisition.
 - (d) A business or operating component of a business has been substantially closed if:
 - (i) its normal production has been stopped;
 - (ii) a majority of its workers have been laid off; and
- (iii) the services of remaining employees are devoted to the protection and disposition of assets and inventory or administrative duties.
- (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, and except as provided in Subsection (8), if an employing unit that moves into this state is declared to be a qualified employer because it has sufficient payroll and benefit cost experience under another state, a rate shall be computed on the same basis as a rate is computed for all other employers subject to this chapter if that unit furnishes adequate records on which to compute the rate.
- (8) An employer who begins to operate in this state after having operated in another state shall be assigned the maximum overall contribution rate until the employer acquires

sufficient experience in this state to be considered a "qualified employer" if the employer is:

- (a) regularly engaged as a contractor in the construction, improvement, or repair of buildings, roads, or other structures on lands;
- (b) generally regarded as being a construction contractor or a subcontractor specialized in some aspect of construction; or
- (c) required to have a contractor's license or similar qualification under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, or the equivalent in laws of another state.
- (9) (a) If an employer, other than a reopening employer, acquires the business or all or substantially all the assets of another employer and the other employer had discontinued operations upon the acquisition:
- (i) for purposes of determining and establishing the acquiring party's qualifications for an experience rating classification, the payrolls of both employers during the qualifying period shall be jointly considered in determining the period of liability with respect to:
 - (A) the filing of contribution reports;
 - (B) the payment of contributions; and
 - (C) after January 1, 1985, the benefit costs of both employers; and
- (ii) the transferring employer shall be divested of the transferring employer's payroll experience.
- (b) Any employing unit or prospective employing unit that acquires the payroll experience of an employer shall, for all purposes of this chapter, be an employer as of the date of acquisition.
- (c) Notwithstanding Section 35A-4-310, when a transferring employer, as provided in Subsection (9)(a), is divested of the employer's payroll experience by transferring all of the employer's business to another and by ceasing operations as of the date of the transfer, the transferring employer shall cease to be an employer, as defined by this chapter, as of the date of transfer.
- (10) (a) A rate of less than 8% shall be effective January 1 of any contribution year on or after January 1, 1985, but before January 1, 1988, and a rate of less than the maximum overall contribution rate on or after January 1, 1988, only with respect to new employers and to those qualified employers who, except for amounts due under division determinations that have

not become final, paid all contributions prescribed by the division with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters in the fiscal year immediately preceding the computation date on or after January 1, 1985.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsections (1), (5), (6), (7), and (9), on or after January 1, 1988, any employer who fails to pay all contributions prescribed by the division with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters in the fiscal year immediately preceding the computation date, except for amounts due under determinations that have not become final, shall pay a contribution rate equal to the overall contribution rate determined under the experience rating provisions of this chapter, plus a surcharge of 1% of wages.
- (c) Any employer who pays all required contributions shall, for the current contribution year, be assigned a rate based upon the employer's own experience as provided under the experience rating provisions of this chapter effective the first day of the calendar quarter in which the payment was made.
- (d) Delinquency in filing contribution reports shall not be the basis for denial of a rate less than the maximum contribution rate.
 - Section 11. Section 38-1-7 (Effective 05/01/05) is amended to read:

38-1-7 (Effective 05/01/05). Notice of claim -- Contents -- Recording -- Service on owner of property.

- (1) (a) Except as modified in Section 38-1-27, a person claiming benefits under this chapter shall file for record with the county recorder of the county in which the property, or some part of the property, is situated, a written notice to hold and claim a lien within 90 days from the date of final completion of the original contract under which the claimant claims a lien under this chapter. For purposes of this Subsection (1), final completion of the original contract means:
- (i) if as a result of work performed under the original contract a permanent certificate of occupancy is required for such work, the date of issuance of a permanent certificate of occupancy by the local government entity having jurisdiction over the construction project;
- (ii) if no certificate of occupancy is required by the local government entity having jurisdiction over the construction project, but as a result of the work performed under the original contract an inspection is required for such work, the date of the final inspection for such work by the local government entity having jurisdiction over the construction project; or

832	(iii) if with regard to work performed under the original contract no certificate of
833	occupancy and no final inspection are required by the local government entity having
834	jurisdiction over the construction project, the date on which there remains no substantial work
835	to be completed to finish such work on the original contract.
836	(b) Notwithstanding Section 38-1-2, where a subcontractor performs substantial work
837	after the applicable dates established by Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii), that subcontractor's
838	subcontract shall be considered an original contract for the sole purpose of determining:
839	(i) the subcontractor's time frame to file a notice of intent to hold and claim a lien
840	under Subsection (1); and
841	(ii) the original contractor's time frame to file a notice of intent to hold and claim a lier
842	under Subsection (1) for that subcontractor's work.
843	(c) For purposes of this section, the term "substantial work" does not include:
844	(i) repair work;
845	(ii) warranty work; or
846	(iii) work for which the project owner is not holding payment to ensure completion of
847	that work.
848	(2) (a) The notice required by Subsection (1) shall contain a statement setting forth:
849	(i) the name of the reputed owner if known or, if not known, the name of the record
850	owner;
851	(ii) the name of the person:
852	(A) by whom the lien claimant was employed; or
853	(B) to whom the lien claimant furnished the equipment or material;
854	(iii) the time when:
855	(A) the first and last labor or service was performed; or
856	(B) the first and last equipment or material was furnished;
857	(iv) a description of the property, sufficient for identification;
858	(v) the name, current address, and current phone number of the lien claimant;
859	(vi) the amount of the lien claim;
860	(vii) the signature of the lien claimant or the lien claimant's authorized agent;
861	(viii) an acknowledgment or certificate as required under Title 57, Chapter 3,
862	Recording of Documents; and

- (ix) if the lien is on an owner-occupied residence, as defined in Section 38-11-102, a statement describing what steps an owner, as defined in Section 38-11-102, may take to require a lien claimant to remove the lien in accordance with Section 38-11-107.
- (b) Substantial compliance with the requirements of this Subsection (2) is sufficient to hold and claim a lien.
- (3) (a) Within 30 days after filing the notice of lien, the lien claimant shall deliver or mail by certified mail a copy of the notice of lien to:
 - (i) the reputed owner of the real property; or
 - (ii) the record owner of the real property.
- (b) If the record owner's current address is not readily available to the lien claimant, the copy of the claim may be mailed to the last-known address of the record owner, using the names and addresses appearing on the last completed real property assessment rolls of the county where the affected property is located.
- (c) Failure to deliver or mail the notice of lien to the reputed owner or record owner precludes the lien claimant from an award of costs and attorneys' fees against the reputed owner or record owner in an action to enforce the lien.
- (4) The Division of [Occupational and Professional Licensing] Real Estate shall make rules governing the form of the statement required under Subsection (2)(a)(ix).
 - Section 12. Section **38-1-11** is amended to read:

38-1-11. Enforcement -- Time for -- Lis pendens -- Action for debt not affected -- Instructions and form affidavit and motion.

- (1) A lien claimant shall file an action to enforce the lien filed under this chapter within 180 days from the day on which the lien claimant filed a notice of claim under Section 38-1-7.
- (2) (a) Within the time period provided for filing in Subsection (1) the lien claimant shall file for record with the county recorder of each county in which the lien is recorded a notice of the pendency of the action, in the manner provided in actions affecting the title or right to possession of real property, or the lien shall be void, except as to persons who have been made parties to the action and persons having actual knowledge of the commencement of the action.
- (b) The burden of proof shall be upon the lien claimant and those claiming under the lien claimant to show actual knowledge.

- (3) This section may not be interpreted to impair or affect the right of any person to whom a debt may be due for any work done or materials furnished to maintain a personal action to recover the same.

 (4) (a) If a lien claimant files an action to enforce a lien filed under this chapter
 - (4) (a) If a lien claimant files an action to enforce a lien filed under this chapter involving a residence, as defined in Section 38-11-102, the lien claimant shall include with the service of the complaint on the owner of the residence:
 - (i) instructions to the owner of the residence relating to the owner's rights under Title 38, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery Fund Act; and
 - (ii) a form affidavit to enable the owner of the residence to specify the grounds upon which the owner may exercise available rights under Title 38, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery Fund Act.
 - (b) The instructions and form affidavit required by Subsection (4)(a) shall meet the requirements established by rule by the Division of [Occupational and Professional Licensing]

 Real Estate in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
 - (c) If a lien claimant fails to provide to the owner of the residence the instructions and form affidavit required by Subsection (4)(a), the lien claimant shall be barred from maintaining or enforcing the lien upon the residence.
 - (d) Judicial determination of the rights and liabilities of the owner of the residence under [Title 38, Chapters 1 and] this chapter, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery Fund Act, and Title 14, Chapter 2, Private Contracts, shall be stayed until after the owner has been given a reasonable period of time to establish compliance with Subsections 38-11-204(4)(a) and (4)(b) through an informal proceeding, as set forth in Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, commenced within 30 days of the owner being served summons in the foreclosure action, at the Division of [Occupational and Professional Licensing] Real Estate and obtain a certificate of compliance or denial of certificate of compliance, as defined in Section 38-11-102.
- 920 (5) The written notice requirement applies to liens filed on or after July 1, 2004.
- 921 Section 13. Section **38-1-27** (**Effective 05/01/05**) is amended to read:
- **38-1-27** (Effective 05/01/05). Construction notice registry -- Form and contents of notice of commencement, preliminary notice, and notice of completion.
 - (1) As used in this section and Sections 38-1-30 through 38-1-37:

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925	(a) "Database" means the Construction Notice Registry Database created in this
926	section.
927	(b) (i) "Designated agent" means the third party the Division of [Occupational and
928	Professional Licensing] Real Estate contracts with to create and maintain the Construction
929	Notice Registry Database.
930	(ii) The designated agent is not an agency, instrumentality, or a political subdivision of
931	the state.
932	(c) "Division" means the Division of [Occupational and Professional Licensing] Real
933	Estate.
934	(d) "Program" means the Construction Notice Registry Database Program created in
935	this section.
936	(2) Subject to receiving adequate funding through a legislative appropriation and
937	contracting with an approved third party vendor who meets the requirements of Sections
938	38-1-30 through 38-1-37, there is created the Construction Notice Registry Database Program
939	which shall:
940	(a) assist in protecting public health, safety, and welfare and promote a fair working
941	environment;
942	(b) be overseen by the division with the assistance of the designated agent;
943	(c) provide a central repository for notices of commencement, preliminary notices, and
944	notices of completion filed in connection with all privately owned construction projects as well
945	as all state and local government owned construction projects throughout Utah;
946	(d) be accessible for filing and review of notices of commencement, preliminary
947	notices, and notices of completion [via] by way of the program Internet website;
948	(e) accommodate electronic filing of such notices as well as provide for alternate filing
949	by U.S. mail, telefax, telephone, or any other alternate method as provided by rule made by the
950	division in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
951	(f) provide electronic notification for up to three e-mail addresses for each interested

(f) provide electronic notification for up to three e-mail addresses for each interested person or company who requests notice from the construction notice registry as well as provide alternate means of notification for those persons who make alternate filings, including U.S. mail, telefax, or any other method as prescribed by rule made by the division in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and

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- (g) provide hard-copy printing of electronic receipts for individual filings evidencing the date and time of individual filings as well as the content of individual filings.
- (3) Persons interested in a construction project may request notice of filings related to the project. The database shall be indexed by owner name, original contractor name, project name, project address, parcel number, project number, and any other identifier that the division considers reasonably appropriate and established by rule, made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (4) (a) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the division shall establish by rule the filing fees for notices of commencement, preliminary notices, notices of completion, and requests for notice, which fees may not exceed the amount reasonably necessary to create and maintain the database.
- (b) The fees established by the division may vary by method of filing if one form of filing is more costly than other forms of filing.
 - Section 14. Section **38-11-102** is amended to read:

970 **38-11-102. Definitions.**

- (1) "Board" means the Residence Lien Recovery Fund Advisory Board established under Section 38-11-104.
- (2) "Certificate of compliance" means an order issued by the director to the owner finding that the owner is in compliance with the requirements of Subsections 38-11-204(4)(a) and (4)(b) and is entitled to protection under Section 38-11-107.
- (3) "Construction on an owner-occupied residence" means designing, engineering, constructing, altering, remodeling, improving, repairing, or maintaining a new or existing residence.
 - (4) "Department" means the Department of Commerce.
- 980 (5) "Director" means the director of the Division of [Occupational and Professional 981 Licensing] Real Estate.
- 982 (6) "Division" means the Division of [Occupational and Professional Licensing] Real 983 Estate.
 - (7) "Duplex" means a single building having two separate living units.
- 985 (8) "Encumbered fund balance" means the aggregate amount of outstanding claims 986 against the fund. The remainder of monies in the fund are unencumbered funds.

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construction on the residence.

(a) provides qualified services;

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987	(9) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of Commerce.
988	(10) "Factory built housing" is as defined in Section [58-56-3] 61-2f-103.
989	(11) "Factory built housing retailer" means a person that sells factory built housing to
990	consumers.
991	(12) "Fund" means the Residence Lien Recovery Fund established under Section
992	38-11-201.
993	(13) "Laborer" means a person who provides services at the site of the construction on
994	an owner-occupied residence as an employee of an original contractor or other qualified
995	beneficiary performing qualified services on the residence.
996	(14) "Licensee" means any holder of a license issued under Title 58, Chapters 3a, 22,
997	53, and [55] Title 61, Chapter 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act.
998	(15) "Nonpaying party" means the original contractor, subcontractor, or real estate
999	developer who has failed to pay the qualified beneficiary making a claim against the fund.
1000	(16) "Original contractor" means a person who contracts with the owner of real
1001	property or the owner's agent to provide services, labor, or material for the construction of an
1002	owner-occupied residence.
1003	(17) "Owner" means a person who:
1004	(a) contracts with a person who is licensed as a contractor or is exempt from licensure
1005	under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, for the
1006	construction on an owner-occupied residence upon real property owned by that person;
1007	(b) contracts with a real estate developer to buy a residence upon completion of the
1008	construction on the owner-occupied residence; or
1009	(c) buys a residence from a real estate developer after completion of the construction
1010	on the owner-occupied residence.
1011	(18) "Owner-occupied residence" means a residence that is, or after completion of the
1012	construction on the residence will be, occupied by the owner or the owner's tenant or lessee as a
1013	primary or secondary residence within 180 days from the date of the completion of the

(b) pays necessary fees or assessments required under this chapter; and

(19) "Qualified beneficiary" means a person who:

1018	(c) registers with the division:
1019	(i) as a licensed contractor under Subsection 38-11-301(1) or (2), if that person seeks
1020	recovery from the fund as a licensed contractor; or
1021	(ii) as a person providing qualified services other than as a licensed contractor under
1022	Subsection 38-11-301(3) if the person seeks recovery from the fund in a capacity other than as
1023	a licensed contractor.
1024	(20) (a) "Qualified services" means the following performed in construction on an
1025	owner-occupied residence:
1026	(i) contractor services provided by a contractor licensed or exempt from licensure
1027	under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act;
1028	(ii) architectural services provided by an architect licensed under Title 58, Chapter 3a,
1029	Architects Licensing Act;
1030	(iii) engineering and land surveying services provided by a professional engineer or
1031	land surveyor licensed or exempt from licensure under Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional
1032	Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
1033	(iv) landscape architectural services by a landscape architect licensed or exempt from
1034	licensure under Title 58, Chapter 53, Landscape Architects Licensing Act;
1035	(v) design and specification services of mechanical or other systems;
1036	(vi) other services related to the design, drawing, surveying, specification, cost
1037	estimation, or other like professional services;
1038	(vii) providing materials, supplies, components, or similar products;
1039	(viii) renting equipment or materials;
1040	(ix) labor at the site of the construction on the owner-occupied residence; and
1041	(x) site preparation, set up, and installation of factory built housing.
1042	(b) "Qualified services" do not include the construction of factory built housing in the
1043	factory.
1044	(21) "Real estate developer" means a person having an ownership interest in real
1045	property who contracts with a person who is licensed as a contractor or is exempt from
1046	licensure under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, for the
1047	construction of a residence that is offered for sale to the public.
1048	(22) (a) "Residence" means an improvement to real property used or occupied, to be

1049	used or occupied as, or in conjunction with:
1050	(i) a primary or secondary detached single-family dwelling; or
1051	(ii) a multifamily dwelling up to and including duplexes.
1052	(b) "Residence" includes factory built housing.
1053	(23) "Subsequent owner" means a person who purchases a residence from an owner
1054	within 180 days from the date the construction on the residence is completed.
1055	Section 15. Section 38-11-103 is amended to read:
1056	38-11-103. Administration.
1057	This chapter shall be administered by the Division of [Occupational and Professional
1058	Licensing] Real Estate pursuant to [the provisions of] this chapter and consistent with [Title 58
1059	Chapter 1] Title 61, Chapter 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act.
1060	Section 16. Section 38-11-204 is amended to read:
1061	38-11-204. Claims against the fund Requirement to make a claim
1062	Qualifications to receive compensation Qualifications to receive a certificate of
1063	compliance.
1064	(1) To claim recovery from the fund a person shall:
1065	(a) meet the requirements of either Subsection (4) or (7);
1066	(b) pay an application fee determined by the division under Section 63-38-3.2; and
1067	(c) file with the division a completed application on a form provided by the division
1068	accompanied by supporting documents establishing:
1069	(i) that the person meets the requirements of either Subsection (4) or (7);
1070	(ii) that the person was a qualified beneficiary or laborer during the construction on the
1071	owner-occupied residence; and
1072	(iii) the basis for the claim.
1073	(2) To recover from the fund, the application required by Subsection (1) shall be filed
1074	no later than one year:
1075	(a) from the date the judgment required by Subsection (4)(d) is entered;
1076	(b) from the date the nonpaying party filed bankruptcy, if the claimant is precluded
1077	from obtaining a judgment or from satisfying the requirements of Subsection (4)(d) because the
1078	nonpaying party filed bankruptcy within one year after the entry of judgment; or
1079	(c) from the date the laborer, trying to recover from the fund, completed the laborer's

1080 qualified services.

- (3) To obtain a certificate of compliance an owner or agent of the owner shall establish with the division that the owner meets the requirements of Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b).
- (4) To recover from the fund, regardless of whether the residence is occupied by the owner, a subsequent owner, or the owner or subsequent owner's tenant or lessee, a qualified beneficiary shall establish that:
- (a) (i) the owner of the owner-occupied residence or the owner's agent entered into a written contract with an original contractor licensed or exempt from licensure under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act:
 - (A) for the performance of qualified services;
 - (B) to obtain the performance of qualified services by others; or
- (C) for the supervision of the performance by others of qualified services in construction on that residence;
- (ii) the owner of the owner-occupied residence or the owner's agent entered into a written contract with a real estate developer for the purchase of an owner-occupied residence; or
- (iii) the owner of the owner-occupied residence or the owner's agent entered into a written contract with a factory built housing retailer for the purchase of an owner-occupied residence;
- (b) the owner has paid in full the original contractor, licensed or exempt from licensure under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, real estate developer, or factory built housing retailer under Subsection (4)(a) with whom the owner has a written contract in accordance with the written contract and any amendments to the contract;
- (c) (i) the original contractor, licensed or exempt from licensure under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, the real estate developer, or the factory built housing retailer subsequently failed to pay a qualified beneficiary who is entitled to payment under an agreement with that original contractor or real estate developer licensed or exempt from licensure under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, for services performed or materials supplied by the qualified beneficiary;
- (ii) a subcontractor who contracts with the original contractor, licensed or exempt from licensure under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, the

real estate developer, or the factory built housing retailer failed to pay a qualified beneficiary
who is entitled to payment under an agreement with that subcontractor or supplier; or

- (iii) a subcontractor who contracts with a subcontractor or supplier failed to pay a qualified beneficiary who is entitled to payment under an agreement with that subcontractor or supplier;
 - (d) (i) the qualified beneficiary filed:
- (A) an action against the nonpaying party to recover monies owed to the qualified beneficiary within 180 days from the date the qualified beneficiary last provided qualified services, unless precluded from doing so by the nonpaying party's bankruptcy filing within the 180 days after completion of services; and
- (B) a notice of commencement of action with the division within 30 days from the date the qualified beneficiary filed the civil action if a civil action was filed as required by Subsection (4)(d)(i)(A);
- (ii) the qualified beneficiary has obtained a judgment against the nonpaying party who failed to pay the qualified beneficiary under an agreement to provide qualified services for construction of that owner-occupied residence;
 - (iii) (A) the qualified beneficiary has:
- (I) obtained from a court of competent jurisdiction the issuance of an order requiring the judgment debtor, or if a corporation any officer of the corporation, to appear before the court at a specified time and place to answer concerning the debtor's or corporation's property;
- (II) received return of service of the order from a person qualified to serve documents under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 4(b); and
- (III) made reasonable efforts to obtain asset information from the supplemental proceedings; and
- (B) if assets subject to execution are discovered as a result of the order required under Subsection (4)(d)(iii)(A) or for any other reason, to obtain the issuance of a writ of execution from a court of competent jurisdiction; or
- (iv) the qualified beneficiary timely filed a proof of claim where permitted in the bankruptcy action, if the nonpaying party has filed bankruptcy;
- 1140 (e) the qualified beneficiary is not entitled to reimbursement from any other person; 1141 and

- (f) the qualified beneficiary provided qualified services to a contractor, licensed or exempt from licensure under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act.
- (5) The requirements of Subsections (4)(d)(i), (ii), and (iii) need not be met if the qualified beneficiary has been precluded from obtaining a judgment against the nonpaying party or from satisfying the requirements of Subsections (4)(d)(i), (ii), and (iii) because the nonpaying party filed bankruptcy.
- (6) If a qualified beneficiary fails to file the notice with the division required under Subsection (4)(d)(i)(B), the claim of the qualified beneficiary shall be paid:
 - (a) if otherwise qualified under this chapter;
- (b) to the extent that the limit of Subsection 38-11-203(4)(a) has not been reached by payments from the fund to qualified beneficiaries who have complied with the notice requirements of Subsection (4)(d)(i)(B); and
- (c) in the order that the claims are filed by persons who fail to comply with Subsection (4)(d)(i)(B), not to exceed the limit of Subsection 38-11-203(4)(a).
 - (7) To recover from the fund a laborer shall:
- (a) establish that the laborer has not been paid wages due for the work performed at the site of a construction on an owner-occupied residence; and
 - (b) provide any supporting documents or information required by rule by the division.
- (8) A fee determined by the division under Section 63-38-3.2 shall be deducted from any recovery from the fund received by a laborer.
- (9) The requirements of Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b) may be satisfied if an owner or agent of the owner establishes to the satisfaction of the director that the owner of the owner-occupied residence or the owner's agent entered into a written contract with an original contractor who:
- (a) was a business entity that was not licensed under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, but was solely or partly owned by an individual who was licensed under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act; or
- (b) was a natural person who was not licensed under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, but who was the sole or partial owner and qualifier of a business entity that was licensed under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction

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1173	Trades Licensing Act.
1174	(10) The director shall have equitable power to determine if the requirements of
1175	Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b) have been met, but any decision by the director under Title 38,
1176	Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery Fund Act, shall not alter or have
1177	any effect on any other decision by the division under Title [58] 61, Securities Division - Real
1178	Estate Division.
1179	Section 17. Section 38-11-207 is amended to read:
1180	38-11-207. Reimbursement to the fund.
1181	(1) If the director disburses monies from the fund as a result of a person licensed under
1182	Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, or a qualified
1183	beneficiary failing to pay qualified beneficiaries:
1184	(a) the division shall issue a notice of the disbursement from the fund and the
1185	obligation to reimburse the fund to the licensee or qualified beneficiary; and
1186	(b) the licensee or qualified beneficiary shall reimburse the fund within 20 days from
1187	the issuance of the notice required by Subsection (1)(a).
1188	(2) The notice required by Subsection (1)(a) shall meet the requirements established by
1189	rule by the division in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
1190	Act.
1191	(3) (a) A finding of fact in an administrative action that a payment of any amount has
1192	been made from the fund in settlement of a claim arising from the act, representation,
1193	transaction, or conduct of a person licensed under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah
1194	Construction Trades Licensing Act, in violation of Section [58-55-603] 61-2e-603 shall result
1195	in the immediate suspension of that person's license without further compliance with Title 63,
1196	Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
1197	(b) The finding of fact for Subsection (3)(a) may be made in the same administrative
1198	action as the related claim and may be included in the findings required by Section 38-11-203.
1199	(c) The suspension required by Subsection (3)(a) shall remain in effect until the person
1200	applies for reinstatement and is issued a license in accordance with Sections 58-1-308 and
1201	[58-55-303] <u>61-2e-303</u> .
1202	Section 18. Section 38-11-301 is amended to read:

38-11-301. Registration as a qualified beneficiary -- Initial regular assessment --

1204 Affidavit.

- (1) A person licensed as of July 1, 1995, as a contractor under the provisions of Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, in license classifications that regularly engage in providing qualified services shall be automatically registered as a qualified beneficiary upon payment of the initial assessment.
- (2) A person applying for licensure as a contractor after July 1, 1995, in license classifications that regularly engage in providing qualified services shall be automatically registered as a qualified beneficiary upon issuance of a license and payment of the initial assessment.
- (3) (a) After July 1, 1995, any person providing qualified services as other than a contractor as provided in Subsection (1) or any person exempt from licensure under the provisions of Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, may register as a qualified beneficiary by:
 - (i) submitting an application in a form prescribed by the division;
- (ii) demonstrating registration with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code as required by state law;
 - (iii) paying a registration fee determined by the division under Section 63-38-3.2; and
- (iv) paying the initial assessment established under Subsection (4), and any special assessment determined by the division under Subsection 38-11-206(1).
- (b) A person who does not register under Subsection (1), (2), or (3)(a) shall be prohibited from recovering under the fund as a qualified beneficiary for work performed as qualified services while not registered with the fund.
- (4) (a) An applicant shall pay an initial assessment determined by the division under Section 63-38-3.2.
- (b) The initial assessment to qualified registrants under Subsection (1) shall be made not later than July 15, 1995, and shall be paid no later than November 1, 1995.
- (c) The initial assessment to qualified registrants under Subsections (2) and (3) shall be paid at the time of application for license or registration, however, beginning on May 1, 1996, only one initial assessment or special assessments thereafter shall be required for persons having multiple licenses under this section.
- (5) A person shall be considered to have been registered as a qualified beneficiary on

1233	January 1, 1993, for purposes of meeting the requirements of Subsection 38-11-204(1)(C)(II) II
1236	the person:
1237	(a) (i) is licensed on or before July 1, 1995, as a contractor under [the provisions of]
1238	Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, in license
1239	classifications that regularly engage in providing qualified services; or
1240	(ii) provides qualified services after July 1, 1995, as other than a contractor as provided
1241	in Subsection (5)(a)(i) or is exempt from licensure under the provisions of Title [58] 61,
1242	Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act; and
1243	(b) registers as a qualified beneficiary under Subsection (1) or (3) on or before
1244	November 1, 1995.
1245	Section 19. Section 38-11-302 is amended to read:
1246	38-11-302. Effective date and term of registration Penalty for failure to pay
1247	assessments Reinstatement.
1248	(1) (a) A registration as a qualified beneficiary under this chapter is effective on the
1249	date the division receives the initial assessment of the qualified beneficiary.
1250	(b) A registrant shall be required to renew [his] the registrant's registration upon
1251	imposition of a special assessment under Subsection 38-11-206(1).
1252	(2) A registration automatically expires if a registrant fails to renew [his] the
1253	registrant's registration as required under Subsection (1).
1254	(3) The division shall notify a qualified beneficiary in accordance with procedures
1255	established by rule when renewal of registration is required in connection with a special
1256	assessment.
1257	(4) The license renewal notice to a contractor shall notify the licensee that failure to
1258	renew [his] the licensee's license will result in automatic expiration of [his] the licensee's
1259	registration as a qualified beneficiary and of the limitations set forth in Subsection (6) on
1260	qualified beneficiaries whose registration has expired to make a claim upon the fund.
1261	(5) Registration may be reinstated by:
1262	(a) submitting an application for reinstatement in a form prescribed by the division;
1263	(b) paying a reinstatement fee determined by the division under Section 63-38-3.2; and
1264	(c) paying all unpaid assessments that were assessed during the period of the person's
1265	registration and all assessments made upon qualified beneficiaries during the period the

represents; and

1266	applicant's registration was expired.
1267	(6) (a) A qualified beneficiary whose registration expires loses all rights to make a
1268	claim upon the fund or receive compensation from the fund resulting from providing qualified
1269	service during the period of expiration.
1270	(b) Except as provided by Section [58-55-401] 61-2e-401, a qualified beneficiary
1271	whose registration expires may make a claim upon the fund or receive compensation from the
1272	fund for qualified services provided during the period the qualified beneficiary was part of the
1273	fund.
1274	Section 20. Section 57-23-4 is amended to read:
1275	57-23-4. Exclusions.
1276	This chapter does not apply to:
1277	(1) an interest in real estate regulated under Title 57, Chapter 19, Timeshare and Camp
1278	Resort Act;
1279	(2) an offering for an interest in real estate which is regulated under:
1280	(a) Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform Securities Act;
1281	(b) the securities laws of any state; or
1282	(c) federal securities laws; or
1283	(3) a sale of manufactured housing licensed under Title [58] 61, Chapter [56] 2f, Utah
1284	Uniform Building Standards Act, unless the sale is made in conjunction with an offering or sale
1285	of a cooperative interest under this chapter.
1286	Section 21. Section 58-1-202 is amended to read:
1287	58-1-202. Boards Duties, functions, and responsibilities.
1288	[(1)] The duties, functions, and responsibilities of each board include the following:
1289	[(a)] (1) recommending to the director appropriate rules;
1290	[(b)] (2) recommending to the director policy and budgetary matters;
1291	[(c)] (3) approving and establishing a passing score for applicant examinations;
1292	[(d)] (4) screening applicants and recommending licensing, renewal, reinstatement, and
1293	relicensure actions to the director in writing;
1294	[(e)] (5) assisting the director in establishing standards of supervision for students or
1295	persons in training to become qualified to obtain a license in the occupation or profession it

1297	[(f)] (6) acting as presiding officer in conducting hearings associated with adjudicative
1298	proceedings and in issuing recommended orders when so designated by the director.
1299	[(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to boards created in Title 58, Chapter 55,
1300	Construction Trades Licensing.]
1301	Section 22. Section 58-1-203 is amended to read:
1302	58-1-203. Duties, functions, and responsibilities of division in collaboration with
1303	board.
1304	[(1)] The following duties, functions, and responsibilities of the division shall be
1305	performed by the division with the collaboration and assistance of the appropriate board:
1306	[(a)] (1) defining which schools, colleges, universities, departments of universities, or
1307	other institutions of learning are reputable and in good standing with the division;
1308	[(b)] (2) prescribing license qualifications;
1309	[(e)] (3) prescribing rules governing applications for licenses;
1310	[(d)] (4) providing for a fair and impartial method of examination of applicants;
1311	[(e)] (5) defining unprofessional conduct, by rule, to supplement the definitions under
1312	this chapter or other licensing chapters;
1313	[(f)] (6) establishing advisory peer committees to the board and prescribing their scope
1314	of authority; and
1315	[(g)] <u>(7)</u> establishing conditions for reinstatement and renewal of licenses.
1316	[(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the duties, functions, and responsibilities of the
1317	division outlined in Subsection (1) shall, instead, be performed by the Construction Services
1318	Commission for all purposes of Title 58, Chapter 55, Construction Trades Licensing.
1319	Section 23. Section 58-1-301.5 is amended to read:
1320	58-1-301.5. Division access to Bureau of Criminal Identification records.
1321	(1) The division shall have direct access to criminal background information
1322	maintained by the Bureau of Criminal Identification under Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau
1323	of Criminal Identification, for background screening of licensure applicants as required in:
1324	(a) Section 58-31b-302 of Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
1325	(b) Section 58-47b-302 of Title 58, Chapter 47b, Massage Therapy Practice Act; and
1326	[(c) Section 58-55-302 of Title 58, Chapter 55, Construction Trades Licensing, as it
1327	applies to alarm companies and alarm company agents; and

1328	[(d)] (c) Section 58-63-302 of Title 58, Chapter 63, Security Personnel Licensing Act.
1329	(2) The division access under Subsection (1) shall be in accordance with Section
1330	53-10-108.
1331	Section 24. Section 58-3a-102 is amended to read:
1332	58-3a-102. Definitions.
1333	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
1334	(1) "Architect" means a person licensed under this chapter as an architect.
1335	(2) "Board" means the Architects Licensing Board created in Section 58-3a-201.
1336	(3) "Building" means a structure which has human occupancy or habitation as its
1337	principal purpose, and includes the structural, mechanical, and electrical systems, utility
1338	services, and other facilities required for the building, and is otherwise governed by the codes
1339	adopted under Title [58] 61, Chapter [56] 2f, Utah Uniform Building Standards Act.
1340	(4) "Complete construction plans" means a final set of plans and specifications for a
1341	building that normally includes:
1342	(a) floor plans;
1343	(b) elevations;
1344	(c) site plans;
1345	(d) foundation, structural, and framing detail;
1346	(e) electrical, mechanical, and plumbing design;
1347	(f) information required by the energy code;
1348	(g) specifications and related calculations as appropriate; and
1349	(h) all other documents required to obtain a building permit.
1350	(5) "Fund" means the Architects Education and Enforcement Fund created in Section
1351	58-3a-103.
1352	(6) (a) "Practice of architecture" means rendering or offering to render the following
1353	services in connection with the design, construction, enlargement, or alteration of a building or
1354	group of buildings, and the space within and surrounding such buildings:
1355	(i) planning;
1356	(ii) facility programming;
1357	(iii) preliminary studies;
1358	(iv) preparation of designs, drawings, and specifications:

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1359	(v) preparation of technical submissions and coordination of any element of technical
1360	submissions prepared by others including, as appropriate and without limitation, professional
1361	engineers, and landscape architects; and
1362	(vi) administration of construction contracts.
1363	(b) "Practice of architecture" does not include the practice of professional engineering
1364	as defined in Section 58-22-102, but a licensed architect may perform such professional
1365	engineering work as is incidental to the practice of architecture.
1366	(7) "Principal" means a licensed architect having responsible charge of an
1367	organization's architectural practice.
1368	(8) "Supervision of an employee, subordinate, associate, or drafter of an architect"
1369	means that a licensed architect is responsible for and personally reviews, corrects when
1370	necessary, and approves work performed by any employee, subordinate, associate, or drafter
1371	under the direction of the architect, and may be further defined by rule by the division in
1372	collaboration with the board.
1373	(9) "Unlawful conduct" as defined in Section 58-1-501 is further defined in Section
1374	58-3a-501.
1375	(10) "Unprofessional conduct" as defined in Section 58-1-501 may be further defined
1376	by rule by the division in collaboration with the board.
1377	Section 25. Section 58-3a-602 is amended to read:
1378	58-3a-602. Plans and specifications to be sealed.
1379	(1) Any final plan and specification of a building erected in this state shall bear the sea
1380	of an architect licensed under this chapter, except as provided in Section 58-3a-304, in Title 58
1381	Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act, and by the

- al 3, e codes adopted under Title [58] 61, Chapter [56] 2f, Utah Uniform Building Standards Act. 1382
 - (2) Any final plan and specification of a building prepared by or under the supervision of the licensed architect shall bear the seal of the architect when submitted to a client, or when submitted to a building official for the purpose of obtaining a building permit, even if the practice is exempt from licensure under Section 58-3a-304.
- 1387 Section 26. Section **58-22-102** is amended to read:
- 1388 **58-22-102.** Definitions.

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1389 In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:

1390 (1) "Board" means the Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors 1391 Licensing Board created in Section 58-22-201. 1392 (2) "Building" means a structure which has human occupancy or habitation as its 1393 principal purpose, and includes the structural, mechanical, and electrical systems, utility 1394 services, and other facilities required for the building, and is otherwise governed by the codes 1395 adopted under Title [58] 61, Chapter [56] 2f, Utah Uniform Building Standards Act. 1396 (3) "Complete construction plans" means a final set of plans, specifications, and reports 1397 for a building or structure that normally includes: 1398 (a) floor plans; 1399 (b) elevations; 1400 (c) site plans; 1401 (d) foundation, structural, and framing detail; 1402 (e) electrical, mechanical, and plumbing design; 1403 (f) information required by the energy code; 1404 (g) specifications and related calculations as appropriate; and 1405 (h) all other documents required to obtain a building permit. 1406 (4) "EAC/ABET" means the Engineering Accreditation Commission/Accreditation 1407 Board for Engineering and Technology. 1408 (5) "Fund" means the Professional Engineer, Professional Structural Engineer, and 1409 Professional Land Surveyor Education and Enforcement Fund created in Section 58-22-103. 1410 (6) "NCEES" means the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and 1411 Surveying. 1412 (7) "Principal" means a licensed professional engineer, professional structural engineer, 1413 or professional land surveyor having responsible charge of an organization's professional 1414 engineering, professional structural engineering, or professional land surveying practice. 1415 (8) "Professional engineer" means a person licensed under this chapter as a 1416 professional engineer. 1417 (9) "Professional engineering or the practice of engineering" means any service or 1418 creative work, the adequate performance of which requires engineering education, training, and 1419 experience in the application of special knowledge of the mathematical, physical, and

engineering sciences to such services or creative work as consultation, investigation,

- evaluation, planning, design, and design coordination of engineering works and systems, planning the use of land and water, facility programming, performing engineering surveys and studies, and the review of construction for the purpose of monitoring compliance with drawings and specifications; any of which embraces such services or work, either public or private, in connection with any utilities, structures, buildings, machines, equipment, processes, work systems, projects, and industrial or consumer products or equipment of a mechanical, electrical, hydraulic, pneumatic, or thermal nature, and including such other professional services as may be necessary to the planning, progress, and completion of any engineering services, provided that the practice of professional engineering shall not include the practice of architecture as defined in 58-3a-102, but a licensed professional engineer may perform such architecture work as is incidental to the practice of engineering.
- (10) "Professional engineering intern" means a person who has completed the education requirements to become a professional engineer, has passed the fundamentals of engineering examination, and is engaged in obtaining the four years of qualifying experience for licensure under the direct supervision of a licensed professional engineer.
- (11) "Professional land surveying or the practice of land surveying" means any service or work, the adequate performance of which requires the application of special knowledge of the principles of mathematics, the related physical and applied sciences, and the relevant requirements of law for adequate evidence to the act of measuring and locating lines, angles, elevations, natural and man-made features in the air, on the surface of the earth, within underground workings, and on the beds of bodies of water for the purpose of determining areas and volumes, for the monumenting or locating property boundaries or points controlling boundaries, and for the platting and layout of lands and subdivisions thereof, including the topography, alignment and grades of streets, and for the preparation and perpetuation of maps, record plats, field notes records, and property descriptions that represent these surveys and such other duties as sound surveying practices could direct.
- (12) "Professional land surveyor" means an individual licensed under this chapter as a professional land surveyor.
- (13) "Professional structural engineer" means a person licensed under this chapter as a professional structural engineer.
 - (14) "Professional structural engineering or the practice of structural engineering"

- means the design and analysis of complex buildings and structures and includes the definition of professional engineering or the practice of engineering provided in Subsection (9), and may be further defined by rule by the division in collaboration with the board.
- (15) "Structure" means that which is built or constructed, an edifice or building of any kind, or any piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite manner, and as otherwise governed by the codes adopted under Title [58] 61, Chapter [56] 2f, Utah Uniform Building Standards Act.
- (16) "Supervision of an employee, subordinate, associate, or drafter of a licensee" means that a licensed professional engineer, professional structural engineer, or professional land surveyor is responsible for and personally reviews, corrects when necessary, and approves work performed by any employee, subordinate, associate, or drafter under the direction of the licensee, and may be further defined by rule by the division in collaboration with the board.
- (17) "TAC/ABET" means the Technology Accreditation Commission/Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology.
 - (18) "Unlawful conduct" is defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-22-501.
- (19) "Unprofessional conduct" as defined in Section 58-1-501 may be further defined by rule by the division in collaboration with the board.
 - Section 27. Section **58-22-602** is amended to read:
- 58-22-602. Plans, specifications, reports, maps, sketches, surveys, drawings, documents, and plats to be sealed.
- (1) Any final plan, specification, and report of a building or structure erected in this state shall bear the seal of a professional engineer or professional structural engineer licensed under this chapter, except as provided in Section 58-22-305, in Title 58, Chapter 3a, [Architect] Architects Licensing Act, and by the codes adopted under Title [58] 61, Chapter [56] 2f, Utah Uniform Building Standards Act.
- (2) Any final plan, specification, and report prepared by, or under the supervision of, the professional engineer or professional structural engineer shall bear the seal of the professional engineer or professional structural engineer when submitted to a client, when filed with public authorities, or when submitted to a building official for the purpose of obtaining a building permit, even if the practice is exempt from licensure under Section 58-22-305.
 - (3) Any final plan, map, sketch, survey, drawing, document, plat, and report shall bear

1483	the seal of the professional land surveyor licensed under this chapter when submitted to a client
1484	or when filed with public authorities.
1485	Section 28. Section 58-53-304 is amended to read:
1486	58-53-304. Exemptions from licensure.
1487	In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following may
1488	engage in the stated limited acts or practices without being licensed under this chapter:
1489	(1) a person preparing a site plan as defined in Subsection 58-53-102(3), for a one-,
1490	two-, three-, or four-family residence not exceeding two stories in height, exclusive of the
1491	basement;
1492	(2) a person designing sprinkler irrigation systems when licensed as a landscape
1493	contractor under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act;
1494	(3) a person licensed to practice professional engineering or professional structural
1495	engineering under Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land
1496	Surveyors Licensing Act;
1497	(4) a person licensed to practice architecture under Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects
1498	Licensing Act;
1499	(5) unlicensed employees of a person licensed under this chapter while preparing site
1500	plans as defined in Subsection 58-53-102(3), under the supervision of a landscape architect;
1501	and
1502	(6) an organization engaged in the practice of landscape architecture, provided that:
1503	(a) the organization employs a principal; and
1504	(b) all individuals employed by the organization, who are engaged in the practice of
1505	landscape architecture, are licensed or exempt from licensure under this chapter.
1506	Section 29. Section 58-53-602 is amended to read:
1507	58-53-602. Site plans to be sealed.
1508	(1) Any site plan prepared in this state shall bear the seal of a landscape architect
1509	licensed under this chapter, except as provided in Section 58-53-304, in Title 58, Chapter 22,
1510	Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act, in Title 58, Chapter 3a,
1511	Architects Licensing Act, or by the codes adopted under Title [58] 61, Chapter [56] 2f, Utah
1512	Uniform Building Standards Act.
1513	(2) Any final site plan prepared by or under the supervision of the licensed landscape

1514 architect shall bear the seal of the landscape architect when submitted to a client, or when 1515 submitted to a building official for the purpose of obtaining a building permit, even if the 1516 practice is exempt from licensure under Section 58-53-304. 1517 Section 30. Section **59-12-102** is amended to read: **59-12-102.** Definitions. 1518 1519 As used in this chapter: 1520 (1) (a) "Admission or user fees" includes season passes. 1521 (b) "Admission or user fees" does not include annual membership dues to private 1522 organizations. (2) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement described in 1523 1524 Section 59-12-102.1. (3) "Agreement combined tax rate" means the sum of the tax rates: 1525 1526 (a) listed under Subsection (4); and 1527 (b) that are imposed within a local taxing jurisdiction. 1528 (4) "Agreement sales and use tax" means a tax imposed under: 1529 (a) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a)(i): 1530 (b) Section 59-12-204; 1531 (c) Section 59-12-401; 1532 (d) Section 59-12-402; 1533 (e) Section 59-12-501; 1534 (f) Section 59-12-502; (g) Section 59-12-703; 1535 1536 (h) Section 59-12-802; 1537 (i) Section 59-12-804; 1538 (i) Section 59-12-1001; 1539 (k) Section 59-12-1102: 1540 (1) Section 59-12-1302; 1541 (m) Section 59-12-1402; or 1542 (n) Section 59-12-1503. (5) "Aircraft" is as defined in Section 72-10-102. 1543 (6) "Alcoholic beverage" means a beverage that: 1544

1545	(a) is suitable for human consumption; and
1546	(b) contains .5% or more alcohol by volume.
1547	(7) "Area agency on aging" is as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
1548	(8) "Authorized carrier" means:
1549	(a) in the case of vehicles operated over public highways, the holder of credentials
1550	indicating that the vehicle is or will be operated pursuant to both the International Registration
1551	Plan and the International Fuel Tax Agreement;
1552	(b) in the case of aircraft, the holder of a Federal Aviation Administration operating
1553	certificate or air carrier's operating certificate; or
1554	(c) in the case of locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rolling
1555	stock, the holder of a certificate issued by the United States Surface Transportation Board.
1556	(9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), "biomass energy" means any of the
1557	following that is used as the primary source of energy to produce fuel or electricity:
1558	(i) material from a plant or tree; or
1559	(ii) other organic matter that is available on a renewable basis, including:
1560	(A) slash and brush from forests and woodlands;
1561	(B) animal waste;
1562	(C) methane produced:
1563	(I) at landfills; or
1564	(II) as a byproduct of the treatment of wastewater residuals;
1565	(D) aquatic plants; and
1566	(E) agricultural products.
1567	(b) "Biomass energy" does not include:
1568	(i) black liquor;
1569	(ii) treated woods; or
1570	(iii) biomass from municipal solid waste other than methane produced:
1571	(A) at landfills; or
1572	(B) as a byproduct of the treatment of wastewater residuals.
1573	(10) "Certified automated system" means software certified by the governing board of
1574	the agreement in accordance with Section 59-12-102.1 that:
1575	(a) calculates the agreement sales and use tax imposed within a local taxing

1576	jurisdiction:
1577	(i) on a transaction; and
1578	(ii) in the states that are members of the agreement;
1579	(b) determines the amount of agreement sales and use tax to remit to a state that is a
1580	member of the agreement; and
1581	(c) maintains a record of the transaction described in Subsection (10)(a)(i).
1582	(11) "Certified service provider" means an agent certified:
1583	(a) by the governing board of the agreement in accordance with Section 59-12-102.1;
1584	and
1585	(b) to perform all of a seller's sales and use tax functions for an agreement sales and
1586	use tax other than the seller's obligation under Section 59-12-107.4 to remit a tax on the seller's
1587	own purchases.
1588	(12) (a) Subject to Subsection (12)(b), "clothing" means all human wearing apparel
1589	suitable for general use.
1590	(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1591	commission shall make rules:
1592	(i) listing the items that constitute "clothing"; and
1593	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "clothing" under the
1594	agreement.
1595	(13) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(42), "coin-operated amusement device"
1596	means:
1597	(i) a coin-operated amusement, skill, or ride device;
1598	(ii) that is not controlled through seller-assisted, over-the-counter, sales of tokens; and
1599	(iii) includes a music machine, pinball machine, billiard machine, video game machine,
1600	arcade machine, and a mechanical or electronic skill game or ride.
1601	(b) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(42), "coin-operated amusement device" does
1602	not mean a coin-operated amusement device possessing a coinage mechanism that:
1603	(i) accepts and registers multiple denominations of coins; and
1604	(ii) allows the seller to collect the sales and use tax at the time an amusement device is
1605	activated and operated by a person inserting coins into the device.
1606	(14) "Commercial use" means the use of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other

1607	fuels that does not constitute industrial use under Subsection (34) or residential use under
1608	Subsection (63).
1609	(15) (a) "Common carrier" means a person engaged in or transacting the business of
1610	transporting passengers, freight, merchandise, or other property for hire within this state.
1611	(b) (i) "Common carrier" does not include a person who, at the time the person is
1612	traveling to or from that person's place of employment, transports a passenger to or from the
1613	passenger's place of employment.
1614	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (15)(b)(i), in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a,
1615	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules defining what
1616	constitutes a person's place of employment.
1617	(16) "Component part" includes:
1618	(a) poultry, dairy, and other livestock feed, and their components;
1619	(b) baling ties and twine used in the baling of hay and straw;
1620	(c) fuel used for providing temperature control of orchards and commercial
1621	greenhouses doing a majority of their business in wholesale sales, and for providing power for
1622	off-highway type farm machinery; and
1623	(d) feed, seeds, and seedlings.
1624	(17) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information:
1625	(a) (i) in digital form; or
1626	(ii) in a form similar to digital form; and
1627	(b) manipulates that information for a result based on a sequence of instructions.
1628	(18) "Computer software" means a set of coded instructions designed to cause:
1629	(a) a computer to perform a task; or
1630	(b) automatic data processing equipment to perform a task.
1631	(19) "Construction materials" means any tangible personal property that will be
1632	converted into real property.
1633	(20) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to a purchaser by means other than
1634	tangible storage media.
1635	(21) (a) "Delivery charge" means a charge:
1636	(i) by a seller of:
1637	(A) tangible personal property; or

1638	(B) services; and
1639	(ii) for preparation and delivery of the tangible personal property or services described
1640	in Subsection (21)(a)(i) to a location designated by the purchaser.
1641	(b) "Delivery charge" includes a charge for the following:
1642	(i) transportation;
1643	(ii) shipping;
1644	(iii) postage;
1645	(iv) handling;
1646	(v) crating; or
1647	(vi) packing.
1648	(22) "Dietary supplement" means a product, other than tobacco, that:
1649	(a) is intended to supplement the diet;
1650	(b) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
1651	(i) a vitamin;
1652	(ii) a mineral;
1653	(iii) an herb or other botanical;
1654	(iv) an amino acid;
1655	(v) a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total
1656	dietary intake; or
1657	(vi) a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient
1658	described in Subsections (22)(b)(i) through (v);
1659	(c) (i) except as provided in Subsection (22)(c)(ii), is intended for ingestion in:
1660	(A) tablet form;
1661	(B) capsule form;
1662	(C) powder form;
1663	(D) softgel form;
1664	(E) gelcap form; or
1665	(F) liquid form; or
1666	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (22)(c)(i), if the product is not intended for ingestion in
1667	a form described in Subsections (22)(c)(i)(A) through (F), is not represented:
1668	(A) as conventional food; and

1669	(B) for use as a sole item of:
1670	(I) a meal; or
1671	(II) the diet; and
1672	(d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement:
1673	(i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and
1674	(ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36.
1675	(23) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States
1676	mail or other delivery service:
1677	(i) to:
1678	(A) a mass audience; or
1679	(B) addressees on a mailing list provided by a purchaser of the mailing list; and
1680	(ii) if the cost of the printed material is not billed directly to the recipients.
1681	(b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a
1682	purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material.
1683	(c) "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a
1684	single address.
1685	(24) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a
1686	compound, substance, or preparation that is:
1687	(i) recognized in:
1688	(A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;
1689	(B) the official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States;
1690	(C) the official National Formulary; or
1691	(D) a supplement to a publication listed in Subsections (24)(a)(i)(A) through (C);
1692	(ii) intended for use in the:
1693	(A) diagnosis of disease;
1694	(B) cure of disease;
1695	(C) mitigation of disease;
1696	(D) treatment of disease; or
1697	(E) prevention of disease; or
1698	(iii) intended to affect:
1699	(A) the structure of the body; or

1700	(B) any function of the body.
1701	(b) "Drug" does not include:
1702	(i) food and food ingredients;
1703	(ii) a dietary supplement;
1704	(iii) an alcoholic beverage; or
1705	(iv) a prosthetic device.
1706	(25) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (25)(c), "durable medical equipment" means
1707	equipment that:
1708	(i) can withstand repeated use;
1709	(ii) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
1710	(iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury;
1711	(iv) is not worn in or on the body;
1712	(v) is listed as eligible for payment under:
1713	(A) Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act; or
1714	(B) the state plan for medical assistance under Title XIX of the federal Social Security
1715	Act; and
1716	(vi) is used for home use only.
1717	(b) "Durable medical equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of the
1718	equipment described in Subsection (25)(a).
1719	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (25)(a), "durable medical equipment" does not include
1720	mobility enhancing equipment.
1721	(26) "Electronic" means:
1722	(a) relating to technology; and
1723	(b) having:
1724	(i) electrical capabilities;
1725	(ii) digital capabilities;
1726	(iii) magnetic capabilities;
1727	(iv) wireless capabilities;
1728	(v) optical capabilities;
1729	(vi) electromagnetic capabilities; or
1730	(vii) capabilities similar to Subsections (26)(b)(i) through (vi).

1731	(27) (a) "Food and food ingredients" means substances:
1732	(i) regardless of whether the substances are in:
1733	(A) liquid form;
1734	(B) concentrated form;
1735	(C) solid form;
1736	(D) frozen form;
1737	(E) dried form; or
1738	(F) dehydrated form; and
1739	(ii) that are:
1740	(A) sold for:
1741	(I) ingestion by humans; or
1742	(II) chewing by humans; and
1743	(B) consumed for the substance's:
1744	(I) taste; or
1745	(II) nutritional value.
1746	(b) "Food and food ingredients" does not include:
1747	(i) an alcoholic beverage;
1748	(ii) tobacco; or
1749	(iii) prepared food.
1750	(28) (a) "Fundraising sales" means sales:
1751	(i) (A) made by a school; or
1752	(B) made by a school student;
1753	(ii) that are for the purpose of raising funds for the school to purchase equipment,
1754	materials, or provide transportation; and
1755	(iii) that are part of an officially sanctioned school activity.
1756	(b) For purposes of Subsection (28)(a)(iii), "officially sanctioned school activity"
1757	means a school activity:
1758	(i) that is conducted in accordance with a formal policy adopted by the school or school
1759	district governing the authorization and supervision of fundraising activities;
1760	(ii) that does not directly or indirectly compensate an individual teacher or other
1761	educational personnel by direct payment, commissions, or payment in kind; and

1762	(iii) the net or gross revenues from which are deposited in a dedicated account
1763	controlled by the school or school district.
1764	(29) "Geothermal energy" means energy contained in heat that continuously flows
1765	outward from the earth that is used as the sole source of energy to produce electricity.
1766	(30) "Governing board of the agreement" means the governing board of the agreement
1767	that is:
1768	(a) authorized to administer the agreement; and
1769	(b) established in accordance with the agreement.
1770	(31) (a) "Hearing aid" means:
1771	(i) an instrument or device having an electronic component that is designed to:
1772	(A) (I) improve impaired human hearing; or
1773	(II) correct impaired human hearing; and
1774	(B) (I) be worn in the human ear; or
1775	(II) affixed behind the human ear;
1776	(ii) an instrument or device that is surgically implanted into the cochlea; or
1777	(iii) a telephone amplifying device.
1778	(b) "Hearing aid" does not include:
1779	(i) except as provided in Subsection (31)(a)(i)(B) or (31)(a)(ii), an instrument or device
1780	having an electronic component that is designed to be worn on the body;
1781	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (31)(a)(iii), an assistive listening device or system
1782	designed to be used by one individual, including:
1783	(A) a personal amplifying system;
1784	(B) a personal FM system;
1785	(C) a television listening system; or
1786	(D) a device or system similar to a device or system described in Subsections
1787	(31)(b)(ii)(A) through (C) ; or
1788	(iii) an assistive listening device or system designed to be used by more than one
1789	individual, including:
1790	(A) a device or system installed in:
1791	(I) an auditorium;
1792	(II) a church;

1793	(III) a conference room;
1794	(IV) a synagogue; or
1795	(V) a theater; or
1796	(B) a device or system similar to a device or system described in Subsections
1797	(31)(b)(iii)(A)(I) through (V) .
1798	(32) (a) "Hearing aid accessory" means a hearing aid:
1799	(i) component;
1800	(ii) attachment; or
1801	(iii) accessory.
1802	(b) "Hearing aid accessory" includes:
1803	(i) a hearing aid neck loop;
1804	(ii) a hearing aid cord;
1805	(iii) a hearing aid ear mold;
1806	(iv) hearing aid tubing;
1807	(v) a hearing aid ear hook; or
1808	(vi) a hearing aid remote control.
1809	(c) "Hearing aid accessory" does not include:
1810	(i) a component, attachment, or accessory designed to be used only with an:
1811	(A) instrument or device described in Subsection (31)(b)(i); or
1812	(B) assistive listening device or system described in Subsection (31)(b)(ii) or (iii); or
1813	(ii) a hearing aid battery.
1814	(33) "Hydroelectric energy" means water used as the sole source of energy to produce
1815	electricity.
1816	(34) "Industrial use" means the use of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or
1817	other fuels:
1818	(a) in mining or extraction of minerals;
1819	(b) in agricultural operations to produce an agricultural product up to the time of
1820	harvest or placing the agricultural product into a storage facility, including:
1821	(i) commercial greenhouses;
1822	(ii) irrigation pumps;
1823	(iii) farm machinery;

1824	(iv) implements of husbandry as defined in Subsection 41-1a-102(23) that are not
1825	registered under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Part 2, Registration; and
1826	(v) other farming activities;
1827	(c) in manufacturing tangible personal property at an establishment described in SIC
1828	Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal
1829	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget; or
1830	(d) by a scrap recycler if:
1831	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
1832	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
1833	products:
1834	(A) iron;
1835	(B) steel;
1836	(C) nonferrous metal;
1837	(D) paper;
1838	(E) glass;
1839	(F) plastic;
1840	(G) textile; or
1841	(H) rubber; and
1842	(ii) the new products under Subsection (34)(d)(i) would otherwise be made with
1843	nonrecycled materials.
1844	(35) (a) "Lease" or "rental" means a transfer of possession or control of tangible
1845	personal property for:
1846	(i) (A) a fixed term; or
1847	(B) an indeterminate term; and
1848	(ii) consideration.
1849	(b) "Lease" or "rental" includes an agreement covering a motor vehicle and trailer if the
1850	amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized
1851	upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in Section 7701(h)(1), Internal Revenue
1852	Code.
1853	(c) "Lease" or "rental" does not include:
1854	(i) a transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or

1855	deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required
1856	payments;
1857	(ii) a transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement:
1858	(A) that requires the transfer of title upon completion of required payments; and
1859	(B) in which the payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of:
1860	(I) \$100; or
1861	(II) 1% of the total required payments; or
1862	(iii) providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed period of
1863	time or an indeterminate period of time if the operator is necessary for equipment to perform as
1864	designed.
1865	(d) For purposes of Subsection (35)(c)(iii), an operator is necessary for equipment to
1866	perform as designed if the operator's duties exceed the:
1867	(i) set-up of tangible personal property;
1868	(ii) maintenance of tangible personal property; or
1869	(iii) inspection of tangible personal property.
1870	(36) "Load and leave" means delivery to a purchaser by use of a tangible storage media
1871	if the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser.
1872	(37) "Local taxing jurisdiction" means a:
1873	(a) county that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax;
1874	(b) city that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax; or
1875	(c) town that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax.
1876	(38) "Manufactured home" is as defined in Section [58-56-3] 61-2f-103.
1877	(39) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(14), "manufacturing facility" means:
1878	(a) an establishment described in SIC Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard
1879	Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
1880	Management and Budget; or
1881	(b) a scrap recycler if:
1882	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
1883	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
1884	products:
1885	(A) iron:

1886	(B) steel;
1887	(C) nonferrous metal;
1888	(D) paper;
1889	(E) glass;
1890	(F) plastic;
1891	(G) textile; or
1892	(H) rubber; and
1893	(ii) the new products under Subsection (39)(b)(i) would otherwise be made with
1894	nonrecycled materials.
1895	(40) "Mobile home" is as defined in Section [58-56-3] <u>61-2f-103</u> .
1896	(41) "Mobile telecommunications service" is as defined in the Mobile
1897	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
1898	(42) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (42)(c), "mobility enhancing equipment"
1899	means equipment that is:
1900	(i) primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move from one
1901	place to another;
1902	(ii) appropriate for use in a:
1903	(A) home; or
1904	(B) motor vehicle;
1905	(iii) not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and
1906	(iv) listed as eligible for payment under:
1907	(A) Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act; or
1908	(B) the state plan for medical assistance under Title XIX of the federal Social Security
1909	Act.
1910	(b) "Mobility enhancing equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of
1911	the equipment described in Subsection (42)(a).
1912	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (42)(a), "mobility enhancing equipment" does not
1913	include:
1914	(i) a motor vehicle;
1915	(ii) equipment on a motor vehicle if that equipment is normally provided by the motor
1916	vehicle manufacturer;

1917	(iii) durable medical equipment; or
1918	(iv) a prosthetic device.
1919	(43) "Model 1 seller" means a seller that has selected a certified service provider as the
1920	seller's agent to perform all of the seller's sales and use tax functions for agreement sales and
1921	use taxes other than the seller's obligation under Section 59-12-107.4 to remit a tax on the
1922	seller's own purchases.
1923	(44) "Model 2 seller" means a seller that:
1924	(a) except as provided in Subsection (44)(b), has selected a certified automated system
1925	to perform the seller's sales tax functions for agreement sales and use taxes; and
1926	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (44)(a), retains responsibility for remitting all of the
1927	sales tax:
1928	(i) collected by the seller; and
1929	(ii) to the appropriate local taxing jurisdiction.
1930	(45) (a) Subject to Subsection (45)(b), "model 3 seller" means a seller that has:
1931	(i) sales in at least five states that are members of the agreement;
1932	(ii) total annual sales revenues of at least \$500,000,000;
1933	(iii) a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax:
1934	(A) for an agreement sales and use tax; and
1935	(B) due to each local taxing jurisdiction; and
1936	(iv) entered into a performance agreement with the governing board of the agreement.
1937	(b) For purposes of Subsection (45)(a), "model 3 seller" includes an affiliated group of
1938	sellers using the same proprietary system.
1939	(46) "Modular home" means a modular unit as defined in Section [58-56-3] 61-2f-103.
1940	(47) "Motor vehicle" is as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
1941	(48) (a) "Other fuels" means products that burn independently to produce heat or
1942	energy.
1943	(b) "Other fuels" includes oxygen when it is used in the manufacturing of tangible
1944	personal property.
1945	(49) "Person" includes any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association,
1946	corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, syndicate, this state, any county, city,
1947	municipality, district, or other local governmental entity of the state, or any group or

1948	combination acting as a unit.
1949	(50) "Place of primary use":
1950	(a) for telephone service other than mobile telecommunications service, means the
1951	street address representative of where the purchaser's use of the telephone service primarily
1952	occurs, which shall be:
1953	(i) the residential street address of the purchaser; or
1954	(ii) the primary business street address of the purchaser; or
1955	(b) for mobile telecommunications service, is as defined in the Mobile
1956	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
1957	(51) "Postproduction" means an activity related to the finishing or duplication of a
1958	medium described in Subsection 59-12-104(60)(a).
1959	(52) (a) "Prepared food" means:
1960	(i) food:
1961	(A) sold in a heated state; or
1962	(B) heated by a seller;
1963	(ii) two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single
1964	item; or
1965	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (52)(c), food sold with an eating utensil provided
1966	by the seller, including a:
1967	(A) plate;
1968	(B) knife;
1969	(C) fork;
1970	(D) spoon;
1971	(E) glass;
1972	(F) cup;
1973	(G) napkin; or
1974	(H) straw.
1975	(b) "Prepared food" does not include:
1976	(i) food that a seller only:
1977	(A) cuts;
1978	(B) repackages; or

1979	(C) pasteurizes; or
1980	(ii) (A) the following:
1981	(I) raw egg;
1982	(II) raw fish;
1983	(III) raw meat;
1984	(IV) raw poultry; or
1985	(V) a food containing an item described in Subsections (52)(b)(ii)(A)(I) through (IV);
1986	and
1987	(B) if the Food and Drug Administration recommends in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the
1988	Food and Drug Administration's Food Code that a consumer cook the items described in
1989	Subsection (52)(b)(ii)(A) to prevent food borne illness.
1990	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (52)(a)(iii), an eating utensil provided by the seller
1991	does not include the following used to transport the food:
1992	(i) a container; or
1993	(ii) packaging.
1994	(53) "Prescription" means an order, formula, or recipe that is issued:
1995	(a) (i) orally;
1996	(ii) in writing;
1997	(iii) electronically; or
1998	(iv) by any other manner of transmission; and
1999	(b) by a licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of a state.
2000	(54) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (54)(b)(ii) or (iii), "prewritten computer
2001	software" means computer software that is not designed and developed:
2002	(i) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
2003	(ii) to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
2004	(b) "Prewritten computer software" includes:
2005	(i) a prewritten upgrade to computer software if the prewritten upgrade to the computer
2006	software is not designed and developed:
2007	(A) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
2008	(B) to the specifications of a specific purchaser;
2009	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (54)(a), computer software designed and developed by

2010	the author or other creator of the computer software to the specifications of a specific purchaser
2011	if the computer software is sold to a person other than the purchaser; or
2012	(iii) notwithstanding Subsection (54)(a) and except as provided in Subsection (54)(c),
2013	prewritten computer software or a prewritten portion of prewritten computer software:
2014	(A) that is modified or enhanced to any degree; and
2015	(B) if the modification or enhancement described in Subsection (54)(b)(iii)(A) is
2016	designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
2017	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (54)(b)(iii), "prewritten computer software" does not
2018	include a modification or enhancement described in Subsection (54)(b)(iii) if the charges for
2019	the modification or enhancement are:
2020	(i) reasonable; and
2021	(ii) separately stated on the invoice or other statement of price provided to the
2022	purchaser.
2023	(55) (a) "Prosthetic device" means a device that is:
2024	(i) worn on or in the body to:
2025	(A) artificially replace a missing portion of the body;
2026	(B) prevent or correct a physical deformity or physical malfunction; or
2027	(C) support a weak or deformed portion of the body; and
2028	(ii) listed as eligible for payment under:
2029	(A) Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act; or
2030	(B) the state plan for medical assistance under Title XIX of the federal Social Security
2031	Act.
2032	(b) "Prosthetic device" includes:
2033	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovation of a prosthetic device; or
2034	(ii) replacement parts for a prosthetic device.
2035	(c) "Prosthetic device" does not include:
2036	(i) corrective eyeglasses;
2037	(ii) contact lenses;
2038	(iii) hearing aids; or
2039	(iv) dental prostheses.
2040	(56) (a) "Protective equipment" means an item:

2041	(i) for human wear; and
2042	(ii) that is:
2043	(A) designed as protection:
2044	(I) to the wearer against injury or disease; or
2045	(II) against damage or injury of other persons or property; and
2046	(B) not suitable for general use.
2047	(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2048	commission shall make rules:
2049	(i) listing the items that constitute "protective equipment"; and
2050	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "protective equipment"
2051	under the agreement.
2052	(57) (a) "Purchase price" and "sales price" mean the total amount of consideration:
2053	(i) valued in money; and
2054	(ii) for which tangible personal property or services are:
2055	(A) sold;
2056	(B) leased; or
2057	(C) rented.
2058	(b) "Purchase price" and "sales price" include:
2059	(i) the seller's cost of the tangible personal property or services sold;
2060	(ii) expenses of the seller, including:
2061	(A) the cost of materials used;
2062	(B) a labor cost;
2063	(C) a service cost;
2064	(D) interest;
2065	(E) a loss;
2066	(F) the cost of transportation to the seller; or
2067	(G) a tax imposed on the seller;
2068	(iii) a charge by the seller for any service necessary to complete the sale;
2069	(iv) a delivery charge; or
2070	(v) an installation charge.
2071	(c) "Purchase price" and "sales price" do not include:

2072	(i) a discount:
2073	(A) in a form including:
2074	(I) cash;
2075	(II) term; or
2076	(III) coupon;
2077	(B) that is allowed by a seller;
2078	(C) taken by a purchaser on a sale; and
2079	(D) that is not reimbursed by a third party; or
2080	(ii) the following if separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document
2081	provided to the purchaser:
2082	(A) the amount of a trade-in;
2083	(B) the following from credit extended on the sale of tangible personal property or
2084	services:
2085	(I) interest charges;
2086	(II) financing charges; or
2087	(III) carrying charges; or
2088	(C) a tax or fee legally imposed directly on the consumer.
2089	(58) "Purchaser" means a person to whom:
2090	(a) a sale of tangible personal property is made; or
2091	(b) a service is furnished.
2092	(59) "Regularly rented" means:
2093	(a) rented to a guest for value three or more times during a calendar year; or
2094	(b) advertised or held out to the public as a place that is regularly rented to guests for
2095	value.
2096	(60) "Renewable energy" means:
2097	(a) biomass energy;
2098	(b) hydroelectric energy;
2099	(c) geothermal energy;
2100	(d) solar energy; or
2101	(e) wind energy.
2102	(61) (a) "Renewable energy production facility" means a facility that:

2103	(i) uses renewable energy to produce electricity; and
2104	(ii) has a production capacity of 20 kilowatts or greater.
2105	(b) A facility is a renewable energy production facility regardless of whether the
2106	facility is:
2107	(i) connected to an electric grid; or
2108	(ii) located on the premises of an electricity consumer.
2109	(62) "Rental" is as defined in Subsection (35).
2110	(63) "Residential use" means the use in or around a home, apartment building, sleeping
2111	quarters, and similar facilities or accommodations.
2112	(64) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means a sale, lease, or rental for a purpose other
2113	than:
2114	(a) resale;
2115	(b) sublease; or
2116	(c) subrent.
2117	(65) (a) "Retailer" means any person engaged in a regularly organized business in
2118	tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), and
2119	who is selling to the user or consumer and not for resale.
2120	(b) "Retailer" includes commission merchants, auctioneers, and any person regularly
2121	engaged in the business of selling to users or consumers within the state.
2122	(66) (a) "Sale" means any transfer of title, exchange, or barter, conditional or
2123	otherwise, in any manner, of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
2124	Subsection 59-12-103(1), for consideration.
2125	(b) "Sale" includes:
2126	(i) installment and credit sales;
2127	(ii) any closed transaction constituting a sale;
2128	(iii) any sale of electrical energy, gas, services, or entertainment taxable under this
2129	chapter;
2130	(iv) any transaction if the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the
2131	title as security for the payment of the price; and
2132	(v) any transaction under which right to possession, operation, or use of any article of
2133	tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and the transfer of possession

2134	would be taxable if an outright sale were made.
2135	(67) "Sale at retail" is as defined in Subsection (64).
2136	(68) "Sale-leaseback transaction" means a transaction by which title to tangible
2137	personal property that is subject to a tax under this chapter is transferred:
2138	(a) by a purchaser-lessee;
2139	(b) to a lessor;
2140	(c) for consideration; and
2141	(d) if:
2142	(i) the purchaser-lessee paid sales and use tax on the purchaser-lessee's initial purchase
2143	of the tangible personal property;
2144	(ii) the sale of the tangible personal property to the lessor is intended as a form of
2145	financing:
2146	(A) for the property; and
2147	(B) to the purchaser-lessee; and
2148	(iii) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the purchaser-lessee
2149	is required to:
2150	(A) capitalize the property for financial reporting purposes; and
2151	(B) account for the lease payments as payments made under a financing arrangement.
2152	(69) "Sales price" is as defined in Subsection (57).
2153	(70) (a) "Sales relating to schools" means the following sales by, amounts paid to, or
2154	amounts charged by a school:
2155	(i) sales that are directly related to the school's educational functions or activities
2156	including:
2157	(A) the sale of:
2158	(I) textbooks;
2159	(II) textbook fees;
2160	(III) laboratory fees;
2161	(IV) laboratory supplies; or
2162	(V) safety equipment;
2163	(B) the sale of a uniform, protective equipment, or sports or recreational equipment
2164	that:

2165	(I) a student is specifically required to wear as a condition of participation in a
2166	school-related event or school-related activity; and
2167	(II) is not readily adaptable to general or continued usage to the extent that it takes the
2168	place of ordinary clothing;
2169	(C) sales of the following if the net or gross revenues generated by the sales are
2170	deposited into a school district fund or school fund dedicated to school meals:
2171	(I) food and food ingredients; or
2172	(II) prepared food; or
2173	(D) transportation charges for official school activities; or
2174	(ii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
2175	event or school-related activity.
2176	(b) "Sales relating to schools" does not include:
2177	(i) bookstore sales of items that are not educational materials or supplies;
2178	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (70)(a)(i)(B):
2179	(A) clothing;
2180	(B) clothing accessories or equipment;
2181	(C) protective equipment; or
2182	(D) sports or recreational equipment; or
2183	(iii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
2184	event or school-related activity if the amounts paid or charged are passed through to a person:
2185	(A) other than a:
2186	(I) school;
2187	(II) nonprofit organization authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
2188	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; or
2189	(III) nonprofit association authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
2190	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; and
2191	(B) that is required to collect sales and use taxes under this chapter.
2192	(c) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2193	commission may make rules defining the term "passed through."
2194	(71) For purposes of this section and Section 59-12-104, "school" means:
2195	(a) an elementary school or a secondary school that:

2196	(i) is a:
2197	(A) public school; or
2198	(B) private school; and
2199	(ii) provides instruction for one or more grades kindergarten through 12; or
2200	(b) a public school district.
2201	(72) "Seller" means a person that makes a sale, lease, or rental of:
2202	(a) tangible personal property; or
2203	(b) a service.
2204	(73) (a) "Semiconductor fabricating or processing materials" means tangible personal
2205	property:
2206	(i) used primarily in the process of:
2207	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor; or
2208	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
2209	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor; or
2210	(ii) consumed primarily in the process of:
2211	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor; or
2212	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
2213	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor.
2214	(b) "Semiconductor fabricating or processing materials" includes:
2215	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovations of tangible personal property described in
2216	Subsection (73)(a); or
2217	(ii) a chemical, catalyst, or other material used to:
2218	(A) produce or induce in a semiconductor a:
2219	(I) chemical change; or
2220	(II) physical change;
2221	(B) remove impurities from a semiconductor; or
2222	(C) improve the marketable condition of a semiconductor.
2223	(74) "Senior citizen center" means a facility having the primary purpose of providing
2224	services to the aged as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
2225	(75) "Simplified electronic return" means the electronic return:
2226	(a) described in Section 318(C) of the agreement; and

2227	(b) approved by the governing board of the agreement.
2228	(76) "Solar energy" means the sun used as the sole source of energy for producing
2229	electricity.
2230	(77) (a) "Sports or recreational equipment" means an item:
2231	(i) designed for human use; and
2232	(ii) that is:
2233	(A) worn in conjunction with:
2234	(I) an athletic activity; or
2235	(II) a recreational activity; and
2236	(B) not suitable for general use.
2237	(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2238	commission shall make rules:
2239	(i) listing the items that constitute "sports or recreational equipment"; and
2240	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "sports or recreational
2241	equipment" under the agreement.
2242	(78) "State" means the state of Utah, its departments, and agencies.
2243	(79) "Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property or any
2244	other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), in this state for any purpose except
2245	sale in the regular course of business.
2246	(80) (a) "Tangible personal property" means personal property that:
2247	(i) may be:
2248	(A) seen;
2249	(B) weighed;
2250	(C) measured;
2251	(D) felt; or
2252	(E) touched; or
2253	(ii) is in any manner perceptible to the senses.
2254	(b) "Tangible personal property" includes:
2255	(i) electricity;
2256	(ii) water;
2257	(iii) gas;

2258	(iv) steam; or
2259	(v) prewritten computer software.
2260	(81) (a) "Telephone service" means a two-way transmission:
2261	(i) by:
2262	(A) wire;
2263	(B) radio;
2264	(C) lightwave; or
2265	(D) other electromagnetic means; and
2266	(ii) of one or more of the following:
2267	(A) a sign;
2268	(B) a signal;
2269	(C) writing;
2270	(D) an image;
2271	(E) sound;
2272	(F) a message;
2273	(G) data; or
2274	(H) other information of any nature.
2275	(b) "Telephone service" includes:
2276	(i) mobile telecommunications service;
2277	(ii) private communications service; or
2278	(iii) automated digital telephone answering service.
2279	(c) "Telephone service" does not include a service or a transaction that a state or a
2280	political subdivision of a state is prohibited from taxing as of July 1, 2001, under the Internet
2281	Tax Freedom Act, Pub. L. No. 105-277.
2282	(82) Notwithstanding where a call is billed or paid, "telephone service address" means:
2283	(a) if the location described in this Subsection (82)(a) is known, the location of the
2284	telephone service equipment:
2285	(i) to which a call is charged; and
2286	(ii) from which the call originates or terminates;
2287	(b) if the location described in Subsection (82)(a) is not known but the location
2288	described in this Subsection (82)(b) is known, the location of the origination point of the signal

2289	of the telephone service first identified by:
2290	(i) the telecommunications system of the seller; or
2291	(ii) if the system used to transport the signal is not that of the seller, information
2292	received by the seller from its service provider; or
2293	(c) if the locations described in Subsection (82)(a) or (b) are not known, the location of
2294	a purchaser's primary place of use.
2295	(83) (a) "Telephone service provider" means a person that:
2296	(i) owns, controls, operates, or manages a telephone service; and
2297	(ii) engages in an activity described in Subsection (83)(a)(i) for the shared use with or
2298	resale to any person of the telephone service.
2299	(b) A person described in Subsection (83)(a) is a telephone service provider whether or
2300	not the Public Service Commission of Utah regulates:
2301	(i) that person; or
2302	(ii) the telephone service that the person owns, controls, operates, or manages.
2303	(84) "Tobacco" means:
2304	(a) a cigarette;
2305	(b) a cigar;
2306	(c) chewing tobacco;
2307	(d) pipe tobacco; or
2308	(e) any other item that contains tobacco.
2309	(85) (a) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property
2310	under Subsection 59-12-103(1), incident to the ownership or the leasing of that property, item,
2311	or service.
2312	(b) "Use" does not include the sale, display, demonstration, or trial of that property in
2313	the regular course of business and held for resale.
2314	(86) (a) Subject to Subsection (86)(b), "vehicle" means the following that are required
2315	to be titled, registered, or titled and registered:
2316	(i) an aircraft as defined in Section 72-10-102;
2317	(ii) a vehicle as defined in Section 41-1a-102;
2318	(iii) an off-highway vehicle as defined in Section 41-22-2; or
2319	(iv) a vessel as defined in Section 41-1a-102.

2320	(b) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(35) only, "vehicle" includes:
2321	(i) a vehicle described in Subsection (86)(a); or
2322	(ii) (A) a locomotive;
2323	(B) a freight car;
2324	(C) railroad work equipment; or
2325	(D) other railroad rolling stock.
2326	(87) "Vehicle dealer" means a person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or
2327	exchanging a vehicle as defined in Subsection (86).
2328	(88) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (88)(b), "waste energy facility" means a
2329	facility that generates electricity:
2330	(i) using as the primary source of energy waste materials that would be placed in a
2331	landfill or refuse pit if it were not used to generate electricity, including:
2332	(A) tires;
2333	(B) waste coal; or
2334	(C) oil shale; and
2335	(ii) in amounts greater than actually required for the operation of the facility.
2336	(b) "Waste energy facility" does not include a facility that incinerates:
2337	(i) municipal solid waste;
2338	(ii) hospital waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c; or
2339	(iii) medical/infectious waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c.
2340	(89) "Watercraft" means a vessel as defined in Section 73-18-2.
2341	(90) "Wind energy" means wind used as the sole source of energy to produce
2342	electricity.
2343	(91) "ZIP Code" means a Zoning Improvement Plan Code assigned to a geographic
2344	location by the United States Postal Service.
2345	Section 31. Section 61-2e-101 , which is renumbered from Section 58-55-101 is
2346	renumbered and amended to read:
2347	CHAPTER 2e. UTAH CONSTRUCTION TRADES LICENSING ACT
2348	Part 1. General Provisions
2349	[58-55-101]. <u>61-2e-101.</u> Title.
2350	This chapter is known as the "Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act."

2351	Section 32. Section 61-2e-102 , which is renumbered from Section 58-55-102 is
2352	renumbered and amended to read:
2353	[58-55-102]. <u>61-2e-102.</u> Definitions.
2354	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
2355	(1) (a) "Alarm business or company" means a person engaged in the sale, installation,
2356	maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring of an alarm system,
2357	except as provided in Subsection (1)(b).
2358	(b) "Alarm business or company" does not include:
2359	(i) a person engaged in the manufacture and sale of alarm systems when:
2360	(A) that person is not engaged in the installation, maintenance, alteration, repair,
2361	replacement, servicing, or monitoring of alarm systems[-,]; and
2362	(B) the manufacture or sale:
2363	(I) occurs only at a place of business established by the person engaged in the
2364	manufacture or sale; and
2365	(II) does not involve site visits at the place or intended place of installation of an alarm
2366	system; or
2367	(ii) an owner of an alarm system, or an employee of the owner of an alarm system who
2368	is engaged in installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring
2369	of the alarm system owned by that owner.
2370	(2) "Alarm company agent" means any individual employed within this state by a
2371	person engaged in the alarm business.
2372	(3) "Alarm system" means equipment and devices assembled for the purpose of:
2373	(a) detecting and signaling unauthorized intrusion or entry into or onto certain
2374	premises; or
2375	(b) signaling a robbery or attempted robbery on protected premises.
2376	(4) "Apprentice electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as an
2377	apprentice electrician who is learning the electrical trade under approved supervision of:
2378	(a) a master electrician[- ;]:
2379	(b) a residential master electrician[-,];
2380	(c) a journeyman electrician[-]; or
2381	(d) a residential journeyman electrician.

(i) a person who builds:

2382	(5) "Apprentice plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as an apprentice
2383	plumber who is learning the plumbing trade under approved supervision of a journeyman
2384	plumber.
2385	(6) "Approved supervision" means the immediate supervision of apprentices by
2386	qualified licensed electricians or plumbers as a part of a planned program of training.
2387	(7) "Board" means one of the following created in Section 61-2e-201:
2388	(a) the Electrician Licensing Board[;];
2389	(b) Alarm System Security and Licensing Board[;]; or
2390	(c) Plumbers Licensing Board [created in Section 58-55-201].
2391	(8) "Combustion system" means an assembly consisting of:
2392	(a) piping and components with a means for conveying, either continuously or
2393	intermittently, natural gas from the outlet of the natural gas provider's meter to the burner of the
2394	appliance;
2395	(b) the electric control and combustion air supply and venting systems; and
2396	(c) components intended to achieve control of quantity, flow, and pressure.
2397	(9) "Commission" means the Construction Services Commission created under Section
2398	[58-55-103] <u>61-2e-103</u> .
2399	(10) "Construction trade" means any trade or occupation involving:
2400	(a) construction, alteration, remodeling, repairing, wrecking or demolition, addition to,
2401	or improvement of any building, highway, road, railroad, dam, bridge, structure, excavation or
2402	other project, development, or improvement to other than personal property; or
2403	(b) installation or repair of a residential or commercial natural gas appliance or
2404	combustion system.
2405	(11) "Construction trades instructor" means a person licensed under this chapter to
2406	teach one or more construction trades in both a classroom and project environment, where a
2407	project is intended for sale to or use by the public and is completed under the direction of the
2408	instructor, who has no economic interest in the project.
2409	(12) (a) "Contractor" means any person who for compensation other than wages as an
2410	employee undertakes any work in the construction, plumbing, or electrical trade for which
2411	licensure is required under this chapter and includes:

2413	(A) any structure on [his] the person's own property for the purpose of sale; or [who
2414	builds]
2415	(B) any structure intended for public use on [his] the person's own property;
2416	(ii) any person who represents himself to be a contractor by advertising or any other
2417	means;
2418	(iii) any person engaged as a maintenance person, other than an employee, who
2419	regularly engages in activities set forth under the definition of "construction trade";
2420	(iv) any person engaged in any construction trade for which licensure is required under
2421	this chapter; or
2422	(v) a construction manager who performs management and counseling services on a
2423	construction project for a fee.
2424	(b) "Contractor" does not include an alarm company or alarm company agent.
2425	(13) "Department" means the Department of Commerce.
2426	(14) "Director" means the director of the Division of Real Estate.
2427	(15) "Division" means the Division of Real Estate.
2428	[(13)] (16) (a) "Electrical trade" means the performance of any electrical work involved
2429	in the installation, construction, alteration, change, repair, removal, or maintenance of facilities,
2430	buildings, or appendages or appurtenances.
2431	(b) "Electrical trade" does not include:
2432	(i) transporting or handling electrical materials;
2433	(ii) preparing clearance for raceways for wiring; or
2434	(iii) work commonly done by unskilled labor on any installations under the exclusive
2435	control of electrical utilities.
2436	(c) For purposes of Subsection [(13)] <u>(16)</u> (b):
2437	(i) no more than one unlicensed person may be so employed unless more than five
2438	licensed electricians are employed by the shop; and
2439	(ii) a shop may not employ unlicensed persons in excess of the five-to-one ratio
2440	permitted by this Subsection [$\frac{(13)}{(16)}$] $\frac{(16)}{(16)}$ (c).
2441	[(14)] (17) "Employee" means an individual as defined by the division by rule giving
2442	consideration to the definition adopted by the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of
2443	Workforce Services.

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- [(15)] (18) "Engage in a construction trade" means to: 2444
- (a) engage in, represent oneself to be engaged in, or advertise oneself as being engaged 2446 in a construction trade; or
 - (b) use the name "contractor" or "builder" or in any other way lead a reasonable person to believe one is or will act as a contractor.
 - [(16)] (19) (a) "Financial responsibility" means a demonstration of a current and expected future condition of financial solvency evidencing a reasonable expectation to the division and the board that an applicant or licensee can successfully engage in business as a contractor without jeopardy to the public health, safety, and welfare.
 - (b) Financial responsibility may be determined by an evaluation of the total history concerning the licensee or applicant including past, present, and expected condition and record of financial solvency and business conduct.
 - [(17)] (20) "Gas appliance" means any device that uses natural gas to produce light, heat, power, steam, hot water, refrigeration, or air conditioning.
 - [(18)] (21) (a) "General building contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a general building contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform or superintend construction of structures for the support, shelter, and enclosure of persons, animals, chattels, or movable property of any kind or any of the components of that construction except plumbing, electrical work, mechanical work, and manufactured housing installation, for which the general building contractor shall employ the services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that a general building contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and multifamily residences up to four units may perform the mechanical work and hire a licensed plumber or electrician as an employee.
 - (b) The division may by rule exclude general building contractors from engaging in the performance of other construction specialties in which there is represented a substantial risk to the public health, safety, and welfare, and for which a license is required unless that general building contractor holds a valid license in that specialty classification.
 - [(19)] (22) (a) "General engineering contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a general engineering contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform construction of fixed works in any of the following:

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                (i) irrigation[;];
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                (ii) drainage[-];
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                (iii) water[-];
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                (iv) power[-];
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                (v) water supply[-];
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                (vi) flood control[,];
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                (vii) inland waterways[,];
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                (viii) harbors[-];
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                (ix) railroads[-];
2484
                (x) highways[<del>,</del>];
2485
                (xi) tunnels[<del>,</del>];
2486
                (xii) airports and runways[-];
2487
                (xiii) sewers and bridges[-];
2488
                (xiv) refineries[;];
2489
                (xv) pipelines[<del>,</del>];
2490
                (xvi) chemical and industrial plants requiring specialized engineering knowledge and
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        skill[<del>,</del>];
2492
                (xvii) piers[, and];
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                (xviii) foundations[7]; or
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                (xix) any of the components of [those] the works described in this Subsection (23).
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                (b) A general engineering contractor may not perform construction of structures built
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        primarily for the support, shelter, and enclosure of persons, animals, and chattels.
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                [(20)] (23) "Immediate supervision" means reasonable direction, oversight, inspection,
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        and evaluation of the work of a person, in or out of the immediate presence of the supervising
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        person, so as to ensure that the end result complies with applicable standards.
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                [(21)] (24) "Individual" means a natural person.
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                [(22)] (25) "Journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
        iourneyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to wire,
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        install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes.
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                [(23)] (26) "Journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
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        journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge
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to engage in the plumbing trade.

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[(24)] (27) "Master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a master electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan, layout, and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes.

- 2511 $[\frac{(25)}{(28)}]$ (28) "Person" means:
- 2512 (a) a natural person $[\frac{1}{2}]$;
- 2513 (b) a sole proprietorship[-];
- 2514 (c) a joint venture[;];
- 2515 <u>(d) a corporation[-,];</u>
- 2516 (e) a limited liability company[-];
- 2517 (f) an association[-]; or
- 2518 (g) an organization of any type.
- [(26)] (29) (a) "Plumbing trade" means the performance of any mechanical work pertaining to the installation, alteration, change, repair, removal, maintenance, or use in buildings, or within three feet beyond the outside walls of buildings of pipes, fixtures, and fittings for:
- 2523 (i) delivery of the water supply;
 - (ii) discharge of liquid and water carried waste; or
 - (iii) the building drainage system within the walls of the building.
 - (b) "Plumbing trade" includes work pertaining to the water supply, distribution pipes, fixtures and fixture traps, soil, waste and vent pipes, and the building drain and roof drains together with their devices, appurtenances, and connections where installed within the outside walls of the building.
 - [(27)] (30) (a) "Ratio of apprentices" means, for the purpose of determining compliance with the requirements for planned programs of training and electrician apprentice licensing applications, the shop ratio of apprentice electricians to journeyman or master electricians shall be one journeyman or master electrician to one apprentice on industrial and commercial work, and one journeyman or master electrician to three apprentices on residential work.
 - (b) On-the-job training shall be under circumstances in which the ratio of apprentices

to supervisors is in accordance with a ratio of one-to-one on nonresidential work and up to three apprentices to one supervisor on residential projects.

[(28)] (31) "Residential and small commercial contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential and small commercial contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform or superintend the construction of single-family residences, multifamily residences up to four units, and commercial construction of not more than three stories above ground and not more than 20,000 square feet, or any of the components of that construction except plumbing, electrical work, mechanical work, and manufactured housing installation, for which the residential and small commercial contractor shall employ the services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that a residential and small commercial contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and multifamily residences up to four units may perform the mechanical work and hire a licensed plumber or electrician as an employee.

[(29)] (32) "Residential apprentice plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential apprentice plumber who is learning the residential plumbing trade while working on residential buildings under the approved supervision of a residential journeyman plumber or a journeyman plumber.

[(30)] (33) "Residential building," as it relates to the license classification of residential apprentice plumber and residential journeyman plumber, means a single or multiple family dwelling of up to four units.

[(31)] (34) "Residential journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential journeyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to wire, install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes on buildings using primarily nonmetallic sheath cable.

[(32)] (35) "Residential journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to engage in the plumbing trade as limited to the plumbing of residential buildings.

[(33)] (36) "Residential master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential master electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan, layout, and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes on residential

2568	projects.
2569	[(34)

[(34)] (37) "Residential project," as it relates to an electrician or electrical contractor, means buildings primarily wired with nonmetallic sheathed cable, in accordance with standard rules and regulations governing this work, including the National Electrical Code, and in which the voltage does not exceed 250 volts line to line and 125 volts to ground.

[(35)] (38) "Specialty contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter under a specialty contractor classification established by rule, who is qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform those construction trades and crafts requiring specialized skill, the regulation of which are determined by the division to be in the best interest of the public health, safety, and welfare. A specialty contractor may perform work in crafts or trades other than those in which [he] the specialty contractor is licensed if they are incidental to the performance of [his] the speciality contractor's licensed craft or trade.

[(36)] (39) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in [Sections 58-1-501 and 58-55-501] Section 61-2e-501.

[(37)] (40) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in [Sections 58-1-501 and 58-55-502] Section 61-2e-502 and as may be further defined by rule.

[(38)] (41) "Wages" means amounts due to an employee for labor or services whether the amount is fixed or ascertained on a time, task, piece, commission, or other basis for calculating the amount.

Section 33. Section **61-2e-103**, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-103 is renumbered and amended to read:

[58-55-103]. 61-2e-103. Construction Services Commission created -- Functions -- Appointment -- Qualifications and terms of members -- Vacancies -- Expenses -- Meetings.

- (1) (a) There is created within the division the Construction Services Commission.
- (b) The commission shall:
- (i) with the concurrence of the director, make reasonable rules under Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer and enforce this chapter which are consistent with this chapter including:
 - (A) licensing of various licensees;
- 2598 (B) examination requirements and administration of the examinations, to include

2599	approving and establishing a passing score for applicant examinations;
2600	(C) standards of supervision for students or persons in training to become qualified to
2601	obtain a license in the trade they represent; and
2602	(D) standards of conduct for various licensees;
2603	(ii) approve or disapprove fees adopted by the division under Section 63-38-3.2;
2604	(iii) except where the boards conduct them, conduct all administrative hearings not
2605	delegated to an administrative law judge relating to the licensing of any applicant;
2606	(iv) except as otherwise provided in Sections 38-11-207 and [58-55-503] <u>61-2e-503</u> ,
2607	with the concurrence of the director, impose sanctions against licensees and certificate holders
2608	with the same authority as the division under Section [58-1-401] 61-2e-401;
2609	(v) advise the director on the administration and enforcement of any matters affecting
2610	the division and the construction industry;
2611	(vi) advise the director on matters affecting the division budget;
2612	(vii) advise and assist trade associations in conducting construction trade seminars and
2613	industry education and promotion; and
2614	(viii) perform other duties as provided by this chapter.
2615	[(2) (a) Initially the commission shall be comprised of the five members of the
2616	Contractors Licensing Board and two of the three chair persons from the Plumbers Licensing
2617	Board, the Alarm System Security and Licensing Board, and the Electricians Licensing Board.]
2618	[(b) The terms of office of the commission members who are serving on the
2619	Contractors Licensing Board shall continue as they serve on the commission.]
2620	[(c)] (2) [Beginning July 1, 2004, the] The commission shall be comprised of nine
2621	members appointed by the executive director with the approval of the governor from the
2622	following groups:
2623	[(i)] (a) one member shall be a licensed general engineering contractor;
2624	[(ii)] (b) one member shall be a licensed general building contractor;
2625	[(iii)] (c) two members shall be licensed residential and small commercial contractors;
2626	[(iv)] (d) three members shall be the three chair persons from:
2627	(i) the Plumbers Licensing Board[7];
2628	(ii) the Alarm System Security and Licensing Board[7]; and
2629	(iii) the Electricians Licensing Board; and

- 02-11-05 11:02 AM 1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 302 2630 [(v)] (e) two members shall be from the general public[, provided, however that the certified public accountant on the Contractors Licensing Board will continue to serve until the 2631 2632 current term expires, after which both members under this Subsection (2)(c)(v)(d) shall be 2633 appointed from the general public]. 2634 (3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current commission 2635 members expire, the executive director with the approval of the governor shall appoint each 2636 new member or reappointed member to a four-year term ending June 30. 2637 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the executive director with 2638 the approval of the governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the 2639 length of terms to stagger the terms of commission members so that approximately 1/2 of the 2640 commission members are appointed every two years. 2641 (c) A commission member may not serve more than two consecutive terms. 2642 (4) The commission shall elect annually one of its members as chair, for a term of one 2643 year. 2644 (5) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be 2645 appointed for the unexpired term. 2646 (6) (a) Members may not receive compensation or benefits for their services, but may 2647
- receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the members' official duties at 2648 the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (b) Members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
 - (7) (a) The commission shall meet at least monthly unless the director determines otherwise.
 - (b) The director may call additional meetings:
 - (i) at the director's discretion[7];

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- (ii) upon the request of the chair[-]; or
- 2655 (iii) upon the written request of four or more commission members.
 - (8) (a) Five members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
- 2657 (b) If a quorum is present when a vote is taken, the affirmative vote of commission 2658 members present is the act of the commission.
 - (9) The commission shall comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 13, Chapter 1, Department of Commerce, and Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures

2661	Act, in all of its adjudicative proceedings.
2662	Section 34. Section 61-2e-104 is enacted to read:
2663	61-2e-104. Adjudicative proceedings.
2664	(1) The division, the commission, and the boards created under this chapter shall
2665	comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 13, Chapter 1, Department of
2666	Commerce, and Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, in all of their
2667	adjudicative proceedings as defined by Subsection 63-46b-2(1).
2668	(2) Before proceeding under Section 63-46b-20, the division shall review the proposed
2669	action with a committee of no less than three licensees appointed by the chair of the licensing
2670	board created under this chapter for the profession of the person against whom the action is
2671	proposed.
2672	(3) Notwithstanding Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, a warning
2673	or final disposition letter that does not constitute disciplinary action against the addressee,
2674	issued in response to a complaint of unprofessional or unlawful conduct under this chapter,
2675	does not constitute an adjudicative proceeding.
2676	Section 35. Section 61-2e-201, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-201 is
2677	renumbered and amended to read:
2678	Part 2. Boards
2679	[58-55-201]. <u>61-2e-201.</u> Boards created Duties.
2680	(1) There is created a Plumbers Licensing Board, an Alarm System Security and
2681	Licensing Board, and an Electricians Licensing Board. Members of the boards shall be
2682	selected to provide representation as [follows] provided in this Subsection (1):
2683	(a) The Plumbers Licensing Board consists of five members as follows:
2684	(i) four members shall be licensed journeyman plumbers, of whom two shall be
2685	licensed plumbing contractors; and
2686	(ii) one member shall be from the public at large with no history of involvement in the
2687	construction trades.
2688	(b) (i) The Alarm System Security and Licensing Board consists of five members as
2689	follows:
2690	(A) three individuals who are officers or owners of a licensed alarm business;
2691	(B) one individual from among nominees of the Utah Peace Officers Association; and

2692	(C) one individual representing the general public.
2693	(ii) The Alarm System Security and Licensing Board shall designate one of its
2694	members on a permanent or rotating basis to:
2695	(A) assist the division in reviewing complaints concerning the unlawful or
2696	unprofessional conduct of a licensee; and
2697	(B) advise the division in its investigation of [these] the complaints described in
2698	Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A).
2699	(iii) A board member who has[, under Subsection (3),] reviewed a complaint or
2700	advised in its investigation is disqualified from participating with the board when the board
2701	serves as a presiding officer in an adjudicative proceeding concerning the complaint.
2702	(c) The Electricians Licensing Board consists of five members as follows:
2703	(i) two members shall be licensed from among the license classifications of master or
2704	journeyman electrician, of whom:
2705	(A) one shall represent a union organization; and
2706	(B) one shall be selected having no union affiliation;
2707	(ii) two shall be licensed electrical contractors of whom:
2708	(A) one shall represent a union organization; and
2709	(B) one shall be selected having no union affiliation; and
2710	(iii) one member shall be from the public at large with no history of involvement in the
2711	construction trades or union affiliation.
2712	(2) (a) The executive director shall appoint the members of the boards created by this
2713	section.
2714	(b) In appointing these members the executive director shall give consideration to
2715	recommendations by members of the respective occupations and professions and by their
2716	organizations.
2717	(c) The names of all persons appointed to boards shall be submitted to the governor for
2718	confirmation or rejection. If an appointee is rejected by the governor, the executive director
2719	shall appoint another person in the same manner as set forth in Subsection (2)(a).
2720	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current board members
2721	expire, the executive director shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a
2722	four-year term.

2723	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the executive director shall,
2724	at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms
2725	of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
2726	years.
2727	(c) A board member may not serve more than two consecutive terms, and a board
2728	member who ceases to serve on a board may not serve again on that board until after the
2729	expiration of a two-year period beginning from that cessation of service.
2730	(d) (i) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall
2731	be appointed for the unexpired term.
2732	(ii) After filling that term, the replacement member may be appointed for only one
2733	additional full term.
2734	(e) If a board member fails or refuses to fulfill the responsibilities and duties of a board
2735	member, including the attendance at board meetings, the executive director with the approval
2736	of the board may remove the board member and replace the member in accordance with this
2737	section.
2738	[(2)] (4) The duties, functions, and responsibilities of each board include the following:
2739	(a) recommending to the commission appropriate rules;
2740	(b) recommending to the commission policy and budgetary matters;
2741	(c) approving and establishing a passing score for applicant examinations;
2742	(d) overseeing the screening of applicants for licensing, renewal, reinstatement, and
2743	relicensure;
2744	(e) assisting the commission in establishing standards of supervision for students or
2745	persons in training to become qualified to obtain a license in the occupation or profession it
2746	represents; and
2747	(f) acting as presiding officer in conducting hearings associated with the adjudicative
2748	proceedings and in issuing recommended orders when so authorized by the commission.
2749	(5) A majority of the board members constitutes a quorum. A quorum is sufficient
2750	authority for the board to act.
2751	(6) (a) A member who is not a government employee shall receive no compensation or
2752	benefits for the member's services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the
2753	performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance

2754	under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
2755	(b) A member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the member's service.
2756	(7) Each board shall annually designate one of its members to serve as chair for a
2757	one-year period.
2758	(8) A board member may not be a member of the faculty of or have any financial
2759	interest in any vocational or professional college or school which provides continuing
2760	education to any licensee if that continuing education is required by statute or rule.
2761	Section 36. Section 61-2e-301, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-301 is
2762	renumbered and amended to read:
2763	Part 3. Licensing
2764	[58-55-301]. <u>61-2e-301.</u> License required License classifications
2765	Denial.
2766	(1) (a) Any person engaged in the construction trades licensed under this chapter, as a
2767	contractor regulated under this chapter, as an alarm business or company, or as an alarm
2768	company agent, shall become licensed under this chapter before engaging in that trade or
2769	contracting activity in this state unless specifically exempted from licensure under Section
2770	[58-1-307 or 58-55-305] <u>61-2e-305</u> .
2771	(b) The license issued under this chapter and the business license issued by the local
2772	jurisdiction in which the licensee has its principal place of business shall be the only licenses
2773	required for the licensee to engage in a trade licensed by this chapter, within the state.
2774	(c) Neither the state nor any of its political subdivisions may require of a licensee any
2775	additional business licenses, registrations, certifications, contributions, donations, or anything
2776	else established for the purpose of qualifying a licensee under this chapter to do business in that
2777	local jurisdiction, except for:
2778	(i) contract prequalification procedures required by state agencies[7]; or
2779	(ii) the payment of any fee for the license, registration, or certification established as a
2780	condition to do business in that local jurisdiction.
2781	(2) The division shall issue licenses under this chapter to qualified persons in the
2782	following classifications:
2783	(a) general engineering contractor;
2784	(b) general building contractor;

2785	(c) residential and small commercial contractor;
2786	(d) specialty contractor;
2787	(e) journeyman plumber;
2788	(f) apprentice plumber;
2789	(g) residential journeyman plumber;
2790	(h) residential apprentice plumber;
2791	(i) master electrician;
2792	(j) residential master electrician;
2793	(k) journeyman electrician;
2794	(l) residential journeyman electrician;
2795	(m) apprentice electrician;
2796	(n) construction trades instructor:
2797	(i) general engineering classification;
2798	(ii) general building classification;
2799	(iii) electrical classification;
2800	(iv) plumbing classification; and
2801	(v) mechanical classification;
2802	(o) alarm company; and
2803	(p) alarm company agent.
2804	(3) An applicant may apply for a license in one or more classification or specialty
2805	contractor subclassification. A license shall be granted in each classification or
2806	subclassification for which the applicant qualifies. A separate application and fee must be
2807	submitted for each license classification or subclassification.
2808	(4) (a) Each license applicant shall apply to the division in writing upon forms
2809	available from the division. Each completed application shall:
2810	(i) contain documentation of the particular qualifications required of the applicant;
2811	(ii) include the applicant's Social Security number;
2812	(iii) be verified by the applicant; and
2813	(iv) be accompanied by the appropriate fees.
2814	(b) An applicant's Social Security number is a private record under Subsection
2815	<u>63-2-302(1)(h).</u>

2816	(5) (a) A license shall be issued to an applicant who submits a complete application if
2817	the division determines that the applicant meets the qualifications of licensure.
2818	(b) A written notice of additional proceedings shall be provided to an applicant who
2819	submits a complete application, but who has been, is, or will be placed under investigation by
2820	the division for conduct directly bearing upon the applicant's qualifications for licensure, if the
2821	outcome of additional proceedings is required to determine the division's response to the
2822	application.
2823	(c) A written notice of denial of licensure shall be provided to an applicant who
2824	submits a complete application if the division determines that the applicant does not meet the
2825	qualifications of licensure.
2826	(d) A written notice of incomplete application and conditional denial of licensure shall
2827	be provided to an applicant who submits an incomplete application. This notice shall advise
2828	the applicant that the application:
2829	(i) is incomplete; and
2830	(ii) is denied, unless the applicant:
2831	(A) corrects the deficiencies within the time period specified in the notice; and
2832	(B) otherwise meets all qualifications for licensure.
2833	(6) Before any person is issued a license under this title, all requirements for that
2834	license as established under this chapter and by rule shall be met.
2835	(7) If all requirements are met for the specific license, the division shall issue the
2836	<u>license.</u>
2837	Section 37. Section 61-2e-302 , which is renumbered from Section 58-55-302 is
2838	renumbered and amended to read:
2839	[58-55-302]. <u>61-2e-302.</u> Qualifications for licensure.
2840	(1) Each applicant for a license under this chapter shall:
2841	(a) submit an application prescribed by the division;
2842	(b) pay a fee as determined by the department under Section 63-38-3.2;
2843	(c) (i) meet the examination requirements established by rule by the commission with
2844	the concurrence of the director, except for the classifications of apprentice plumber, residential
2845	apprentice plumber, and apprentice electrician for whom no examination is required; or
2846	(ii) if required in Section [58-55-304] 61-2e-304, the individual qualifier must pass the

2047	required examination if the applicant is a business entity;
2848	(d) if an apprentice, identify the proposed supervisor of the apprenticeship;
2849	(e) if an applicant for a contractor's license:
2850	(i) produce satisfactory evidence of financial responsibility, except for a construction
2851	trades instructor for whom evidence of financial responsibility is not required;
2852	(ii) produce satisfactory evidence of knowledge and experience in the construction
2853	industry and knowledge of the principles of the conduct of business as a contractor, reasonably
2854	necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare; and
2855	(iii) (A) be a licensed master electrician if an applicant for an electrical contractor's
2856	license; or
2857	(B) a licensed master residential electrician if an applicant for a residential electrical
2858	contractor's license; or
2859	(iv) be a journeyman plumber or residential journeyman plumber if an applicant for a
2860	plumbing contractor's license; and
2861	(f) if an applicant for a construction trades instructor license, satisfy any additional
2862	requirements established by rule.
2863	(2) After approval of an applicant for a contractor's license by the applicable board and
2864	the division, the applicant shall file the following with the division before the division issues
2865	the license:
2866	(a) proof of workers' compensation insurance which covers employees of the applicant
2867	in accordance with applicable Utah law;
2868	(b) proof of public liability insurance in coverage amounts and form established by rule
2869	except for a construction trades instructor for whom public liability insurance is not required;
2870	and
2871	(c) proof of registration as required by applicable law with the:
2872	(i) Utah Department of Commerce;
2873	(ii) Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
2874	(iii) Division of Workforce Information and Payment Services in the Department of
2875	Workforce Services, for purposes of Title 35A, Chapter 4, Employment Security Act;
2876	(iv) State Tax Commission; and
2877	(v) Internal Revenue Service.

2878 (3) In addition to the general requirements for each applicant in Subsection (1), 2879 applicants shall comply with the following requirements to be licensed in the [following] 2880 classifications of this Subsection (3): 2881 (a) A journeyman plumber applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence of: 2882 (i) successful completion of the equivalent of at least four years of full-time training 2883 and instruction as a licensed apprentice plumber under supervision of a licensed journeyman 2884 plumber and in accordance with a planned program of training approved by the division; 2885 (ii) at least eight years of full-time experience approved by the division in collaboration 2886 with the Plumbers Licensing Board; or 2887 (iii) satisfactory evidence of meeting the qualifications determined by the board to be 2888 equivalent to Subsection (3)(a)(i) or (a)(ii). 2889 (b) A residential journeyman plumber shall produce satisfactory evidence of: 2890 (i) completion of the equivalent of at least three years of full-time training and 2891 instruction as a licensed apprentice plumber under the supervision of a licensed residential 2892 journeyman plumber or licensed journeyman plumber in accordance with a planned program of 2893 training approved by the division; 2894 (ii) completion of at least six years of full-time experience in a maintenance or repair 2895 trade involving substantial plumbing work; or 2896 (iii) meeting the qualifications determined by the board to be equivalent to Subsection 2897 (3)(b)(i) or (b)(ii). 2898 (c) (i) A master electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that the 2899 applicant: 2900 (A) (I) is a graduate electrical engineer of an accredited college or university approved 2901 by the division; and 2902 (II) has one year of practical electrical experience as a licensed apprentice electrician; 2903 (B) (I) is a graduate of an electrical trade school, having received an associate of 2904 applied sciences degree following successful completion of a course of study approved by the 2905 division[-]; and 2906 (II) has two years of practical experience as a licensed journeyman electrician; 2907 (C) has four years of practical experience as a journeyman electrician; or 2908 (D) meets the qualifications determined by the board to be equivalent to Subsection

(3)(c)(i)(A), (B), or (C).

- (ii) (A) An individual holding a valid Utah license as a master electrician, based on at least eight years of practical experience as a licensed apprentice under the supervision of a licensed journeyman or master electrician, in effect immediately prior to May 3, 2004, is on and after May 3, 2004, considered to hold a current license under this chapter and satisfies the requirements of this Subsection (3)(c) for the purpose of renewal or reinstatement of that license under Section [58-55-303] 61-2e-303.
- (B) An individual who has less than four years of practical experience as a licensed apprentice under the supervision of a licensed journeyman or master electrician prior to May 3, 2004, shall complete the education requirements of Subsection (3)(c)(i)(A) or (B) to qualify for licensing as a master electrician.
- (C) An individual who has more than four but less than six years of practical experience as a licensed apprentice under the supervision of a licensed journeyman or master electrician prior to May 3, 2004, may satisfy the education requirements of Subsection (3)(c)(i)(A) or (B) by successfully passing a competency placement test approved by the board and administered at a Utah state institution of higher education.
- (D) An individual who has more than six but less than eight years of practical experience as a licensed apprentice under the supervision of a licensed journeyman or master electrician prior to May 3, 2004, satisfies the education requirements of this Subsection (3)(c) by completing the eight-year term of practical experience within a reasonable time frame subsequent to May 3, 2004, as established by board rule in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (d) A master residential electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that the applicant:
- (i) has at least two years of practical experience as a residential journeyman electrician; or
- (ii) meets the qualifications determined by the board to be equivalent to this practical experience.
- (e) (i) A journeyman electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that the applicant:
 - (A) has successfully completed at least four years of full-time training and instruction

as a licensed apprentice electrician under the supervision of a master electrician or journeyman electrician and in accordance with a planned training program approved by the division;

- (B) has at least eight years of full-time experience approved by the division in collaboration with the Electricians Licensing Board; or
- (C) meets the qualifications determined by the board to be equivalent to Subsection (3)(e)(i)(A) or (B).
- (ii) An individual holding a valid Utah license as a journeyman electrician, based on at least six years of full-time experience approved by the division in collaboration with the Electricians Licensing Board in effect immediately prior to May 3, 2004, is on and after May 3, 2004, considered to hold a current license under this chapter and satisfies the requirements of Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B) for the purpose of renewal or reinstatement of that license under Section [58-55-303] 61-2e-303.
- (iii) An individual who has more than six but less than eight years of full-time experience approved by the division in collaboration with the Electricians Licensing Board prior to May 3, 2004, satisfies the requirements of Subsection (3)(e)(i) by completing the eight-year term of practical experience within a reasonable time frame subsequent to May 3, 2004, as established by board rule <u>made</u> in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (f) A residential journeyman electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that the applicant:
- (i) has successfully completed two years of training in an electrical training program approved by the division;
- (ii) has four years of practical experience in wiring, installing, and repairing electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, and power under the supervision of a licensed master, journeyman, residential master, or residential journeyman electrician; or
- (iii) meets the qualifications determined by the division and applicable board to be equivalent to Subsection (3)(f)(i) or (ii).
- (g) The conduct of licensed apprentice electricians and their licensed supervisors shall be in accordance with the [following] requirements of this Subsection (3)(g):
- (i) A licensed apprentice electrician shall be under the immediate supervision of a licensed master, journeyman, residential master, or residential journeyman electrician. An

2971	apprentice in the fourth year of training may work without supervision for a period not to
2972	exceed eight hours in any 24-hour period.

- (ii) A licensed master, journeyman, residential master, or residential journeyman electrician may have under immediate supervision on a residential project up to three licensed apprentice electricians.
- (iii) A licensed master or journeyman electrician may have under immediate supervision on nonresidential projects only one licensed apprentice electrician.
 - (h) An alarm company applicant shall:
- (i) have a qualifying agent who is an officer, director, partner, proprietor, or manager of the applicant who:
 - (A) demonstrates 6,000 hours of experience in the alarm company business;
- (B) demonstrates 2,000 hours of experience as a manager or administrator in the alarm company business or in a construction business; and
- (C) passes an examination component established by rule by the commission with the concurrence of the director;
 - (ii) if a corporation, provide:
- (A) the names, addresses, dates of birth, Social Security numbers, and fingerprint cards of all corporate officers, directors, and those responsible management personnel employed within the state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state; and
- (B) the names, addresses, dates of birth, Social Security numbers, and fingerprint cards of all shareholders owning 5% or more of the outstanding shares of the corporation, except this [shall not be] is not required if the stock is publicly listed and traded;
 - (iii) if a limited liability company, provide:
- (A) the names, addresses, dates of birth, Social Security numbers, and fingerprint cards of all company officers, and those responsible management personnel employed within the state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state; and
- (B) the names, addresses, dates of birth, Social Security numbers, and fingerprint cards of all individuals owning 5% or more of the equity of the company;
 - (iv) if a partnership, the names, addresses, dates of birth, Social Security numbers, and

fingerprint cards of all general partners, and those responsible management personnel employed within the state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state;

- (v) if a proprietorship, the names, addresses, dates of birth, Social Security numbers, and fingerprint cards of the proprietor, and those responsible management personnel employed within the state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state;
- (vi) be of good moral character in that officers, directors, shareholders described in Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B), partners, proprietors, and responsible management personnel have not been convicted of a felony, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or any other crime that when considered with the duties and responsibilities of an alarm company is considered by the board to indicate that the best interests of the public are served by granting the applicant a license;
- (vii) document that none of the applicant's officers, directors, shareholders described in Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B), partners, proprietors, and responsible management personnel have been declared by any court of competent jurisdiction incompetent by reason of mental defect or disease and not been restored;
- (viii) document that none of the applicant's officers, directors, shareholders described in Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B), partners, proprietors, and responsible management personnel are currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or dependence;
 - (ix) file and maintain with the division evidence of:
- (A) comprehensive general liability insurance in form and in amounts to be established by rule by the commission with the concurrence of the director;
- (B) workers' compensation insurance that covers employees of the applicant in accordance with applicable Utah law; and
 - (C) registration as is required by applicable law with the:
 - (I) Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
- (II) Division of Workforce Information and Payment Services in the Department of Workforce Services, for purposes of Title 35A, Chapter 4, Employment Security Act;
 - (III) State Tax Commission; and
- 3032 (IV) Internal Revenue Service; and

(x) meet with the division and board.

2024	(i) Fight and fight for Property of the Proper
3034	(i) Each applicant for licensure as an alarm company agent shall:
3035	(i) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division accompanied by
3036	fingerprint cards;
3037	(ii) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63-38-3.2;
3038	(iii) be of good moral character in that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony,
3039	a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or any other crime that when considered with the
3040	duties and responsibilities of an alarm company agent is considered by the board to indicate
3041	that the best interests of the public are served by granting the applicant a license;
3042	(iv) not have been declared by any court of competent jurisdiction incompetent by
3043	reason of mental defect or disease and not been restored;
3044	(v) not be currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or
3045	dependence; and
3046	(vi) meet with the division and board if requested by the division or the board.
3047	(4) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3048	division may make rules establishing when Federal Bureau of Investigation records shall be
3049	checked for applicants as an alarm company or alarm company agent.
3050	(5) To determine if an applicant meets the qualifications of Subsections (3)(h)(vi) and
3051	(3)(i)(iii), the division shall provide an appropriate number of copies of fingerprint cards to the
3052	Department of Public Safety with the division's request to:
3053	(a) conduct a search of records of the Department of Public Safety for criminal history
3054	information relating to:
3055	(i) each applicant for licensure as an alarm company or alarm company agent; and
3056	(ii) each applicant's officers, directors, shareholders described in Subsection
3057	(3)(h)(ii)(B), partners, proprietors, and responsible management personnel; and
3058	(b) forward to the Federal Bureau of Investigation a fingerprint card of each applicant
3059	requiring a check of records of the [F.B.I.] Federal Bureau of Investigation for criminal history
3060	information under this section.
3061	(6) The Department of Public Safety shall send to the division:
3062	(a) a written record of criminal history, or certification of no criminal history record, as
3063	contained in the records of the Department of Public Safety in a timely manner after receipt of

a fingerprint card from the division and a request for review of Department of Public Safety records; and

- (b) the results of the [F.B.I.] <u>Federal Bureau of Investigation</u> review concerning an applicant in a timely manner after receipt of information from the [F.B.I.] <u>Federal Bureau of Investigation</u>.
- (7) (a) The division shall charge each applicant for licensure as an alarm company or alarm company agent a fee, in accordance with Section 63-38-3.2, equal to the cost of performing the records reviews under this section.
- (b) The division shall pay the Department of Public Safety the costs of all records reviews, and the Department of Public Safety shall pay the [F.B.I.] Federal Bureau of Investigation the costs of records reviews under this section.
- (8) Information obtained by the division from the reviews of criminal history records of the Department of Public Safety and the [F.B.I.] Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be used or disseminated by the division only for the purpose of determining if an applicant for licensure as an alarm company or alarm company agent is qualified for licensure.
 - (9) (a) An application for licensure under this chapter shall be denied if:
- (i) the applicant has had a previous license, which was issued under this chapter, suspended or revoked within one year prior to the date of the applicant's application;
 - (ii) (A) the applicant is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company; and
- (B) any corporate officer, director, shareholder holding 25% or more of the stock in the applicant, partner, member, agent acting as a qualifier, or any person occupying a similar status, performing similar functions, or directly or indirectly controlling the applicant has served in any similar capacity with any person or entity which has had a previous license, which was issued under this chapter, suspended or revoked within one year prior to the date of the applicant's application; or
 - (iii) (A) the applicant is an individual or sole proprietorship; and
- (B) any owner or agent acting as a qualifier has served in any capacity listed in Subsection (9)(a)(ii)(B) in any entity which has had a previous license, which was issued under this chapter, suspended or revoked within one year prior to the date of the applicant's application.
 - (b) An application for licensure under this chapter shall be reviewed by the appropriate

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- (i) the applicant has had a previous license, which was issued under this chapter, suspended or revoked more than one year prior to the date of the applicant's application;
 - (ii) (A) the applicant is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company; and
- (B) any corporate officer, director, shareholder holding 25% or more of the stock in the applicant, partner, member, agent acting as a qualifier, or any person occupying a similar status, performing similar functions, or directly or indirectly controlling the applicant has served in any similar capacity with any person or entity which has had a previous license, which was issued under this chapter, suspended or revoked more than one year prior to the date of the applicant's application; or
 - (iii) (A) the applicant is an individual or sole proprietorship; and
- (B) any owner or agent acting as a qualifier has served in any capacity listed in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)(B) in any entity which has had a previous license, which was issued under this chapter, suspended or revoked more than one year prior to the date of the applicant's application.
- Section 38. Section **61-2e-303**, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-303 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 3112 [58-55-303]. <u>61-2e-303.</u> Term of license -- Expiration -- Renewal --

3113 **Reinstatement.**

- (1) (a) Each license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year renewal cycle established by rule.
- (b) The division may by rule extend or shorten a renewal period by as much as one year to stagger the renewal cycle it administers.
- (2) At the time of renewal, the licensee shall show satisfactory evidence of continuing financial responsibility as required under Section [58-55-306] 61-2e-306.
 - (3) (a) The expiration date of a license shall be shown on the license.
- 3121 [(3)] (b) Each license automatically expires on the expiration date shown on the license unless the licensee renews the license in accordance with [Section 58-1-308] this section.
- 3123 (c) A license automatically expires before the expiration date shown on the license
 upon the death of a licensee who is a natural person, or upon the dissolution of a licensee that is
 a partnership, corporation, or other business entity.

3126	(d) If the existence of a dissolved partnership, corporation, or other business entity is
3127	reinstated prior to the expiration date shown upon the entity's expired license issued by the
3128	division, the division shall, upon written application, reinstate the applicant's license, unless the
3129	division finds that the applicant no longer meets the qualifications for licensure.
3130	(e) Expiration of licensure is not an adjudicative proceeding under Title 63, Chapter
3131	46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
3132	(4) The requirements of Subsection [58-55-302] 61-2e-302(9) shall also apply to
3133	applicants seeking to renew or reinstate a license.
3134	(5) In addition to any other requirements imposed by law, if a license has been
3135	suspended or revoked for any reason, the applicant must:
3136	(a) pay in full all fines imposed by the division[;];
3137	(b) resolve any outstanding citations or disciplinary actions with the division[7];
3138	(c) satisfy any Section [58-55-503] 61-2e-503 judgment and sentence or nontrial
3139	resolution[,];
3140	(d) complete a new financial responsibility review as required under Section
3141	[58-55-306] <u>61-2e-306</u> , using only titled assets[,]; and
3142	(e) pay in full any reimbursement amount as provided in Title 38, Chapter 11,
3143	Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery Fund Act.
3144	(6) (a) The division shall notify each licensee in accordance with procedures
3145	established by rule that the licensee's license is due for renewal and that unless an application
3146	for renewal is received by the division by the expiration date shown on the license, together
3147	with the appropriate renewal fee and documentation showing completion of or compliance with
3148	renewal qualifications, the license will not be renewed.
3149	(b) Examples of renewal qualifications that by statute or rule the division may require
3150	the licensee to document completion of or compliance with include:
3151	(i) continuing education;
3152	(ii) continuing competency;
3153	(iii) quality assurance;
3154	(iv) utilization plan and protocol;
3155	(v) financial responsibility;
3156	(vi) certification renewal; and

315/	(VII) calibration of equipment.
3158	(7) (a) (i) An application for renewal that complies with Subsection (6) is complete.
3159	(ii) A renewed license shall be issued to an applicant who submits a complete
3160	application, unless it is apparent to the division that the applicant no longer meets the
3161	qualifications for continued licensure.
3162	(b) (i) The division may evaluate or verify documentation showing completion of or
3163	compliance with renewal requirements on an entire population or a random sample basis, and
3164	may be assisted by advisory peer committees.
3165	(ii) If necessary, the division may complete its evaluation or verification subsequent to
3166	renewal and, if appropriate, pursue action to suspend or revoke the license of a licensee who no
3167	longer meets the qualifications for continued licensure.
3168	(c) The application procedures specified in Subsection 61-2e-301(5) apply to renewal
3169	applications to the extent they are not in conflict with this section.
3170	(8) (a) Any license that is not renewed may be reinstated at any time within two years
3171	after nonrenewal upon:
3172	(i) submission of an application for reinstatement;
3173	(ii) payment of the renewal fee together with a reinstatement fee determined by the
3174	division under Section 63-38-3.2; and
3175	(iii) submission of documentation showing completion of or compliance with renewal
3176	qualifications.
3177	(b) The application procedures specified in Subsection 61-2e-301(5) apply to the
3178	reinstatement applications to the extent they are not in conflict with this section.
3179	(c) Except as otherwise provided by rule, a license that is reinstated no later than 120
3180	days after it expires shall be retroactively reinstated to the date it expired.
3181	(9) (a) If not reinstated within two years, the holder may obtain a license only if the
3182	holder meets requirements provided by the division by rule or by statute for a new license.
3183	(b) Each licensee under this chapter who has been active in the licensed occupation or
3184	profession while in the full-time employ of the United States government or under license to
3185	practice that occupation or profession in any other state or territory of the United States may
3186	reinstate the licensee's license without taking an examination by:
3187	(i) submitting an application for reinstatement;

3188	(ii) paying the current annual renewal fee and the reinstatement fee; and
3189	(iii) submitting documentation showing completion of or compliance with any renewal
3190	qualifications at any time within six months after reestablishing domicile within Utah or
3191	terminating full-time government service.
3192	Section 39. Section 61-2e-304, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-304 is
3193	renumbered and amended to read:
3194	[58-55-304]. <u>61-2e-304.</u> Licensee names License number use License
3195	qualifier.
3196	(1) $[No]$ A license may <u>not</u> be issued by the division in a name that is identical to or so
3197	resembles the name of another licensee that the division determines that it may result in
3198	confusion or mistake.
3199	(2) The contractor's license number shall be made a part of all permit applications,
3200	contracts, agreements, or bids when a license is required.
3201	(3) The division may issue a license in the name of an individual or the name of a
3202	business entity for which the individual acts as a qualifier, in accordance with [the following:]
3203	this Subsection (3).
3204	(a) An individual shall:
3205	(i) submit an application in the individual's name;
3206	(ii) demonstrate the individual's own financial responsibility; and
3207	(iii) pass the required examination and meet all other requirements of this chapter.
3208	(b) A business entity shall:
3209	(i) submit the application in the name of and on behalf of the business entity;
3210	(ii) list the individual as the qualifier;
3211	(iii) demonstrate financial responsibility of the business entity if applying for a
3212	contractor's license;
3213	(iv) provide evidence that the individual qualifier has passed the required examination;
3214	and
3215	(v) meet all other requirements of this chapter.
3216	(4) A person acting as a qualifier for a business entity licensee must demonstrate to the
3217	division that the individual is an owner, officer, or manager within that business entity who
3218	exercises material authority in the conduct of that business entity's contracting business by:

- 3219 (a) making substantive technical and administrative decisions relating to the work performed for which a license is required under this chapter;
 - (b) hiring, promoting, transferring, laying off, disciplining, directing, or discharging employees of the licensee either by himself or through others; and
 - (c) not being involved in any other employment or activity which conflicts with the individual's duties and responsibilities to ensure the licensee's performance of work regulated under this chapter does not jeopardize the public health, safety, and welfare.
 - (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (5)(b) and (c), it is the duty and responsibility of the licensee and the qualifier to comply with the provisions of this section. Failure to comply with the requirements of this section may be considered unprofessional conduct by the licensee, the qualifier, or both.
 - (b) (i) If a licensee business entity has maintained its license and has not violated the requirements of this chapter [or Sections 58-55-101 through 58-55-604] for a period of ten consecutive years, the business entity may maintain its license under this chapter by recording an active employee name and registration/license number from the applicable trade on the renewal application in order to comply with the individual qualifier requirements of this section. [However, this]
 - (ii) This Subsection (5)(b) [shall] does not apply if more than 50% of the ownership of the business entity has been transferred at any time during the ten-year period.
 - (c) (i) If a plumbing or electrical business entity has maintained its license and has not violated the requirements of this chapter [or Sections 58-55-101 through 58-55-604] for a period of five consecutive years, the business entity may maintain its license under this chapter by recording an active employee name and registration/license number from the applicable trade on the renewal application in order to comply with the individual qualifier requirements of this section. [However, this]
 - (ii) This Subsection (5)(c) [shall] does not apply if more than 50% of the ownership of the business entity has been transferred at any time during the five-year period.
 - (6) If an individual qualifying on behalf of a business entity issued a license under this chapter ceases association with that entity as required in Subsection (4), the licensee shall notify the division in writing within ten days after cessation of association or employment. If notice is given, the license shall remain in force for 60 days after the date of cessation of

association or employment. The licensee shall replace the original qualifier with another individual qualifier within the 60-day period or the license shall be automatically suspended.

- (7) Failure to notify the division of cessation of association or employment of a qualifier as required in Subsection (6) may result in immediate suspension of the license upon a finding of good cause.
- Section 40. Section **61-2e-305**, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-305 is renumbered and amended to read:

[58-55-305]. 61-2e-305. Exemptions from licensure.

- (1) [In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the] Except as otherwise provided by rule for Subsections (1)(q) through (w), the following persons may engage in acts or practices included within the practice of construction trades, subject to the stated circumstances and limitations, without being licensed under this chapter:
- (a) an authorized representative of the United States government or an authorized employee of the state or any of its political subdivisions when working on construction work of the state or the subdivision, and when acting within the terms of the person's trust, office, or employment;
- (b) a person engaged in construction or operation incidental to the construction and repair of irrigation and drainage ditches of regularly constituted irrigation districts, reclamation districts, and drainage districts or construction and repair relating to farming, dairying, agriculture, livestock or poultry raising, metal and coal mining, quarries, sand and gravel excavations, well drilling, as defined in Subsection 73-3-24(3), hauling to and from construction sites, and lumbering;
- (c) public utilities operating under the rules of the Public Service Commission on construction work incidental to their own business;
 - (d) sole owners of property engaged in building:
- (i) no more than one residential structure per year and no more than three residential structures per five years on their property for their own noncommercial, nonpublic use; except, a person other than the property owner or individuals described in Subsection (1)(e), who engages in building the structure must be licensed under this chapter if the person is otherwise required to be licensed under this chapter; or
 - (ii) structures on their property for their own noncommercial, nonpublic use which are

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3281	incidental to a residential structure on the property, including sheds, carports, or detached
3282	garages;

- (e) (i) a person engaged in construction or renovation of a residential building for noncommercial, nonpublic use if that person:
- (A) works without compensation other than token compensation that is not considered salary or wages; and
- (B) works under the direction of the property owner who engages in building the structure; and
- (ii) for purposes of this Subsection (1)(e), "token compensation" means compensation paid by a sole owner of property exempted from licensure under Subsection (1)(d) to a person exempted from licensure under this Subsection (1)(e), that is:
- (A) minimal in value when compared with the fair market value of the services provided by the person;
 - (B) not related to the fair market value of the services provided by the person; and
- (C) is incidental to providing of services by the person including paying for or providing meals or refreshment while services are being provided, or paying reasonable transportation costs incurred by the person in travel to the site of construction;
- (f) a person engaged in the sale or merchandising of personal property that by its design or manufacture may be attached, installed, or otherwise affixed to real property who has contracted with a person, firm, or corporation licensed under this chapter to install, affix, or attach that property;
- (g) a contractor submitting a bid on a federal aid highway project, if, before undertaking construction under that bid, the contractor is licensed under this chapter;
- (h) (i) a person engaged in the alteration, repair, remodeling, or addition to or improvement of a building with a contracted or agreed value of less than \$1,000, including both labor and materials, and including all changes or additions to the contracted or agreed upon work;
 - (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(h)(i):
- (A) work in the plumbing and electrical trades must be performed by a licensed electrician or plumber except as otherwise provided in this section; and
- 3311 (B) installation, repair, or replacement of a residential or commercial gas appliance or a

installation;

3312	combustion system must be performed by a person who has received certification under
3313	Subsection [58-55-308] <u>61-2e-308</u> (2) except as otherwise provided in Subsection [58-55-308]
3314	<u>61-2e-308(2)(d)</u> or [58-55-308] (3);
3315	(i) a person practicing a specialty contractor classification or construction trade which
3316	is not classified by rule by the director as significantly impacting the public's health, safety, and
3317	welfare;
3318	(j) owners and lessees of property and persons regularly employed for wages by owners
3319	or lessees of property or their agents for the purpose of maintaining the property, are exempt
3320	from this chapter when doing work upon the property;
3321	(k) (i) a person engaged in minor plumbing work incidental to the replacement or
3322	repair of a fixture or an appliance in a residential or small commercial building, or structure
3323	used for agricultural use, as defined in Section [58-56-4] 61-2f-201, provided that no
3324	modification is made to:
3325	(A) existing culinary water, soil, waste, or vent piping; or
3326	(B) a gas appliance or combustion system; and
3327	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), installation for the first time of a fixture or
3328	an appliance is not included in the exemption provided under Subsection (1)(k)(i);
3329	(l) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the plumber licensure requirements
3330	under this chapter when installing or repairing a water conditioner or other water treatment
3331	apparatus if the conditioner or apparatus:
3332	(i) meets the appropriate state construction codes or local plumbing standards; and
3333	(ii) is installed or repaired under the direction of a person authorized to do the work
3334	under an appropriate specialty contractor license;
3335	(m) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the electrician licensure requirements
3336	under this chapter when employed by or under contract with:
3337	(i) railroad corporations, telephone corporations or their corporate affiliates, elevator
3338	contractors or constructors, or street railway systems; or
3339	(ii) public service corporations, rural electrification associations, or municipal utilities
3340	who generate, distribute, or sell electrical energy for light, heat, or power;
3341	(n) a person involved in minor electrical work incidental to a mechanical or service

3343	(o) a student participating in construction trade education and training programs
3344	approved by the commission with the concurrence of the director under the condition that:
3345	(i) all work intended as a part of a finished product on which there would normally be
3346	an inspection by a building inspector is, in fact, inspected and found acceptable by a licensed
3347	building inspector; and
3348	(ii) a licensed contractor obtains the necessary building permits; [and]
3349	(p) a delivery person when replacing any of the following existing equipment with a
3350	new gas appliance, provided there is an existing gas shutoff valve at the appliance:
3351	(i) gas range;
3352	(ii) gas dryer;
3353	(iii) outdoor gas barbeque; or
3354	(iv) outdoor gas patio heater[-];
3355	(q) a person serving in the armed forces of the United States, the United States Public
3356	Health Service, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, or other federal agencies
3357	while engaged in activities regulated under this chapter as a part of employment with that
3358	federal agency if the person holds a valid license to practice a regulated occupation or
3359	profession issued by any other state or jurisdiction recognized by the division;
3360	(r) a student engaged in activities constituting the practice of a regulated occupation or
3361	profession while in training in a recognized school approved by the division to the extent the
3362	activities are supervised by qualified faculty, staff, or designee and the activities are a defined
3363	part of the training program;
3364	(s) an individual engaged in an internship, residency, preceptorship, postceptorship,
3365	fellowship, apprenticeship, or on-the-job training program approved by the division while
3366	under the supervision of qualified persons;
3367	(t) an individual residing in another state and licensed to practice a regulated
3368	occupation or profession in that state, who is called in for a consultation by an individual
3369	licensed in this state, and the services provided are limited to that consultation;
3370	(u) an individual who is invited by a recognized school, association, society, or other
3371	body approved by the division to conduct a lecture, clinic, or demonstration of the practice of a
3372	regulated occupation or profession if the individual does not establish a place of business or
3373	regularly engage in the practice of the regulated occupation or profession in this state;

3374	(v) an individual licensed under the laws of this state, other than under this title, to
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3375	practice or engage in an occupation or profession, while engaged in the lawful, professional,
3376	and competent practice of that occupation or profession; and
3377	(w) an individual licensed and in good standing in another state, who is in this state:
3378	(i) temporarily, under the invitation and control of a sponsoring entity;
3379	(ii) for a reason associated with a special purpose event, based upon needs that may
3380	exceed the ability of this state to address through its licensees, as determined by the division;
3381	<u>and</u>
3382	(iii) for a limited period of time not to exceed the duration of that event, together with
3383	any necessary preparatory and conclusionary periods.
3384	(2) (a) A compliance agency as defined in Subsection [58-56-3(4)] 61-2f-103(4) that
3385	issues a building permit to any person requesting a <u>building</u> permit as a sole owner of property
3386	referred to in Subsection (1)(d) shall notify the division, in writing or through electronic
3387	transmission, of the issuance of the building permit.
3388	(b) The division shall evaluate the effectiveness of the notification requirement under
3389	Subsection (2)(a) and report its findings, including any recommendations for modification to or
3390	termination of the requirement, to the Legislature's Business and Labor Interim Committee
3391	prior to the 2008 General Session.
3392	(3) A practitioner temporarily in this state who is exempted from licensure under
3393	Subsection (1) shall comply with each requirement of the licensing jurisdiction from which the
3394	practitioner derives authority to practice. Violation of any limitation imposed by this section
3395	constitutes grounds for removal of exempt status, denial of license, or other disciplinary
3396	proceedings.
3397	Section 41. Section 61-2e-306, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-306 is
3398	renumbered and amended to read:
3399	[58-55-306]. <u>61-2e-306.</u> Financial responsibility.
3400	(1) An applicant for licensure as a contractor, and a licensee applying for renewal or
3401	reinstatement of a contractor's license shall demonstrate to the division and the commission the
3402	applicant's or licensee's financial responsibility before the issuance of or the renewal or
3403	reinstatement of a license by:
3404	(a) (i) completing a questionnaire developed by the division; and
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3405	(ii) signing the questionnaire, certifying that the information provided is true and
3406	accurate; or
3407	(b) submitting a bond in an amount and form determined by the commission with the
3408	concurrence of the director.
3409	(2) The division may audit an applicant's or licensee's demonstration of financial
3410	responsibility on a random basis or upon finding of a reasonable need.
3411	(3) The burden to demonstrate financial responsibility is upon the applicant or licensee.
3412	Section 42. Section 61-2e-307, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-307 is
3413	renumbered and amended to read:
3414	[58-55-307]. <u>61-2e-307.</u> Confidentiality of records and reports.
3415	(1) [Credit reports] A credit report, financial [statements] statement, and other
3416	information submitted to the division by or at the request and direction of an applicant or
3417	licensee for the purpose of supporting a representation of financial responsibility constitute
3418	protected records under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
3419	Act.
3420	(2) Notwithstanding Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
3421	Management Act, [the records] a record described in Subsection (1) [are] is not:
3422	(a) open for public inspection; and [are not]
3423	(b) subject to discovery in civil or administrative proceedings.
3424	Section 43. Section 61-2e-308, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-308 is
3425	renumbered and amended to read:
3426	[58-55-308]. <u>61-2e-308.</u> Scope of practice Installation, repair, or
3427	replacement of gas appliance or combustion system Rules.
3428	(1) (a) The commission, with the concurrence of the director, may adopt reasonable
3429	rules pursuant to Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define and
3430	limit the scope of practice and operating standards of the classifications and subclassifications
3431	licensed under this chapter in a manner consistent with established practice in the relevant
3432	industry.
3433	(b) The commission and the director may limit the field and scope of operations of a
3434	licensee under this chapter in accordance with the rules and the public health, safety, and
3435	welfare based on the licensee's education training experience knowledge and financial

3436	responsibility.
3437	(2) (a) The work and scope of practice covered by this Subsection (2) is the
3438	installation, repair, or replacement of a residential or commercial gas appliance or combustion
3439	system.
3440	(b) The provisions of this Subsection (2) apply to any:
3441	(i) licensee under this chapter whose license authorizes the licensee to perform the
3442	work described in Subsection (2)(a); and
3443	(ii) person exempt from licensure under Subsection [58-55-305] 61-2e-305(1)(h).
3444	(c) Any person described in Subsection (2)(b) that performs work described in
3445	Subsection (2)(a):
3446	(i) must first receive training and certification as specified in rules adopted by the
3447	division; and
3448	(ii) shall ensure that any employee authorized under other provisions of this chapter to
3449	perform work described in Subsection (2)(a) has first received training and certification as
3450	specified in rules adopted by the division.
3451	(d) The division may exempt from the training requirements adopted under Subsection
3452	(2)(c) a person that has adequate experience, as determined by the division.
3453	(3) The division may exempt the following individuals from the certification
3454	requirements adopted under Subsection (2)(c):
3455	(a) a person who has:
3456	(i) passed a test equivalent to the level of testing required by the division for
3457	certification[,]; or [has]
3458	(ii) completed an apprenticeship program that:
3459	(A) teaches the installation of gas line appliances; and
3460	(B) is approved by the Federal Bureau of Apprenticeship Training; and
3461	(b) a person working under the immediate one-to-one supervision of a certified natural
3462	gas technician or a person exempt from certification.
3463	(4) This section does not prohibit a licensed specialty contractor from accepting and
3464	entering into a contract involving the use of two or more crafts or trades if the performance of
3465	the work in the crafts or trades, other than that in which the contractor is licensed, is incidental
3466	and supplemental to the work for which the contractor is licensed.

3467	Section 44. Section 61-2e-309 , which is renumbered from Section 58-55-310 is
3468	renumbered and amended to read:
3469	[58-55-310]. <u>61-2e-309.</u> Requirements when working for political
3470	subdivision or state agency.
3471	Each political subdivision and agency of the state and each board of education [which]
3472	that requires the issuance of a permit or license as a precondition to the construction, alteration,
3473	improvement, demolition, or other repairs for which a contractor's license is also required
3474	under this chapter shall:
3475	(1) require that each applicant for a permit or license file a signed statement that the
3476	applicant has a current contractor's license with the license number included in the application;
3477	(2) require that any representation of exemption from the contractor's licensing law be
3478	included in the signed statement and that if that exempt person, firm, corporation, association,
3479	or other organization intends to hire a contractor to perform any work under the permit or
3480	license, that the license number of that contractor be included in the application, but if a
3481	contractor has not been selected at the time of the application for a permit or license, the permit
3482	or license shall be issued only on the condition that a currently licensed contractor will be
3483	selected and that the license number of the contractor will be given to the issuing public body
3484	and displayed on the permit or license; and
3485	(3) upon issuance of a permit or license affix the contractor's license number to that
3486	permit or license for public display.
3487	Section 45. Section 61-2e-310, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-311 is
3488	renumbered and amended to read:
3489	[58-55-311]. <u>61-2e-310.</u> Evidence of licensure as alarm company agent.
3490	An individual licensed as an alarm company agent shall:
3491	(1) carry a copy of the individual's license on the individual's person at all times while
3492	acting as a licensee; and
3493	(2) display the license upon the request of:
3494	(a) a peace officer[7];
3495	(b) a representative of the division[5]; or
3496	(c) a representative of a customer of the alarm company.
2407	Section 46 Section 61 20 311 which is renumbered from Section 58 55 312 is

3498	renumbered and amended to read:
3499	[58-55-312]. <u>61-2e-311.</u> Interim permits for alarm company agent.
3500	(1) Upon receipt of a complete application for licensure in accordance with Section
3501	[58-55-302] 61-2e-302, an applicant for licensure as an alarm company agent may be issued an
3502	interim permit.
3503	(2) (a) Each interim permit shall expire the earlier of:
3504	(i) 90 days after it is issued; or
3505	(ii) on the date on which the applicant is issued a license[, whichever is earlier].
3506	(b) The division may reissue an interim permit if the delay in approving a license is
3507	beyond the control or influence of the interim permit holder.
3508	(3) An interim permit holder may engage in the scope of an alarm company agent.
3509	Section 47. Section 61-2e-312 is enacted to read:
3510	61-2e-312. Division access to Bureau of Criminal Identification records.
3511	(1) The division shall have direct access to criminal background information
3512	maintained by the Bureau of Criminal Identification under Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau
3513	of Criminal Identification, for background screening of licensure applicants as required in
3514	Section 61-2e-302 as it applies to alarm companies and alarm company agents.
3515	(2) The division access under Subsection (1) shall be in accordance with Section
3516	<u>53-10-108.</u>
3517	Section 48. Section 61-2e-313 is enacted to read:
3518	61-2e-313. License by endorsement.
3519	(1) The division may issue a license without examination to a person who has been
3520	licensed in any state, district, or territory of the United States or in any foreign country, whose
3521	education, experience, and examination requirements are, or were at the time the license was
3522	issued, equal to those of this state.
3523	(2) Before any person may be issued a license under this section, that person shall
3524	produce satisfactory evidence of the person's qualifications, identity, and good standing in the
3525	person's occupation or profession.
3526	Section 49. Section 61-2e-314 is enacted to read:
3527	61-2e-314. Temporary license.
3528	(1) (a) The division may issue a temporary license to a person who has met all license

3329	requirements except the passing of an examination. In this case:
3530	(i) the licensee shall take the next available examination; and
3531	(ii) the temporary license automatically expires upon release of official examination
3532	results if the applicant fails the examination.
3533	(b) The division may issue a temporary license to a person licensed in another state or
3534	country who is in Utah temporarily to teach or assist a Utah resident licensed to practice an
3535	occupation or profession under this chapter.
3536	(c) The division may issue a temporary license to a person licensed in another state
3537	who met the requirements for licensure in that state, which were equal to or greater than the
3538	requirements for licensure of this state at the time the license was obtained in the other state,
3539	upon a finding by the division, in collaboration with the appropriate board, that the issuance of
3540	a temporary license is necessary to or justified by:
3541	(i) a local or national emergency or any governmental action causing an unusual
3542	circumstance that might be reasonably considered to materially jeopardize the public health,
3543	safety, or welfare if a temporary license is not issued;
3544	(ii) a lack of necessary available services in any community or area of the state from an
3545	occupation or profession licensed under this title, if the lack of services might be reasonably
3546	considered to materially jeopardize the public health, safety, or welfare if a temporary license is
3547	not issued; or
3548	(iii) a need to first observe an applicant for licensure in this state in a monitored or
3549	supervised practice of the applicant's occupation or profession before a decision is made by the
3550	division either to grant or deny the applicant a regular license.
3551	(2) The division may not issue a temporary license to a person who qualifies for one
3552	under Subsection (1)(a) more than three consecutive times within the three-year period
3553	immediately following the issuance of the first temporary license.
3554	(3) The division may not issue a temporary license to a person solely because there is a
3555	competitive advantage enjoyed or a competitive disadvantage suffered by any party caused by
3556	the absence of a licensed person, unless in addition there is or will be a material risk presented
3557	to the public health, safety, or welfare.
3558	Section 50. Section 61-2e-315 is enacted to read:
3559	61-2e-315. Restricted license.

3560	(1) The division may issue a restricted license to an applicant for licensure, renewal, or
3561	reinstatement of licensure if:
3562	(a) the applicant appears to meet the qualifications for licensure, but has engaged in
3563	unlawful, unprofessional, or other conduct bearing upon the applicant's qualifications; and
3564	(b) the division determines the need to observe the applicant in a monitored or
3565	supervised practice of the applicant's occupation or profession or to attach other reasonable
3566	restrictions upon the applicant in order to accommodate licensure, while protecting the public
3567	health, safety, and welfare.
3568	(2) Issuance of a restricted license is considered a partial denial of licensure that is
3569	subject to agency review.
3570	Section 51. Section 61-2e-316 is enacted to read:
3571	61-2e-316. Inactive license.
3572	(1) (a) The commission with the concurrence of the director may adopt rules permitting
3573	inactive licensure.
3574	(b) The rules allowed under this Subsection (1) shall specify:
3575	(i) the requirements and procedures for placing a license on inactive status;
3576	(ii) the length of time a license may remain on inactive status; and
3577	(iii) the requirements and procedures to activate an inactive license.
3578	(2) Except as otherwise specified by rule, an inactive licensee has no right or privilege
3579	to engage in the practice of the licensed occupation or profession.
3580	Section 52. Section 61-2e-317 is enacted to read:
3581	61-2e-317. Surrender of license.
3582	(1) The division may, by written agreement, accept the voluntary surrender of a license
3583	(2) Unless otherwise stated in the written agreement, tender and acceptance of a
3584	voluntary surrender of a license does not foreclose the division from pursuing additional
3585	disciplinary or other action authorized under this chapter or in rules adopted under this chapter.
3586	(3) Unless otherwise stated in the written agreement, tender and acceptance of a
3587	voluntary surrender of a license terminates all rights and privileges associated with the license.
3588	(4) Unless otherwise stated in the written agreement, the surrendered rights and
3589	privileges of licensure may be reacquired only by reapplying for licensure and meeting the
3590	requirements for a new or reinstated license set forth under this chapter or in rules adopted

3591	under this chapter.
3592	(5) Unless otherwise stated in the written agreement, documentation of tender and
3593	acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license is a public record.
3594	(6) Unless otherwise stated in the written agreement, when a tender and acceptance of a
3595	voluntary surrender of a license occurs while adjudicative proceedings are pending against the
3596	licensee for unprofessional or unlawful conduct, the division may report the surrender of a
3597	license to appropriate state and federal agencies and licensing data banks.
3598	Section 53. Section 61-2e-401, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-401 is
3599	renumbered and amended to read:
3600	Part 4. License Denial and Discipline
3601	[58-55-401]. <u>61-2e-401.</u> Grounds for denial of license and disciplinary
3602	proceedings.
3603	[The] (1) In accordance with this section, the division may:
3604	(a) refuse to issue a license to an applicant;
3605	(b) refuse to renew the license of a licensee;
3606	(c) revoke the right of a licensee to recover from the Residence Lien Recovery Fund
3607	created by Section 38-11-201;
3608	(d) revoke, suspend, restrict, or place on probation the license of a licensee;
3609	(e) issue a public or private reprimand to a licensee; and
3610	(f) issue a cease and desist orders order[, in accordance with Section 58-1-401].
3611	(2) If a licensee does not meet the qualifications for licensure under this chapter, the
3612	division shall:
3613	(a) refuse to issue a license to an applicant;
3614	(b) refuse to renew a license;
3615	(c) revoke, suspend, restrict, or place on probation the license of a licensee; or
3616	(d) otherwise act upon the license.
3617	(3) The division may take an action described in Subsection (1) when a person violates
3618	this chapter including in any of the following cases:
3619	(a) the applicant or licensee has engaged in unprofessional conduct as defined by
3620	Section 61-2e-502 or rule under this chapter;
3621	(b) the applicant or licensee has engaged in unlawful conduct as defined by Section

3622	<u>61-2e-501;</u>
3623	(c) the applicant or licensee has been determined to be mentally incompetent for any
3624	reason by a court of competent jurisdiction; or
3625	(d) the applicant or licensee is unable to practice the occupation or profession with
3626	reasonable skill and safety because of:
3627	(i) illness;
3628	(ii) drunkenness;
3629	(iii) excessive use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material; or
3630	(iv) any other mental or physical condition, when the licensee's condition demonstrates
3631	a threat or potential threat to the public health, safety, or welfare.
3632	(4) Any licensee whose license to practice an occupation or profession regulated by
3633	this chapter has been suspended, revoked, or restricted may apply for reinstatement of the
3634	license at reasonable intervals and upon compliance with any conditions imposed upon the
3635	licensee by statute, rule, or terms of the license suspension, revocation, or restriction.
3636	(5) The division may issue cease and desist orders:
3637	(a) to a licensee or applicant who may be disciplined under Subsection (2) or (3);
3638	(b) to any person who engages in or represents himself to be engaged in an occupation
3639	or profession regulated under this chapter; and
3640	(c) to any person who otherwise violates this chapter or any rules adopted under this
3641	chapter.
3642	(6) (a) The division may not take disciplinary action against any person for
3643	unprofessional or unlawful conduct under this chapter, unless the division initiates an
3644	adjudicative proceeding regarding the conduct within four years after the conduct is reported to
3645	the division, except under Subsection (6)(b).
3646	(b) The division may not take disciplinary action against any person for unprofessional
3647	or unlawful conduct more than ten years after the occurrence of the conduct, unless the
3648	proceeding is in response to a civil or criminal judgment or settlement and the proceeding is
3649	initiated within one year following the judgment or settlement.
3650	Section 54. Section 61-2e-402, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-402 is
3651	renumbered and amended to read:
3652	[58-55-402]. <u>61-2e-402.</u> Enforcement Investigation of regulated activity.

3653	(1) The division shall be responsible for the investigation of persons and activities in
3654	violation of the provisions of this chapter.
3655	(2) Investigation by the division shall include investigations of:
3656	(a) licensees engaged in unlawful or unprofessional conduct; and
3657	(b) unlicensed persons engaged in the conduct of activity or work regulated under this
3658	chapter and for which a license is required.
3659	(3) The division shall decline to proceed with investigation of the violation of any
3660	provisions of this chapter if the division finds there is no apparent material jeopardy to the
3661	public health, safety, and welfare.
3662	(4) The division shall have no responsibility for the inspection of construction work
3663	performed in the state to determine compliance with applicable codes, or industry and
3664	workmanship standards, except as provided in Subsections [58-1-501(2)(g), 58-55-502]
3665	61-2e-501(16) and 61-2e-502(2), (3), [and] (4), and [58-55-501(16)] (14).
3666	(5) [Authorized representatives] An authorized representative of the division shall be
3667	permitted to enter upon the premises or site of work regulated under this chapter for the
3668	purpose of determining compliance with [the provisions of] this chapter.
3669	Section 55. Section 61-2e-403, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-403 is
3670	renumbered and amended to read:
3671	[58-55-403]. <u>61-2e-403.</u> Minimum time for division action.
3672	The division has at least five working days after receiving an application for licensure
3673	to determine whether to issue a license under this chapter.
3674	Section 56. Section 61-2e-404 is enacted to read:
3675	61-2e-404. Administrative review Special appeals boards.
3676	(1) (a) Any applicant may submit a request for agency review to the executive director
3677	within 30 days following notification of the denial of a license or refusal to renew or reinstate a
3678	license if the applicant:
3679	(i) has been denied a license to practice on the basis of:
3680	(A) credentials;
3681	(B) character; or
3682	(C) failure to pass a required examination; or
3683	(ii) has been refused renewal or reinstatement of a license to practice on the basis that

3684	the applicant does not meet qualifications for continued licensure in any occupation or
3685	profession governed by this chapter.
3686	(b) The executive director shall determine whether the circumstances for denying an
3687	application for an initial license or for renewal or reinstatement of a license would justify
3688	calling a special appeals board under Subsection (2). The executive director's decision is not
3689	subject to agency review.
3690	(2) A special appeals board shall consist of three members appointed by the executive
3691	director as follows:
3692	(a) one member from the occupation or profession in question who is not on the board
3693	of that occupation or profession;
3694	(b) one member from the general public who is neither an attorney nor a practitioner in
3695	an occupation or profession regulated by the division; and
3696	(c) one member who is a resident lawyer currently licensed to practice law in this state
3697	who shall serve as chair of the special appeals board.
3698	(3) The special appeals board shall comply with the procedures and requirements of
3699	Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, in its proceedings.
3700	(4) (a) Within a reasonable amount of time following the conclusion of a hearing
3701	before a special appeals board, the board shall enter an order based upon the record developed
3702	at the hearing. The order shall state whether a legal basis exists for denying the application for
3703	an initial license or for renewal or reinstatement of a license that is the subject of the appeal.
3704	The order is not subject to further agency review.
3705	(b) The division or the applicant may obtain judicial review of the decision of the
3706	special appeals board in accordance with Sections 63-46b-14 and 63-46b-16.
3707	(5) (a) A member of the board shall receive no compensation or benefits for the
3708	member's services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the
3709	member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections
3710	63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
3711	(b) A member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the member's service.
3712	(6) If an applicant under Subsection (1) is not given a special appeals board, the
3713	applicant shall be given agency review under the ordinary agency review procedures specified
3714	by rule.

3715	Section 57. Section 61-2e-405 is enacted to read:
3716	61-2e-405. Minimum 90-day suspension.
3717	A license may not be reinstated subsequent to action taken under Section 61-2e-401
3718	within 90 days after the action has been taken, unless the division in collaboration with the
3719	appropriate board imposes other conditions.
3720	Section 58. Section 61-2e-406 is enacted to read:
3721	61-2e-406. Diversion Procedure.
3722	(1) As used in this section:
3723	(a) "Diversion" means suspending action to discipline a licensee who is or could be
3724	charged in a Notice of Agency Action with certain offenses within the category of
3725	unprofessional or unlawful conduct on the condition that the licensee agrees to participate in an
3726	educational or rehabilitation program or fulfill some other condition.
3727	(b) "Diversion agreement" means a written agreement between the division, through its
3728	director, and the licensee, that specifies formal terms and conditions the licensee must fulfill in
3729	order to comply with the diversion program.
3730	(2) (a) (i) The director may establish, as circumstances require, a diversion advisory
3731	committee for each occupation or profession or similar groups of occupations or professions
3732	licensed by the division under this chapter.
3733	(ii) The committees shall assist the director in the administration of this section.
3734	(b) (i) Each committee shall consist of at least three licensees from the same or similar
3735	occupation or profession as the person whose conduct is the subject of the committee's
3736	consideration.
3737	(ii) The director shall appoint the members of a diversion advisory committee from
3738	nominations submitted by the corresponding board established for the same or similar
3739	occupation or profession under Section 61-2e-201 or from other qualified nominees developed
3740	by or submitted to the division.
3741	(iii) Committee members may not serve concurrently as members of the corresponding
3742	board.
3743	(iv) Committee members shall serve voluntarily without remuneration.
3744	(v) The director may:
3745	(A) dissolve any diversion advisory committee;

3746	(B) remove or request the replacement of any member of a committee; and
3747	(C) establish any procedure that is necessary and proper for a committee's
3748	administration.
3749	(3) The director may, after consultation with the appropriate diversion advisory
3750	committee and by written agreement with the licensee, divert the licensee to a diversion
3751	program:
3752	(a) at any time after receipt by the division of a complaint against the licensee when no
3753	adjudicative proceeding has been commenced;
3754	(b) at any time prior to the conclusion of a hearing under Section 63-46b-8 when an
3755	adjudicative proceeding has been commenced against the licensee; or
3756	(c) after a self-referral by a licensee who is not the subject of a current investigation,
3757	complaint, or adjudicative proceeding.
3758	(4) (a) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
3759	the division shall define by rule the particular offenses within the category of unprofessional or
3760	unlawful conduct which may be subject to diversion.
3761	(b) A licensee may be eligible for a diversion program only once for the same or
3762	similar offense, whether the diversion program was in this state or another jurisdiction, and is
3763	not eligible if previously disciplined by the division, by a licensing agency of another state, or
3764	by a federal government agency for the same or a similar offense.
3765	(c) The term of a diversion agreement shall be five years or less, but may be extended
3766	for an additional period of time as agreed to by the parties in writing.
3767	(d) A decision by the director not to divert a licensee is not subject to appeal or judicial
3768	review.
3769	(5) A licensee may be represented by counsel:
3770	(a) during the negotiations for diversion;
3771	(b) at the time of the execution of the diversion agreement; and
3772	(c) at any hearing before the director relating to a diversion program.
3773	(6) (a) (i) A diversion agreement shall contain, a full detailed:
3774	(A) statement of the requirements agreed to by the licensee; and
3775	(B) stipulation of the facts upon which the diversion agreement is premised.
3776	(ii) The facts stipulated in the diversion agreement shall constitute binding admissions

3///	of the licensee:
3778	(A) in any proceeding under Subsection (6)(c) or (6)(d) to terminate the diversion
3779	agreement and impose disciplinary sanctions against the licensee; and
3780	(B) in any disciplinary proceeding based on unprofessional or unlawful conduct that is
3781	not the basis of the diversion agreement.
3782	(b) The diversion agreement shall provide that if the licensee makes an intentional
3783	material misrepresentation of fact in the stipulation of facts contained in the diversion
3784	agreement, the director shall initiate the procedures set forth in Subsection (13) to terminate the
3785	diversion agreement and issue an order of license revocation.
3786	(c) (i) The diversion agreement shall provide that if the licensee fails to comply with its
3787	terms, the director shall initiate the procedures set forth in Subsection (14) to terminate the
3788	diversion agreement and issue an order of license suspension, which shall be stayed in favor of
3789	an order of probation having the same terms as those which comprised the diversion
3790	agreement.
3791	(ii) The division may waive and not include as probationary requirements any terms of
3792	the diversion agreement it does not consider necessary to protect the public.
3793	(iii) The term of the order of probation shall be as provided in Subsection (14)(c)(ii).
3794	(d) The division director may not approve a diversion agreement unless the licensee, as
3795	part of the diversion agreement:
3796	(i) knowingly and intelligently waives the right to a hearing under Title 63, Chapter
3797	46b, Administrative Procedures Act, for the conduct upon which the diversion agreement was
3798	premised;
3799	(ii) agrees to be subject to the procedures and remedies set forth in this section;
3800	(iii) acknowledges an understanding of the consequences of making an intentional
3801	misrepresentation of fact in the stipulation of facts contained in the diversion agreement; and
3802	(iv) acknowledges an understanding of the consequences of failing to comply with the
3803	terms of the diversion agreement.
3804	(7) (a) If the division and the licensee enter into a diversion agreement after the
3805	division has commenced an adjudicative proceeding against the licensee, the director shall stay
3806	that proceeding pending completion of the diversion agreement.
3807	(b) The order staying the adjudicative proceeding:

3808	(i) shall be filed in that proceeding; and
3809	(ii) may reference the diversion agreement.
3810	(8) (a) Upon successful completion of a diversion agreement, the director shall dismiss
3811	any charges under the director's jurisdiction of unprofessional or unlawful conduct that were
3812	filed against the licensee.
3813	(b) Whether or not an adjudicative proceeding had been commenced against the
3814	licensee, the division may not thereafter subject the licensee to disciplinary action for the
3815	conduct which formed the basis of the completed diversion agreement.
3816	(c) Neither the execution of a diversion agreement nor the dismissal of filed charges
3817	constitute disciplinary action, and no report of either may be made to disciplinary databases.
3818	(d) The division may consider the completion of a diversion program and the contents
3819	of the diversion agreement in determining the appropriate disciplinary action if the licensee is
3820	charged in the future with the same or similar conduct.
3821	(e) The order of dismissal shall be filed in the adjudicative proceeding in which the
3822	misconduct was charged and may reference the diversion agreement.
3823	(9) (a) Acceptance of the licensee into diversion does not preclude the division from
3824	investigating or continuing to investigate the licensee for any unlawful or unprofessional
3825	conduct committed before, during, or after participation in the diversion program.
3826	(b) Acceptance of the licensee into diversion does not preclude the division from
3827	taking disciplinary action or continuing to take disciplinary action against the licensee for
3828	unlawful or unprofessional conduct committed before, during, or after participation in the
3829	diversion program, except for that conduct that formed the basis for the diversion agreement.
3830	(c) Any licensee terminated from the diversion program for failure to comply with the
3831	diversion agreement is subject to disciplinary action by the division for acts committed before,
3832	during, and after participation in the diversion program, including violations identified in the
3833	diversion agreement.
3834	(10) The classification, retention, and disclosure of records relating to a licensee's
3835	participation in the diversion program is governed by Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records
3836	Access and Management Act, except that any provision in the diversion agreement that
3837	addresses access to or release of diversion records regarding the licensee shall govern the
3838	access to and release of those records.

3839	(11) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the fact that the licensee
3840	completed a diversion program and the contents of the diversion agreement itself may be
3841	considered by the division in determining the appropriate disciplinary action if the licensee is
3842	charged in the future with the same or similar conduct.
3843	(12) A meeting regarding the diversion program is not subject to Title 52, Chapter 4,
3844	Open and Public Meetings.
3845	(13) (a) If, during the course of the diversion agreement, information is brought to the
3846	attention of the director that the licensee made an intentional material misrepresentation of fact
3847	in the stipulation of facts contained in the diversion agreement, the director shall cause to be
3848	served upon the licensee an order to show cause:
3849	(i) specifying the information relied upon by the director; and
3850	(ii) setting a time and place for hearing to determine:
3851	(A) whether or not the licensee made the intentional material misrepresentation of fact;
3852	<u>and</u>
3853	(B) whether the agreement should be terminated on that ground.
3854	(b) Proceedings to terminate a diversion agreement on the grounds that the licensee
3855	made an intentional material misrepresentation of fact in the stipulation of facts contained in
3856	the diversion agreement and to issue an order of license revocation shall comply with Title 63,
3857	Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, except as follows:
3858	(i) the notice of agency action shall be in the form of an order to show cause, which
3859	shall contain all of the information specified in Subsection 63-46b-3(2), except a statement that
3860	a written response to the order to show cause is required;
3861	(ii) a written response to the order to show cause is not required;
3862	(iii) discovery is prohibited, but:
3863	(A) the division may issue subpoenas or other orders to compel production of
3864	necessary evidence on behalf of either party; and
3865	(B) all parties shall have access to information contained in the division's diversion file
3866	to the extent permitted by law;
3867	(iv) the hearing shall be held only after timely notice to all parties; and
3868	(v) any agency review or reconsideration of an order terminating a diversion agreement
3869	or of an order of license revocation pursuant to this Subsection (13) shall be limited to the

3870	division director's findings of fact, conclusions of law, and order which arose out of the order
3871	to show cause proceeding.
3872	(c) The director shall issue an order of license revocation, revoking the licensee's
3873	professional license upon:
3874	(i) finding the licensee made an intentional material misrepresentation of fact in the
3875	stipulation of facts contained in the diversion agreement;
3876	(ii) finding that terminating the agreement is in the best interest of the public; and
3877	(iii) issuing an order to that effect.
3878	(d) The order terminating the diversion agreement and the order of license revocation
3879	shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law as determined by the director following
3880	the hearing or as otherwise stipulated and agreed to by the parties.
3881	(e) If the diversion agreement being terminated is entered into after the division has
3882	commenced an adjudicative proceeding against the licensee, that adjudicative proceeding shall
3883	be considered to be merged into the order of license revocation and it may not constitute a basis
3884	for any separate disciplinary action against the licensee.
3885	(f) The order terminating the diversion agreement and the order of license revocation
3886	shall notify the licensee of the right to request agency review or reconsideration.
3887	(14) (a) If, during the course of the diversion agreement, information is brought to the
3888	attention of the director that the licensee has violated the diversion agreement and if it appears
3889	in the best interest of the public to proceed with charges, the director, after consultation with
3890	the diversion advisory committee, shall cause to be served upon the licensee an order to show
3891	cause:
3892	(i) specifying the facts relied upon by the director; and
3893	(ii) setting a time and place for hearing to determine:
3894	(A) whether or not the licensee has violated the diversion agreement; and
3895	(B) whether the agreement should be terminated.
3896	(b) Proceedings to terminate a diversion agreement and to issue an order of license
3897	suspension and probation, and proceedings to terminate the probation and lift the stay of a
3898	license suspension, shall comply with Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act,
3899	except as follows:
3900	(i) the notice of agency action shall be in the form of an order to show cause, which

3901	shall contain all of the information specified in Subsection 63-46b-3(2), except a statement that
3902	a written response to the order to show cause is required;
3903	(ii) a written response to the order to show cause is not required;
3904	(iii) discovery is prohibited, but:
3905	(A) the division may issue subpoenas or other orders to compel production of
3906	necessary evidence on behalf of either party; and
3907	(B) all parties shall have access to information contained in the division's diversion file
3908	to the extent permitted by law;
3909	(iv) the hearing shall be held only after timely notice to all parties; and
3910	(v) any agency review or reconsideration of an order terminating a diversion agreement
3911	or of an order of license suspension and probation pursuant to this Subsection (14) shall be
3912	limited to the division director's findings of fact, conclusions of law, and order which arose out
3913	of the order to show cause proceeding.
3914	(c) (i) Upon finding the licensee has violated the diversion agreement and that
3915	terminating the agreement is in the best interest of the public, and issuing an order to that
3916	effect, the director shall issue an order of license suspension, suspending the licensee's
3917	professional license, but shall stay that suspension in favor of an order of probation, consisting
3918	of the same terms as those which comprised the diversion agreement.
3919	(ii) The period of probation, unless otherwise agreed to by the parties shall be the
3920	longer of:
3921	(A) the time period that remains under the diversion agreement; or
3922	(B) five years from the date of the order of license suspension and probation.
3923	(iii) The period of probation is tolled during any time in which the licensee does not
3924	have an active license in the state.
3925	(d) (i) The order terminating the diversion agreement and the order of license
3926	suspension and probation shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law as determined
3927	by the director following the hearing or as otherwise stipulated and agreed to by the parties.
3928	(ii) The findings of fact may include those facts to which the licensee stipulated in the
3929	diversion agreement and any additional facts as the director may determine in the course of the
3930	hearing.
3931	(e) If the diversion agreement being terminated is entered into after the division has

3932	commenced an adjudicative proceeding against the licensee:
3933	(i) that adjudicative proceeding shall be considered to be merged into the order of
3934	license suspension and probation; and
3935	(ii) may not constitute a basis for any separate disciplinary action against the licensee.
3936	(f) The order terminating the diversion agreement and the order of license suspension
3937	and probation shall notify the licensee of the right to request agency review or reconsideration.
3938	(g) (i) The terms and conditions of the order of license suspension and probation may
3939	be amended by order of the director, pursuant to motion or stipulation of the parties.
3940	(ii) The order of the director on the motion is not subject to agency review, but is
3941	subject to agency reconsideration under Section 63-46b-13.
3942	(h) (i) If, during the course of probation, the director has reason to believe the licensee
3943	has violated the order of suspension and probation, the director shall cause to be served upon
3944	the licensee an order to show cause why the probation should not be terminated and the stay of
3945	suspension lifted.
3946	(ii) The order to show cause shall specify the facts relied upon by the director and shall
3947	set a time and place for hearing before the director to determine:
3948	(A) whether or not the licensee has violated the order of suspension and probation; and
3949	(B) whether that order should be terminated and the stay of suspension lifted.
3950	(15) (a) Nothing in this section precludes the division from issuing an emergency order
3951	pursuant to Section 63-46b-20.
3952	(b) If the division issues an emergency order against a licensee who is subject to a
3953	diversion agreement with the division, that diversion agreement shall be immediately and
3954	automatically terminated upon the issuance of the emergency order, without compliance with
3955	Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
3956	(c) (i) A licensee whose diversion agreement has been terminated pursuant to
3957	Subsection (15)(b) is entitled, upon request, to a posttermination hearing to challenge the
3958	termination of the diversion agreement.
3959	(ii) The request shall be considered a request for agency action and shall comply with
3960	the requirements of Subsection 63-46b-3(3).
3961	(iii) The division shall uphold the termination of the diversion agreement if it finds
3962	that:

3963	(A) the licensee violated the diversion agreement; and
3964	(B) it is in the best interest of the public to terminate the diversion agreement.
3965	(16) The administrative statute of limitations for taking disciplinary action described in
3966	Subsection 58-1-401(5) shall be tolled during a diversion program.
3967	Section 59. Section 61-2e-501 (Effective 07/01/05), which is renumbered from Section
3968	58-55-501 (Effective 07/01/05) is renumbered and amended to read:
3969	Part 5. Unprofessional and Unlawful Conduct Penalties
3970	[58-55-501 (Effective 07/01/05)]. <u>61-2e-501 (Effective 07/01/05).</u> Unlawful
3971	conduct.
3972	Unlawful conduct includes:
3973	(1) engaging in a construction trade, acting as a contractor, an alarm business or
3974	company, or an alarm company agent, or representing oneself to be engaged in a construction
3975	trade or to be acting as a contractor in a construction trade requiring licensure, unless the
3976	person doing any of these is appropriately licensed or exempted from licensure under this
3977	chapter;
3978	(2) acting in a construction trade, as an alarm business or company, or as an alarm
3979	company agent beyond the scope of the license held;
3980	(3) hiring or employing in any manner an unlicensed person, other than an employee
3981	for wages who is not required to be licensed under this chapter, to engage in a construction
3982	trade for which licensure is required or to act as a contractor or subcontractor in a construction
3983	trade requiring licensure;
3984	(4) applying for or obtaining a building permit either for oneself or another when not
3985	licensed or exempted from licensure as a contractor under this chapter;
3986	(5) issuing a building permit to any person for whom there is no evidence of a current
3987	license or exemption from licensure as a contractor under this chapter;
3988	(6) applying for or obtaining a building permit for the benefit of or on behalf of any
3989	other person who is required to be licensed under this chapter but who is not licensed or is
3990	otherwise not entitled to obtain or receive the benefit of the building permit;
3991	(7) failing to obtain a building permit when required by law or rule;
3992	(8) submitting a bid for any work for which a license is required under this chapter by a
3993	person not licensed or exempted from licensure as a contractor under this chapter;

- (9) willfully or deliberately misrepresenting or omitting a material fact in connection with an application to obtain or renew a license under this chapter;(10) allowing one's license to be used by another except as provided by statute or rule;
 - (11) doing business under a name other than the name appearing on the license, except as permitted by statute or rule;
 - (12) if licensed as a specialty contractor in the electrical trade or plumbing trade, journeyman plumber, residential journeyman plumber, journeyman electrician, master electrician, or residential electrician, failing to directly supervise an apprentice under one's supervision or exceeding the number of apprentices one is allowed to have under his supervision;
 - (13) if licensed as a contractor or representing oneself to be a contractor, receiving any funds in payment for a specific project from an owner or any other person, which funds are to pay for work performed or materials and services furnished for that specific project, and after receiving the funds to exercise unauthorized control over the funds by failing to pay the full amounts due and payable to persons who performed work or furnished materials or services within a reasonable period of time;
 - (14) employing as an alarm company an unlicensed individual as an alarm company agent, except as permitted under the exemption from licensure provisions under Section [58-1-307] 61-2e-305;
 - (15) if licensed as an alarm company or alarm company agent, filing with the division fingerprint cards for an applicant which are not those of the applicant, or are in any other way false or fraudulent and intended to mislead the division in its consideration of the applicant for licensure;
 - (16) if licensed under this chapter, willfully or deliberately disregarding or violating:
 - (a) the building or construction laws of this state or any political subdivision;
 - (b) the safety and labor laws applicable to a project;
 - (c) any provision of the health laws applicable to a project;
 - (d) the workers' compensation insurance laws of the state applicable to a project;
- (e) the laws governing withholdings for employee state and federal income taxes, unemployment taxes, FICA, or other required withholdings; or
 - (f) reporting, notification, and filing laws of this state or the federal government;

4025	(17) aiding or abetting any person in evading the provisions of this chapter or rules
4026	established under the authority of the division to govern this chapter;
4027	(18) engaging in the construction trade or as a contractor for the construction of
4028	residences of up to two units when not currently registered or exempt from registration as a
4029	qualified beneficiary under Title 38, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery
4030	Fund Act;
4031	(19) failing, as an original contractor, as defined in Section 38-11-102, to include in a
4032	written contract the notification required in Section 38-11-108;
4033	(20) wrongfully filing a mechanics' lien in violation of Section 38-1-25; [or]
4034	(21) if licensed as a contractor, not completing a three-hour core education class and an
4035	additional three hours of professional education approved by the division and the Construction
4036	Services Commission within each two-year renewal cycle, beginning with the two-year renewal
4037	cycle that starts July 1, 2005, and ends June 30, 2007:
4038	(a) unless an exemption has been granted to the licensee by the Construction Services
4039	Commission, with the concurrence of the division[,]; and
4040	(b) except that:
4041	(i) this Subsection (21) is repealed effective July 1, 2010; and [its]
4042	(ii) implementation of this Subsection (21) is subject to the division receiving adequate
4043	funding for its implementation through a legislative appropriation[-];
4044	(22) practicing or engaging in, representing oneself to be practicing or engaging in, or
4045	attempting to practice or engage in any occupation or profession requiring licensure under this
4046	chapter if the person is:
4047	(a) (i) not licensed to do so; or
4048	(ii) not exempted from licensure under this chapter; or
4049	(b) restricted from doing so by a suspended, revoked, restricted, temporary,
4050	probationary, or inactive license;
4051	(23) impersonating another licensee or practicing an occupation or profession under a
4052	false or assumed name, except as permitted by law;
4053	(24) knowingly permitting the person's authority to practice or engage in any
4054	occupation or profession licensed under this chapter to be used by another, except as permitted
4055	by law; or

4056	(25) obtaining a passing score on a licensure examination, applying for or obtaining a
4057	license, or otherwise dealing with the division or a licensing board through the use of:
4058	(a) fraud;
4059	(b) forgery; or
4060	(c) intentional deception, misrepresentation, misstatement, or omission.
4061	Section 60. Section 61-2e-502, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-502 is
4062	renumbered and amended to read:
4063	[58-55-502]. <u>61-2e-502.</u> Unprofessional conduct.
4064	Unprofessional conduct means conduct, by a licensee or applicant, that is defined as
4065	unprofessional conduct under this section or under any rule adopted under this section and
4066	includes:
4067	(1) failing to establish, maintain, or demonstrate financial responsibility while licensed
4068	as a contractor under this chapter;
4069	(2) disregarding or violating through gross negligence or a pattern of negligence:
4070	(a) the building or construction laws of this state or any political subdivision;
4071	(b) the safety and labor laws applicable to a project;
4072	(c) any provision of the health laws applicable to a project;
4073	(d) the workers' compensation insurance laws of this state applicable to a project;
4074	(e) the laws governing withholdings for employee state and federal income taxes,
4075	unemployment taxes, FICA, or other required withholdings; or
4076	(f) any reporting, notification, and filing laws of this state or the federal government;
4077	(3) any willful, fraudulent, or deceitful act by a licensee, caused by a licensee, or at a
4078	licensee's direction which causes material injury to another;
4079	(4) contract violations that pose a threat or potential threat to the public health, safety,
4080	and welfare including:
4081	(a) willful, deliberate, or grossly negligent departure from or disregard for plans or
4082	specifications, or abandonment or failure to complete a project without the consent of the
4083	owner or his duly authorized representative or the consent of any other person entitled to have
4084	the particular project completed in accordance with the plans, specifications, and contract
4085	terms;
4086	(b) failure to deposit funds to the benefit of an employee as required under any written

contractual obligation the licensee has to the employee;

- (c) failure to maintain in full force and effect any health insurance benefit to an employee that was extended as a part of any written contractual obligation or representation by the licensee, unless the employee is given written notice of the licensee's intent to cancel or reduce the insurance benefit at least 45 days before the effective date of the cancellation or reduction;
- 4093 (d) failure to reimburse the Residence Lien Recovery Fund as required by Section 4094 38-11-207;
- 4095 (e) failure to provide, when applicable, the information required by Section 38-11-108; and
- (f) willfully or deliberately misrepresenting or omitting a material fact in connection with an application to claim recovery from the Residence Lien Recovery Fund under Section 38-11-204;
 - (5) failing as an alarm company to notify the division of the cessation of performance of its qualifying agent, or failing to replace its qualifying agent as required under Section [58-55-304] 61-2e-304;
 - (6) failing as an alarm company agent to carry or display a copy of the licensee's license as required under Section [58-55-311] 61-2e-310; [or]
 - (7) failing to comply with operating standards established by rule in accordance with Section [58-55-308.] 61-2e-308;
 - (8) violating, or aiding or abetting any other person to violate, any statute, rule, or order regulating an occupation or profession under this chapter;
 - (9) violating, or aiding or abetting any other person to violate, any generally accepted professional or ethical standard applicable to an occupation or profession regulated under this chapter;
 - of guilty or nolo contendere that is held in abeyance pending the successful completion of probation with respect to a crime of moral turpitude or any other crime that, when considered with the functions and duties of the occupation or profession for which the license was issued or is to be issued, bears a reasonable relationship to the licensee's or applicant's ability to safely or competently practice the occupation or profession;

(11) engaging in conduct that results in disciplinary action, including reprimand,
censure, diversion, probation, suspension, or revocation, by any other licensing or regulatory
authority having jurisdiction over the licensee or applicant in the same occupation or profession
if the conduct would, in this state, constitute grounds for denial of licensure or disciplinary
proceedings under Section 61-2e-401;
(12) engaging in conduct, including the use of intoxicants, drugs, narcotics, or similar
chemicals, to the extent that the conduct does, or might reasonably be considered to, impair the
ability of the licensee or applicant to safely engage in the occupation or profession;
(13) practicing or attempting to practice an occupation or profession regulated under
this chapter despite being physically or mentally unfit to do so;
(14) practicing or attempting to practice an occupation or profession regulated under
this chapter through gross incompetence, gross negligence, or a pattern of incompetency or
negligence;
(15) practicing or attempting to practice an occupation or profession requiring
licensure under this chapter by any form of action or communication which is false,
misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent;
(16) practicing or attempting to practice an occupation or profession regulated under
this chapter beyond the scope of the licensee's competency, abilities, or education;
(17) practicing or attempting to practice an occupation or profession regulated under
this chapter beyond the scope of the licensee's license;
(18) verbally, physically, mentally, or sexually abusing or exploiting any person
through conduct connected with the licensee's practice under this title or otherwise facilitated
by the licensee's license; or
(19) acting as a supervisor without meeting the qualification requirements for that
position that are defined by statute or rule.
Section 61. Section 61-2e-503 (Effective 07/01/05), which is renumbered from Section
58-55-503 (Effective 07/01/05) is renumbered and amended to read:
[58-55-503 (Effective 07/01/05)]. 61-2e-503 (Effective 07/01/05). Penalty for
unlawful conduct Citations.
(1) (a) Any person who violates Subsection [58-55-308] 61-2e-308(2) or Subsection
[58-55-501] 61-2e-501(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (9), (10), (12), (14), or (15), or who fails to

4149	comply with a citation issued under this section after it is final, is guilty of a class A
4150	misdemeanor.
4151	(b) Any person who violates [the provisions of] Subsection [58-55-501] 61-2e-501(8)
4152	may not be awarded and may not accept a contract for the performance of the work.
4153	(2) Any person who violates [the provisions of] Subsection [58-55-501] 61-2e-501(13)
4154	is guilty of an infraction unless the violator did so with the intent to deprive the person to
4155	whom money is to be paid of the money received, in which case the violator is guilty of theft,
4156	as classified in Section 76-6-412.
4157	(3) Grounds for immediate suspension of the licensee's license by the division and the
4158	commission include:
4159	(a) the issuance of a citation for violation of Subsection [58-55-308] 61-2e-308(2) or
4160	Section [58-55-501] <u>61-2e-501</u> ; or
4161	(b) the failure by a licensee to make application to, report to, or notify the division with
4162	respect to any matter for which application, notification, or reporting is required under this
4163	chapter or rules adopted under this chapter, including:
4164	(i) applying to the division for a new license to engage in a new specialty classification
4165	or to do business under a new form of organization or business structure[7];
4166	(ii) filing with the division current financial statements[7]; or
4167	(iii) notifying the division concerning loss of insurance coverage, or change in
4168	qualifier.
4169	(4) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has
4170	violated [the provisions of] Subsection [58-55-308] 61-2e-308(2) or Subsections [58-55-501]
4171	61-2e-501(1), (2), (3), (9), (10), (12), (14), (19), (21) or any rule or order issued with respect to
4172	these subsections, and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's
4173	designee from within the division shall:
4174	(i) promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent
4175	rules[,];
4176	(ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement[-;]; or
4177	(iii) notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under
4178	Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
4179	[(i)] <u>(b)</u> Any person who is in violation [of the provisions] of Subsection [58-55-308]

4180 61-2e-308(2) or Subsection [58-55-501] 61-2e-501(1), (2), (3), (9), (10), (12), (14), (19), or 4181 (21) as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of 4182 violation in an adjudicative proceeding[-]: 4183 (i) may be assessed a fine pursuant to this Subsection (4); and 4184 (ii) may, in addition to or in lieu of the fine, be ordered to cease and desist from 4185 violating Subsection [58-55-308] 61-2e-308(2) or Subsection [58-55-501] 61-2e-501(1), (2), 4186 (3), (9), (10), (12), (14), (19), or (21). 4187 [(ii)] (c) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section 4188 [58-55-401] 61-2e-401 may not be assessed through a citation. 4189 [(iii) (A)] (d) (i) A person who receives a citation or is fined for violating Subsection 4190 [58-55-501] 61-2e-501(21) may also be issued a cease and desist order from engaging in work 4191 to be performed by a contractor licensed under this chapter unless the person meets the 4192 continuing education requirement within 30 days after receipt of the citation or fine. 4193 [(B)] (ii) The order, if issued, shall be removed upon the person's completion of the 4194 continuing education requirement. 4195 [(C)] (iii) This Subsection [(4)(a)(iii)] (4)(d) is repealed effective July 1, 2010. [(b)] (e) Each citation shall: 4196 4197 (i) be in writing [and]; 4198 (ii) describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the 4199 provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated[. The citation shall]; 4200 (iii) clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 4201 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing 4202 conducted under Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act[. The citation shall]; 4203 and 4204 (iv) clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make 4205 payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation. 4206 [(c)] (f) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be 4207 served upon any person upon whom a summons may be served: 4208 (i) in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; 4209 (ii) personally or upon the person's agent by: 4210 (A) a division investigator; or [by]

4211	(B) any person specially designated by the director; or
4212	(iii) by mail.
4213	[(d)] (g) If within 20 calendar days from the service of a citation, the person to whom
4214	the citation [was] is issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes
4215	the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period to contest
4216	a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
4217	[(e)] (h) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on
4218	probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
4219	[(f)] (i) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it
4220	becomes final is a ground for denial of license.
4221	[(g) No] (j) A citation may not be issued under this section after the expiration of six
4222	months following the occurrence of any violation.
4223	[(h)] (k) Fines shall be assessed by the director or the director's designee according to
4224	the following:
4225	(i) for a first offense handled pursuant to [Subsection] Subsections (4)(a) through (c), a
4226	fine of up to \$1,000;
4227	(ii) for a second offense handled pursuant to [Subsection] Subsections (4)(a) through
4228	(c), a fine of up to \$2,000; and
4229	(iii) for any subsequent offense handled pursuant to [Subsection] Subsections (4)(a)
4230	through (c), a fine of up to \$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
4231	[(i)] (1) (i) For purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine
4232	under Subsection (4)[$\frac{(k)}{(k)}$] $\frac{(k)}{(k)}$, an offense constitutes a second or subsequent offense if:
4233	(A) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a
4234	first or second offense in violation of Subsection [58-55-308] 61-2e-308(2) or Subsection
4235	[58-55-501] <u>61-2e-501</u> (1), (2), (3), (9), (10), (12), (14), or (19); or
4236	(B) (I) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;
4237	(II) no final order has been issued by the division in the action initiated under
4238	Subsection $(4)[\frac{(1)}{(1)}]$ $\underline{(1)}(i)(B)(I)$;
4239	(III) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of
4240	the action under Subsection $(4)[(i)](1)(i)(B)(I)$ that the person committed a second or
4241	subsequent violation of [the provisions of] Subsection [58-55-308] 61-2e-308(2) or Subsection

4242	$[58-55-501]$ $\underline{61-2e-501}(1), (2), (3), (9), (10), (12), (14), or (19);$ and
4243	(IV) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent offense under
4244	Subsection (4)[(i)] (1)(i)(B)(III), the division issues a final order on the action initiated under
4245	Subsection (4) $[(i)]$ (1)(B)(I).
4246	(ii) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection (4)[(i)]
4247	(1)(i), the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.
4248	(5) (a) [Any penalty] A fine imposed [by the director] under Subsection (4)[(h)] (k)
4249	shall be deposited into the Commerce Service Fund.
4250	(b) Any penalty which is not paid may be collected by the director by [either]:
4251	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
4252	(ii) bringing an action in the district court:
4253	(A) of the county in which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides; or
4254	(B) in the county where the office of the director is located.
4255	(c) Any county attorney or the attorney general of the state is to provide legal
4256	assistance and advice to the director in any action to collect the penalty.
4257	(d) In any action brought to enforce [the provisions of] this section, reasonable
4258	attorney's fees and costs shall be awarded.
4259	Section 62. Section 61-2e-504 is enacted to read:
4260	61-2e-504. Maximum civil penalty for violation of court order.
4261	(1) If any written order issued under this chapter or if an injunction or temporary
4262	restraining order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction relating to this chapter is violated,
4263	the court may impose a civil penalty of not more than \$2,000 for each day the written order,
4264	injunction, or temporary restraining order is violated, if the person in violation has received
4265	notice of the written order, injunction, or temporary restraining order.
4266	(2) All penalties ordered under this section shall be deposited into the General Fund.
4267	Section 63. Section 61-2e-505 is enacted to read:
4268	61-2e-505. Court-ordered discipline.
4269	The division shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of a license
4270	issued under this chapter if so ordered by a court.
4271	Section 64. Section 61-2e-601, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-601 is
4272	renumbered and amended to read:

4273	Part 6. Payment Provisions
4274	[58-55-601]. <u>61-2e-601.</u> Payment Account designated.
4275	[When] (1) A contractor shall designate the contract under which a payment is made or
4276	the items of account to which it is to be applied when making any payment to a materialman,
4277	supplier, contractor, or subcontractor:
4278	(a) with whom [he] the contractor has a running account[, or];
4279	(b) with whom [he] the contractor has more than one contract[7]; or
4280	(c) to whom [he] the contractor is otherwise indebted[, the contractor shall designate
4281	the contract under which the payment is made or the items of account to which it is to be
4282	applied].
4283	(2) When a payment for materials or labor is made to a subcontractor or materialman,
4284	the subcontractor or materialman shall demand of the person making the payment a designation
4285	of the account and the items of account to which the payment is to apply.
4286	(3) In cases where a lien is claimed for materials furnished or labor performed by a
4287	subcontractor or materialman, it is a defense to the claim that a payment was made by the
4288	owner to the contractor for the materials and was so designated and paid over to the
4289	subcontractor or materialman, if when the payment was received by the subcontractor or
4290	materialman, [he] the subcontractor or materialman did not demand a designation of the
4291	account and of the items of account to which the payment was to be applied.
4292	Section 65. Section 61-2e-602, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-602 is
4293	renumbered and amended to read:
4294	[58-55-602]. <u>61-2e-602.</u> Payment of construction funds Interest.
4295	(1) All unpaid construction funds are payable to the contractor as provided in Section
4296	13-8-5.
4297	(2) On projects involving multiple buildings, each building shall be considered
4298	individually in determining the amount to be paid the contractor.
4299	(3) Partial occupancy of a building requires payment in direct proportion to the value
4300	of the part of the building occupied.
4301	(4) If any payment is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and released
4302	as provided in Section 13-8-5.
4303	Section 66. Section 61-2e-603, which is renumbered from Section 58-55-603 is

4304	renumbered and amended to read:
4305	[58-55-603]. <u>61-2e-603.</u> Payment to subcontractors and suppliers.
4306	(1) When a contractor receives any construction funds from an owner or another
4307	contractor for work performed and billed, [he] the contractor shall pay each of [his] the
4308	contractor's subcontractors and suppliers in proportion to the percentage of the work they
4309	performed under that billing, unless otherwise agreed by contract. [(2) If,]
4310	(2) (a) If the conditions of Subsection (2)(b) are met, a contractor shall pay to a
4311	subcontractor or supplier, in addition to the payment:
4312	(i) interest in the amount of 1% per month of the amount due, beginning on the day
4313	after payment is due; and
4314	(ii) reasonable costs of any collection and attorney's fees.
4315	(b) Subsection (2)(a) applies if, under this section and without reasonable cause, or
4316	unless otherwise agreed by contract, the contractor fails to pay for work performed by [his] the
4317	contractor's subcontractors or suppliers within the later of:
4318	(i) 30 consecutive days after receiving construction funds for work performed and
4319	<u>billed</u> from:
4320	(A) the owner; or
4321	(B) another contractor [for work performed and billed,]; or [after]
4322	(ii) the last day payment is due under the terms of the billing[, whichever is later, he
4323	shall pay to the subcontractor or supplier, in addition to the payment, interest in the amount of
4324	1% per month of the amount due, beginning on the day after payment is due, and reasonable
4325	costs of any collection and attorney's fees].
4326	(3) When a subcontractor receives any construction payment under this section,
4327	Subsections (1) and (2) apply to that subcontractor.
4328	Section 67. Section 61-2e-604 , which is renumbered from Section 58-55-604 is
4329	renumbered and amended to read:
4330	[58-55-604]. <u>61-2e-604.</u> Proof of licensure to maintain or commence
4331	action.
4332	[No] A contractor may <u>not</u> act as agent or commence or maintain any action in any
4333	court of the state for collection of compensation for performing any act for which a license is
4334	required by this chapter without alleging and proving that [he] the contractor was a properly

4335	licensed contractor:
4336	(1) when the contract sued upon was entered into[;]; and
4337	(2) when the alleged cause of action arose.
4338	Section 68. Section 61-2f-101, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-1 is
4339	renumbered and amended to read:
4340	CHAPTER 2f. UTAH UNIFORM BUILDING STANDARDS ACT
4341	Part 1. General Provisions
4342	[58-56-1]. <u>61-2f-101.</u> Title.
4343	This chapter is known as the "Utah Uniform Building Standards Act."
4344	Section 69. Section 61-2f-102, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-2 is
4345	renumbered and amended to read:
4346	[58-56-2]. Chapter administration.
4347	[The provisions of this] This chapter shall be administered by the Division of
4348	[Occupational and Professional Licensing] Real Estate.
4349	Section 70. Section 61-2f-103, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-3 is
4350	renumbered and amended to read:
4351	[58-56-3]. 61-2f-103. Definitions.
4352	[In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as] As used in this chapter:
4353	(1) "Building" means a structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use
4354	or occupancy and any improvements attached to it.
4355	(2) "Code(s)" means the following codes, including the standards and specifications
4356	contained in them:
4357	(a) codes adopted by the commission under Subsection [58-56-4] 61-2f-201(2); and
4358	(b) codes approved by the commission under Subsection [58-56-4] 61-2f-201(4)(a).
4359	(3) "Commission" means the Uniform Building Code Commission created under this
4360	chapter.
4361	(4) "Compliance agency" means:
4362	(a) an agency of the state or any of its political subdivisions which issues permits for
4363	construction regulated under the codes[7]; or
4364	(b) any other agency of the state or its political subdivisions specifically empowered to
4365	enforce compliance with the codes.

4366	(5) "Division" means the Division of Real Estate.
4367	[(5)] (6) "Factory built housing" means manufactured homes or mobile homes.
4368	[(6)] (7) (a) "Factory built housing set-up contractor" means an individual licensed by
4369	the division to set up or install factory built housing on a temporary or permanent basis.
4370	(i) The scope of the work included under the license includes:
4371	(A) the placement and or securing of the factory built housing on a permanent or
4372	temporary foundation[- ,];
4373	(B) securing the units together if required[7]; and
4374	(C) connection of the utilities to the factory built housing unit[, but].
4375	(ii) The scope of the work included under the license does not include:
4376	(A) site preparation[;];
4377	(B) construction of a permanent foundation[-]; and
4378	(C) construction of utility services to the near proximity of the factory built housing
4379	unit.
4380	(b) If a dealer is not licensed as a factory built housing set up contractor, that individual
4381	must subcontract the connection services to individuals who are licensed by the division to
4382	perform those specific functions under Title [58] 61, Chapter [55] 2e, Utah Construction
4383	Trades Licensing Act.
4384	[(7)] (8) "HUD code" means the National Manufactured Housing Construction and
4385	Safety Standards Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5401 et seq.
4386	[(8)] (9) "Local regulator" means each political subdivision of the state [which] that is
4387	empowered to engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair,
4388	and other activities subject to the codes.
4389	[(9)] (10) (a) "Manufactured home" means a transportable factory built housing unit:
4390	(i) constructed:
4391	(A) on or after June 15, 1976[-];
4392	(B) according to the HUD Code[7]; and
4393	(C) in one or more sections[7];
4394	(ii) (A) which, in the traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body
4395	feet or more in length[-,]; or
4396	(B) when erected on site, is 400 or more square feet[-]; and

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4397	(iii) which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with
4398	or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the
4399	plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems.
4400	(b) Manufactured homes constructed on or after June 15, 1976, shall be identifiable by
4401	the manufacturer's data plate bearing the date the unit was manufactured and a HUD label
4402	attached to the exterior of the home certifying the home was manufactured to HUD standards.
4403	[(10)] (11) "Mobile home" means a transportable factory built housing unit built prior
4404	to June 15, 1976, in accordance with a state mobile home code which existed prior to the HUD
4405	Code.
4406	[(11)] (12) "Modular unit" means a structure built from sections [which] that are
4407	manufactured in accordance with the construction standards adopted pursuant to Section
4408	[58-56-4] 61-2f-201 and transported to a building site, the purpose of which is for human
4409	habitation, occupancy, or use.
4410	[(12)] (13) "Opinion" means a written, nonbinding, and advisory statement issued by
4411	the commission concerning an interpretation of the meaning of the codes or the application of
4412	the codes in a specific circumstance issued in response to a specific request by a party to the
4413	issue.
4414	[(13)] (14) "State regulator" means an agency of the state [which] that is empowered to
4415	engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other
4416	activities subject to the codes adopted pursuant to this chapter.
4417	[(14)] (15) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in [Subsection 58-1-501(1)] Subsections
4418	61-2e-501(22) through (25) and includes:
4419	(a) engaging in the sale of factory built housing without being registered with the
4420	division as a dealer, unless the sale is exempt under Section [58-56-16] 61-2f-210; and
4421	(b) selling factory built housing within the state as a dealer without collecting and
4422	remitting to the division the fee required by Section [58-56-17] 61-2f-211.
4423	[(15)] (16) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in [Subsection 58-1-501(2)] Section
4424	<u>61-2e-502</u> and includes:
4425	(a) any nondelivery of goods or services by a registered dealer which constitutes a
4426	breach of contract by the dealer;

(b) the failure of a registered dealer to pay a subcontractor or supplier any amounts to

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to a four-year term.

4428	which that subcontractor or supplier is legally entitled; and
4429	(c) any other activity which is defined as unprofessional conduct by division rule in
4430	accordance with [the provisions of] Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4431	Act.
4432	Section 71. Section 61-2f-104, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-5 is
4433	renumbered and amended to read:
4434	[58-56-5]. <u>61-2f-104.</u> Building Code Commission.
4435	(1) There is established a Uniform Building Code Commission to advise the division
4436	with respect to the division's responsibilities in administering the codes under this chapter.
4437	(2) The commission shall be appointed by the executive director who shall submit [his]
4438	the executive director's nominations to the governor for confirmation or rejection. If a nominee
4439	is rejected, alternative names shall be submitted until confirmation is received. Following
4440	confirmation by the governor, the appointment shall be made.
4441	(3) The commission shall consist of eleven members who shall be appointed in
4442	accordance with the following:
4443	(a) one member shall be from among candidates nominated by the Utah League of
4444	Cities and Towns and the Utah Association of Counties;
4445	(b) one member shall be a licensed building inspector employed by a political
4446	subdivision of the state;
4447	(c) one member shall be a licensed professional engineer;
4448	(d) one member shall be a licensed architect;
4449	(e) one member shall be a fire official;
4450	(f) three members shall be contractors licensed by the state, of which one shall be a
4451	general contractor, one an electrical contractor, and one a plumbing contractor;
4452	(g) two members shall be from the general public and have no affiliation with the
4453	construction industry or real estate development industry; and
4454	(h) one member shall be from the Division of Facilities Construction Management,
4455	Department of Administrative Services.
4456	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), as terms of current commission
4457	members expire, the executive director shall appoint each new member or reappointed member

- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the executive director shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of commission members are staggered so that approximately half of the commission is appointed every two years.
 - (5) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
 - (6) [No] A commission member may <u>not</u> serve more than two full terms, and no commission member who ceases to serve may again serve on the commission until after the expiration of two years from the date of cessation of service.
 - (7) A majority of the commission members shall constitute a quorum and may act on behalf of the commission.
 - (8) (a) (i) [Members] A member who [are] is not a government [employees] employee shall receive no compensation or benefits for [their] the member's services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (ii) [Members] A member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for [their] the member's service.
 - (b) (i) [State] A state government officer and employee [members] member who [do] does not receive salary, per diem, or expenses from [their] the member's agency for [their] the member's service may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of [their] the member's official duties from the commission at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (ii) [State] A state government officer and employee members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for [their] the member's service.
 - (c) (i) [Local] A local government [members] member who [do] does not receive salary, per diem, or expenses from the entity that [they represent for their] the member represents for the member's service may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of [their] the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (ii) [Local] A local government [members] member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for [their] the member's service.

4490	(9) (a) The commission shall annually designate one of its members to serve as chair of
4491	the commission.
4492	(b) The division shall provide a secretary to facilitate the function of the commission
4493	and to record its actions and recommendations.
4494	(10) The duties and responsibilities of the commission are to:
4495	(a) recommend to the director the:
4496	(i) adoption by rule of codes and amendments under Subsections [58-56-4]
4497	61-2f-201(2)(b) and (c); and
4498	(ii) approval by rule of the codes referenced in Subsection [58-56-4] 61-2f-201(4)(a);
4499	(b) offer an opinion regarding the interpretation of or the application of any of the
4500	codes adopted or approved under Section [58-56-4] 61-2f-201 upon a formal submission by a
4501	party to the matter in question which submission must clearly state:
4502	(i) the facts in question[5];
4503	(ii) the specific code citation involved; and
4504	(iii) the position taken by all parties;
4505	(c) act as an appeals board as provided in Subsection [58-56-8] 61-2f-204(3);
4506	(d) establish advisory peer committees on either a standing or ad hoc basis to advise
4507	the commission with respect to matters related to the codes described in Section [58-56-4]
4508	61-2f-201, including a committee to advise the commission regarding health matters related to
4509	the plumbing code; and
4510	(e) assist the division in overseeing code-related training in accordance with Section
4511	[58-56-9] <u>61-2f-302</u> .
4512	Section 72. Section 61-2f-201, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-4 is
4513	renumbered and amended to read:
4514	Part 2. Building Codes and Standards
4515	[58-56-4]. <u>61-2f-201.</u> Definitions Adoption of building codes Amendments
4516	Approval of other codes Exemptions.
4517	(1) As used in this section:
4518	(a) "agricultural use" means a use that relates to the tilling of soil and raising of crops,
4519	or keeping or raising domestic animals;
4520	(b) "not for human occupancy" means use of a structure for purposes other than

4521	protection or comfort of human beings, but allows people to enter the structure for:
4522	(i) maintenance and repair; and
4523	(ii) the care of livestock, crops, or equipment intended for agricultural use which are
4524	kept there; and
4525	(c) "residential area" means land that is not used for an agricultural use and is:
4526	(i) (A) within the boundaries of a city or town; and
4527	(B) less than five contiguous acres;
4528	(ii) (A) within a subdivision for which the county has approved a subdivision plat
4529	under Title 17, Chapter 27, Part 8, Subdivisions; and
4530	(B) less than two contiguous acres; or
4531	(iii) not located in whole or in part in an agricultural protection area created under Title
4532	17, Chapter 41, Agriculture Protection Area.
4533	(2) (a) Subject to [the provisions of] Subsections (4) and (5), the following codes, each
4534	of which must be promulgated by a nationally recognized code authority, shall be adopted, in
4535	the manner described in Subsection (2)(b), as the construction codes [which] that the state and
4536	each political subdivision of the state shall follow in the circumstances described in Subsection
4537	(3):
4538	(i) a building code;
4539	(ii) the National Electrical Code promulgated by the National Fire Protection
4540	Association;
4541	(iii) a residential one and two family dwelling code;
4542	(iv) a plumbing code;
4543	(v) a mechanical code;
4544	(vi) a fuel gas code;
4545	(vii) an energy conservation code; and
4546	(viii) a manufactured housing installation standard code.
4547	(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
4548	division, in collaboration with the commission, shall adopt by rule specific editions of the
4549	codes described in Subsection (2)(a), and may adopt by rule successor editions of any adopted
4550	code.
4551	(c) The division, in collaboration with the commission, may, in accordance with

4552	Section $[\frac{58-56-7}{61-2f-203}]$, adopt amendments to the codes adopted under Subsection (2)(a),
4553	to be applicable to the entire state or within one or more political subdivisions.
4554	(3) Subject to [the provisions of] Subsections (4) and (5), the codes and amendments
4555	adopted under Subsection (2) shall be followed when:
4556	(a) new construction is involved; <u>or</u>
4557	(b) the owner of an existing building, or the owner's agent, is voluntarily engaged in:
4558	(i) the repair, renovation, remodeling, alteration, enlargement, rehabilitation,
4559	conservation, or reconstruction of the building; or
4560	(ii) changing the character or use of the building in a manner which increases the
4561	occupancy loads, other demands, or safety risks of the building.
4562	(4) (a) The division, in collaboration with the commission, has discretion to approve,
4563	without adopting, certain codes in addition to those described in Subsection (2)(a), including
4564	specific editions of the codes, for use by a compliance agency.
4565	(b) If the applicable code is one which the division has approved under Subsection
4566	(4)(a), a compliance agency has the discretion to:
4567	(i) adopt an ordinance requiring removal, demolition, or repair of a building, according
4568	to a code;
4569	(ii) adopt, by ordinance or rule, a dangerous building code; or
4570	(iii) adopt, by ordinance or rule, a building rehabilitation code.
4571	(5) (a) Except in a residential area, a structure used solely in conjunction with
4572	agriculture use, and not for human occupancy, is exempted from the permit requirements of
4573	any code adopted by the division.
4574	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), unless otherwise exempted, plumbing,
4575	electrical, and mechanical permits may be required when that work is included in the structure.
4576	Section 73. Section 61-2f-202 , which is renumbered from Section 58-56-6 is
4577	renumbered and amended to read:
4578	[58-56-6]. <u>61-2f-202.</u> Building codes Division duties and responsibilities.
4579	(1) The division shall administer the codes adopted or approved under Section
4580	[58-56-4] 61-2f-201 pursuant to this chapter, but shall have no responsibility or duty to conduct
4581	inspections to determine compliance with the codes, issue permits, or assess building permit
4582	fees.

4584	61-2f-201 by the division shall include:
4585	(a) receiving recommendations from the commission and thereafter adopting by rule
4586	the editions of the codes and amendments to the codes under Subsections [58-56-4]
4587	61-2f-201(2)(b) and (c);
4588	(b) receiving recommendations from the commission and thereafter approving by rule
4589	the code editions referenced in Subsection [58-56-4] 61-2f-201(4)(a);
4590	(c) maintaining and publishing for reference on a current basis the adopted
4591	amendments to the codes under Subsection [58-56-4] 61-2f-201(2)(c); and
4592	(d) receiving requests for amendments and opinions from the commission, scheduling
4593	appropriate hearings and publishing the amendments to the codes and the opinions of the
4594	commission with respect to interpretation and application of the codes.
4595	Section 74. Section 61-2f-203, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-7 is
4596	renumbered and amended to read:
4597	[58-56-7]. <u>61-2f-203.</u> Code amendments Commission recommendations
4598	Division duties and responsibilities.
4599	(1) The division, with the commission, shall establish by rule the procedure and
4600	manner under which requests for amendments to codes under Subsection [58-56-4]
4601	<u>61-2f-201(2)(c)</u> shall be:
4602	(a) filed with the division; and
4603	(b) recommended or declined for adoption.
4604	(2) The division shall accept from any local regulators, state regulators, state agencies
4605	involved with the construction and design of buildings, the contractors, plumbers, or
4606	electricians licensing boards, or from recognized construction-related associations a request for
4607	amendment to the codes under Subsection [58-56-4] 61-2f-201(2)(c).
4608	(3) The division may make recommendations to the commission for amendments to
4609	codes under Subsection [58-56-4] 61-2f-201(2)(c). The commission may also consider
4610	amendments on its own initiative.
4611	(4) On May 15 and November 15 of each calendar year, or the first government
4612	working day thereafter if either date falls on a weekend or government holiday, the division
4613	shall convene a public hearing, as a part of the rulemaking process, before the commission

(2) Administration of the codes adopted or approved under Section [58-56-4]

4614	concerning requests for amendment of the codes, recommended by the division and
4615	commission to be adopted by rule. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the rules
4616	of the commission.

- (5) Within 15 days following completion of the hearing under Subsection (4), the commission shall provide to the division a written recommendation concerning each amendment.
- (6) The division shall consider the recommendations and promulgate amendments by rule in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act and as prescribed by the director.
- (7) The decision of the division to accept or reject the recommendation of the commission shall be made within 15 days after receipt of the recommendation.
- (8) All decisions of the division pertaining to adoption of a code edition or amendments to any code, which are contrary to recommendations of the commission, may be overridden by a two-thirds vote of the commission according to a procedure to be established by rule.
 - (9) (a) Amendments with statewide application:
- (i) shall be effective on the January 1 or July 1 following the public hearing or as soon after that date as the requirements of Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, are met; or
- (ii) may be effective prior to the dates in Subsection (9)(a)(i) if designated by the division and the commission as necessary for the public health, safety, and welfare.
- (b) Amendments with local application only shall be effective on a date to be determined by the division and the commission.
- (c) In making rules required by this chapter, the division shall comply with the provisions of Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. The provisions of that chapter shall have control over this section in case of any conflict.
- Section 75. Section **61-2f-204**, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-8 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 4642 [58-56-8]. 61-2f-204. Compliance with codes -- Responsibility for inspections
 4643 -- Appeals.
 - (1) The responsibility for inspection of construction projects and enforcement of

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compliance with provisions of the codes shall be with the compliance agency havi	ing
jurisdiction over the project and the applicable codes.	

- (2) A finding by a compliance agency that a licensed contractor, electrician, or plumber has materially violated the provisions of a code in a manner to jeopardize the public health, safety, and welfare and failed to comply with corrective orders of the compliance agency shall be furnished in writing to the division by the compliance agency. It is the responsibility of the compliance agency to conduct a primary investigation to determine that, in fact, there has been a material violation of the provisions of the code jeopardizing the public interest and provide the report of investigation to the division.
- (3) (a) Each compliance agency shall establish a method of appeal by which a person disputing the application and interpretation of a code may appeal and receive a timely review of the disputed issues in accordance with the codes adopted or approved under Section [58-56-4] 61-2f-201.
- (b) If a compliance agency refuses to establish a method of appeal, the commission shall act as the appeals board and conduct a hearing within 45 days.
 - (c) The findings of the commission shall be binding.
 - (d) An appeals board established under this section shall have no authority to:
- (i) interpret the administrative provisions of the codes [nor shall the appeals board be empowered to]; or
 - (ii) waive requirements of the codes.
- Section 76. Section **61-2f-205**, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-11 is renumbered and amended to read:

4667 [58-56-11]. 61-2f-205. Standards for specialized buildings.

- (1) (a) This chapter [shall] may not be implied to repeal or otherwise affect authorities:
- 4669 (i) granted to a state agency to make or administer standards for specialized buildings, 4670 as provided in:
- 4671 (A) Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensure and Inspection Act[-];
- 4672 (B) Title 26, Chapter 39, Utah Child Care Licensing Act[-];
- 4673 (C) Title 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities[5]; and
- (D) Title 64, Chapter 13, Department of Corrections State Prison[-]; or [authorities]
- 4675 (ii) granted to a state agency by statute to make or administer [other] special standards

4676	other than the standards listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i).
4677	(b) In the event of a conflict between [such] the special standards described in
4678	Subsection (1)(a) and codes adopted pursuant to this chapter, the special standards shall
4679	prevail.
4680	(2) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to the administration of the statutes
4681	described in Subsection (1).
4682	Section 77. Section 61-2f-206, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-12 is
4683	renumbered and amended to read:
4684	[58-56-12]. <u>61-2f-206.</u> Factory built housing units.
4685	(1) (a) Manufactured homes constructed, sold, or set-up in the state shall be
4686	constructed in accordance with the HUD code.
4687	(b) Manufactured homes set-up in the state shall be installed in accordance with the
4688	manufactured housing installation standard code referred to in Section [58-56-4] 61-2f-201.
4689	(c) The authority and responsibility for the issuance of building permits for the
4690	modification or set-up of manufactured homes within a political subdivision of the state shall
4691	be with the local regulator within that political subdivision.
4692	(d) The inspection of modifications to or the set-up of manufactured homes shall be
4693	conducted and approvals given by the local regulator within the political subdivision in which
4694	the set-up takes place.
4695	(2) (a) [Mobile homes] A mobile home sold or set-up in the state shall be constructed
4696	in accordance with the mobile home construction code in existence in the state in which the
4697	mobile home was constructed at the time the mobile home was constructed.
4698	(b) Mobile homes set-up in the state shall be installed in accordance with the
4699	manufactured housing installation standard code referred to in Section [58-56-4] <u>61-2f-201</u> .
4700	(c) The authority and responsibility for the issuance of building permits for the
4701	modification of or set-up of mobile homes within a political subdivision of the state shall be
4702	with the local regulator within that political subdivision.
4703	(d) The inspection of modification to or the set-up of mobile homes shall be conducted
4704	and approvals given by the local regulator within the political subdivision in which the set-up
4705	takes place

Section 78. Section 61-2f-207, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-13 is

4707	renumbered and amended to read:
4708	[58-56-13]. <u>61-2f-207.</u> Modular units.
4709	Modular unit construction, set-up, issuance of permits for construction or set-up, and
4710	set-up shall be in accordance with the following:
4711	(1) construction and set-up shall be in accordance with the building standards adopted
4712	pursuant to Section [58-56-4] 61-2f-201, or equivalent standards adopted by rule;
4713	(2) the responsibility and authority for plan review and issuance of permits for
4714	construction, modification, or set-up shall be that of the local regulator of the political
4715	subdivision in which the modular unit is to be set-up;
4716	(3) the inspection of the construction, modification of, or set-up of a modular unit to
4717	determine conformance with the provisions of this chapter and the issuance of approvals shall
4718	be the responsibility of the local regulator in the political subdivision in which the modular unit
4719	is to be set-up or is set-up; and
4720	(4) nothing in this section shall preclude a local regulator from contracting with a
4721	qualified third party for the inspection or plan review provided in this section, or the state from
4722	entering into an interstate compact for third party inspection of the construction of modular
4723	units.
4724	Section 79. Section 61-2f-208 , which is renumbered from Section 58-56-14 is
4725	renumbered and amended to read:
4726	[58-56-14]. <u>61-2f-208.</u> Modification of factory built housing units and modular
4727	units.
4728	(1) Any modification to factory built housing units shall be made in accordance with
4729	[the following:] this section.
4730	(a) Prior to set-up, modification to a manufactured home or mobile home prior to
4731	installation or set-up of the unit for habitation shall be made in accordance with the HUD code.
4732	(b) After set-up:
4733	(i) modification to a manufactured home or mobile home after installation or set-up of
4734	the unit for habitation, which modification does not include the addition of any space to the
4735	existing unit or the attachment of any structure to the existing unit shall be made in accordance
4736	with the HUD code; and

(ii) modification to a manufactured home or mobile home after installation or set-up of

4738	the unit for habitation, which modification includes the addition of any space to the existing
4739	unit or the attachment of any structure to the unit shall be made as follows:
4740	(A) modifications to the existing unit shall be in accordance with the HUD code; and
4741	(B) additional structure outside of the existing unit shall be in accordance with the
4742	Utah Uniform Building Standards Act.
4743	(2) Any modification to modular housing units shall be made in accordance with the
4744	Utah Uniform Building Standards Act.
4745	Section 80. Section 61-2f-209, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-15 is
4746	renumbered and amended to read:
4747	[58-56-15]. <u>61-2f-209.</u> Factory built housing and modular units Division
4748	responsibility Unlawful conduct.
4749	(1) The division:
4750	(a) shall maintain current information on the HUD code and the manufactured housing
4751	installation standard code referred to in Section [58-56-4] 61-2f-201 and will provide at
4752	reasonable cost the information to compliance agencies, local regulators, or state regulators
4753	requesting such information;
4754	(b) shall provide qualified personnel to advise compliance agencies, local regulators,
4755	and state regulators regarding the standards for construction and set-up, construction and set-up
4756	inspection, and additions or modifications to factory built housing;
4757	(c) is designated as the state administrative agency for purposes under [the provisions
4758	of] the HUD code;
4759	(d) may <u>:</u>
4760	(i) inspect the work of modular unit manufacturers in the state during the construction
4761	process to determine compliance of the manufacturer with the Utah Uniform Building Standard
4762	Act for those units to be installed within the state; and
4763	(ii) upon a finding of substantive deficiency, issue a corrective order to the
4764	manufacturer with a copy to the local regulator in the state's political subdivision in which the
4765	unit is to be installed;
4766	(e) shall have rights of entry and inspection as specified under the HUD Code; and
4767	(f) shall implement by rule as required by the HUD Code:
4768	(i) a dispute resolution program; and

4769 (ii) a continuing education requirement for manufactured housing installation 4770 contractors. 4771 (2) The division may assess civil penalties payable to the state for violation of the 4772 HUD Code in an amount identical to those set forth in Section 611 of the National 4773 Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5410. 4774 (3) The state may impose criminal sanctions for violations of the HUD Code identical 4775 to those set forth in Section 611 of the National Manufactured Housing Construction and 4776 Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5410, provided that if the criminal sanction is a 4777 fine, the fine shall be payable to the state. 4778 Section 81. Section **61-2f-210**, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-16 is 4779 renumbered and amended to read: [58-56-16]. 4780 61-2f-210. Registration of dealers -- Bonding requirements --4781 **Renewal -- Exemptions -- Discipline.** 4782 (1) Each person engaged in the sale of factory built housing in the state, except as provided in Subsection (4), shall register with the division as a dealer. 4783 4784 (2) Each applicant for registration under this section shall: (a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division; 4785 4786 (b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63-38-3.2; and (c) provide the division with a registration bond in accordance with rules established 4787 4788 by the division. 4789 (3) (a) The division shall issue each registration under this section in accordance with a 4790 two-year renewal cycle established by rule. 4791 (b) The division may by rule extend or shorten a renewal cycle by as much as one year 4792 to stagger the renewal cycles it administers. 4793 (c) Each registration under this section automatically expires on the expiration date on 4794 the certificate of registration unless the registrant renews it in accordance with Section 4795 58-1-308. 4796 (4) Subsection (1) does not apply to: 4797 (a) a person not regularly engaged in the sale of factory built housing who is selling a 4798 unit [he] the person owns for [his] the person's own account;

(b) a principal broker licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2, Division of Real Estate; or

Built Housing Fees Account."

4800	(c) a sales agent or associate broker licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2, Division of
4801	Real Estate, who sells factory built housing as an agent for, and under the supervision, of the
4802	licensed principal broker with whom he is affiliated.
4803	(5) Grounds for refusing to issue a registration, for refusing to renew a registration, for
4804	revoking, suspending, restricting, or placing on probation a registration, for issuing a public or
4805	private reprimand to a registrant, and for issuing a cease and desist order shall be in accordance
4806	with Section [58-1-401] 61-2e-401 except that the reference in Section 61-2e-401 to licensure
4807	shall be changed to registration under this section.
4808	Section 82. Section 61-2f-211, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-17 is
4809	renumbered and amended to read:
4810	[58-56-17]. <u>61-2f-211.</u> Fees on sale Escrow agents Sales tax.
4811	(1) (a) Each dealer shall collect and remit a fee of \$75 to the division for each factory
4812	built home the dealer sells that has not, as of the date of the sale, been permanently affixed to
4813	real property and converted to real property as provided in Section 70D-1-20.
4814	(b) The fee described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be:
4815	(i) payable within 30 days following the close of each calendar quarter for all units sold
4816	during that calendar quarter[. The fee shall be]; and
4817	(ii) deposited in a restricted account as provided in Section [58-56-17.5] 61-2f-212.
4818	(2) Any principal real estate broker, associate broker, or sales agent exempt from
4819	registration as a dealer under Section [58-56-16] 61-2f-210 who sells a factory built home that
4820	has not been permanently affixed to real property shall close the sale only through a qualified
4821	escrow agent in this state registered with:
4822	(a) the Insurance Department; or
4823	(b) the Department of Financial Institutions.
4824	(3) Each escrow agent through which a sale is closed under Subsection (2) shall remit
4825	all required sales tax to the state.
4826	Section 83. Section 61-2f-212, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-17.5 is
4827	renumbered and amended to read:
4828	[58-56-17.5]. 61-2f-212. Factory Built Housing Fees Restricted Account.
4829	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as "Factory

4831	(2) (a) The restricted account shall be funded from the fees the dealer collects and
4832	remits to the division for each factory built home the dealer sells as provided in Subsection
4833	[58-56-17] <u>61-2f-211</u> (1).
4834	(b) The division shall deposit all monies collected under Subsection [58-56-17]
4835	61-2f-211(1) in the restricted account.
4836	(c) The restricted account shall be used to pay for education and enforcement of the
4837	<u>Utah</u> Uniform Building Standards Act, including:
4838	(i) investigations and administrative actions; and
4839	(ii) the funding of additional employees to the amount of the legislative appropriation.
4840	(d) The restricted account may accrue interest which shall be deposited into the
4841	restricted account.
4842	Section 84. Section 61-2f-301, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-8.5 is
4843	renumbered and amended to read:
4844	Part 3. Licensing of Inspectors
4845	[58-56-8.5]. <u>61-2f-301.</u> Building Inspector Licensing Board.
4846	(1) There is created a Building Inspector Licensing Board consisting of four building
4847	inspectors and one member of the general public.
4848	(2) The board shall be appointed and serve [in accordance with Section 58-1-201] as
4849	provided in this Subsection (2).
4850	(a) The executive director shall appoint the members of the board. In appointing these
4851	members, the executive director shall give consideration to recommendations by members of
4852	the respective occupations and professions and by their organizations.
4853	(b) The names of all persons appointed to the board shall be submitted to the governor
4854	for confirmation or rejection. If an appointee is rejected by the governor, the executive director
4855	shall appoint another person in the same manner as set forth in Subsection (2)(a).
4856	(c) (i) Except as required by Subsection (2)(c)(ii), as terms of current board members
4857	expire, the executive director shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a
4858	four-year term.
4859	(ii) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(c)(i), the executive director
4860	shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
4861	terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed

4862	every two years.
4863	(d) A board member may not serve more than two consecutive terms, and a board
4864	member who ceases to serve on a board may not serve again on that board until after the
4865	expiration of a two-year period beginning from that cessation of service.
4866	(e) (i) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall
4867	be appointed for the unexpired term.
4868	(ii) After filling that term, the replacement member may be appointed for only one
4869	additional full term.
4870	(f) If a board member fails or refuses to fulfill the responsibilities and duties of a board
4871	member, including the attendance at board meetings, the executive director with the approval
4872	of the board may remove the board member and replace the member in accordance with this
4873	section.
4874	(g) A majority of the board members constitutes a quorum. A quorum is sufficient
4875	authority for the board to act.
4876	(h) (i) (A) A member who is not a government employee shall receive no
4877	compensation or benefits for the member's services, but may receive per diem and expenses
4878	incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the
4879	Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
4880	(B) A member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the member's service.
4881	(ii) (A) A state government officer and employee member who does not receive salary,
4882	per diem, or expenses from the member's agency for the member's service may receive per
4883	diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties from the board
4884	at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
4885	(B) A state government officer and employee member may decline to receive per diem
4886	and expenses for the member's service.
4887	(i) Each board shall annually designate one of its members to serve as chair for a
4888	one-year period.
4889	(j) A board member may not be a member of the faculty of or have any financial
4890	interest in any vocational or professional college or school that provides continuing education
4891	to any licensee if that continuing education is required by statute or rule.
4892	(3) (a) The duties and responsibilities of the board shall be in accordance with

4893	[Sections 58-1-202 through 58-1-203. In addition, the board shall designate] this Subsection
4894	<u>(3).</u>
4895	(b) The duties, functions, and responsibilities of the board include:
4896	(i) recommending to the director appropriate rules;
4897	(ii) recommending to the director policy and budgetary matters;
4898	(iii) approving and establishing a passing score for applicant examinations;
4899	(iv) screening applicants and recommending licensing, renewal, reinstatement, and
4900	relicensure actions to the director in writing;
4901	(v) assisting the director in establishing standards of supervision for students or
4902	persons in training to become qualified to obtain a license in the occupation or profession it
4903	represents;
4904	(vi) acting as presiding officer in conducting hearings associated with adjudicative
4905	proceedings and in issuing recommended orders when so designated by the director; and
4906	(vii) designating one of its members on a permanent or rotating basis to:
4907	[(a)] (A) assist the division in reviewing complaints concerning the unlawful or
4908	unprofessional conduct of a licensee; and
4909	[(b)] (B) advise the division in its investigation of these complaints.
4910	(c) The following duties, functions, and responsibilities of the division shall be
4911	performed by the division with the collaboration and assistance of the board:
4912	(i) defining which schools, colleges, universities, departments of universities, or other
4913	institutions of learning are reputable and in good standing with the division;
4914	(ii) prescribing license qualifications;
4915	(iii) prescribing rules governing applications for licenses;
4916	(iv) providing for a fair and impartial method of examination of applicants;
4917	(v) defining unprofessional conduct, by rule, to supplement the definitions under this
4918	chapter or other licensing chapters;
4919	(vi) establishing advisory peer committees to the board and prescribing their scope of
4920	authority; and
4921	(vii) establishing conditions for reinstatement and renewal of licenses.
4922	(4) A board member who has, under Subsection (3)(b)(vii), reviewed a complaint or
4923	advised in its investigation is disqualified from participating with the board when the board

4924	serves as a presiding officer of an administrative proceeding concerning the complaint.
4925	Section 85. Section 61-2f-302, which is renumbered from Section 58-56-9 is
4926	renumbered and amended to read:
4927	[58-56-9]. <u>61-2f-302.</u> Qualifications of inspectors Contract for inspection
4928	services Surcharge for education program.
4929	(1) All inspectors employed by a local regulator, state regulator, or compliance agency
4930	to enforce provisions of the codes adopted or approved pursuant to this chapter shall:
4931	(a) (i) meet minimum qualifications as established by the division in collaboration with
4932	the commission [or];
4933	(ii) be certified by a nationally recognized organization which promulgates codes
4934	adopted under this chapter[7]; or
4935	(iii) pass an examination developed by the division in collaboration with the
4936	commission;
4937	(b) be currently licensed by the division as meeting those minimum qualifications; and
4938	(c) be subject to revocation or suspension of their license or may be placed on
4939	probation if found guilty of unlawful or unprofessional conduct.
4940	(2) A local regulator, state regulator, or compliance agency may contract for the
4941	services of a licensed inspector not regularly employed by the regulator or agency.
4942	(3) (a) The division shall use the monies received in Subsection (4) to provide
4943	education regarding the codes and code amendments adopted or approved under Section
4944	[58-56-4] <u>61-2f-201</u> to:
4945	(i) building inspectors; and
4946	(ii) individuals engaged in construction-related trades or professions.
4947	(b) All funding available for the building inspector's education program shall be
4948	nonlapsing.
4949	(4) Each compliance agency shall charge a 1% surcharge on all building permits issued
4950	and shall transmit 80% of the amount collected to the division to be utilized by the division to
4951	fulfill the requirements of Subsection (3). The surcharge shall be deposited as a dedicated
4952	credit.
4953	Section 86. Section 63-2-302 is amended to read:
4954	63-2-302. Private records.

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number;

(j) a record that:

4955	(1) The following records are private:
4956	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,
4957	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
4958	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,
4959	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
4960	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records
4961	identify a patron;
4962	(d) records received or generated for a Senate or House Ethics Committee concerning
4963	any alleged violation of the rules on legislative ethics, prior to the meeting, and after the
4964	meeting, if the ethics committee meeting was closed to the public;
4965	(e) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning
4966	character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
4967	(i) if prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the records:
4968	(A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by the
4969	committee; or
4970	(B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or
4971	impartial hearing; and
4972	(ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
4973	(f) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for
4974	employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home address,
4975	home telephone number, Social Security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll
4976	deductions;
4977	(g) records or parts of records under Section 63-2-302.5 that a current or former
4978	employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
4979	(h) that part of a record indicating a person's Social Security number or federal
4980	employer identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202,
4981	31A-26-202, 58-1-301, 61-1-4, [or] 61-2-6, or 61-2e-301;
4982	(i) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's driver license or
4983	identification card number, Social Security number, or last four digits of the Social Security

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4986	(i) contains information about an individual;
4987	(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and
4988	(iii) goes into an electronic database that:
4989	(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information
4990	Officer; and
4991	(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically
4992	retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction with a state agency;
4993	(k) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under:
4994	(i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(2)(a); or
4995	(ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(3); and
4996	(l) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapter
4997	40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems.
4998	(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:
4999	(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment
5000	with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status information
5001	such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are public under Subsection
5002	63-2-301(1)(b) or 63-2-301(2)(o), or private under Subsection (1)(b);
5003	(b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:
5004	(i) records described in Subsection 63-2-301(1);
5005	(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying with
5006	a financial assurance requirement; or
5007	(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;
5008	(c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would
5009	conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
5010	(d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a
5011	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy; and
5012	(e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state
5013	that are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the
5014	providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if
5015	retained by it.
5016	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports,

5017	records, statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
5018	(b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics,
5019	doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section
5020	63-2-303 when the records are sought:
5021	(i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's
5022	physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
5023	(ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any party
5024	relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
5025	(c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding
5026	according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the medical
5027	records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.
5028	Section 87. Section 63-38-3.2 is amended to read:
5029	63-38-3.2. Fees Adoption, procedure, and approval Establishing and
5030	assessing fees without legislative approval.
5031	(1) As used in this section:
5032	(a) (i) "Agency" means each department, commission, board, council, agency,
5033	institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library
5034	unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state.
5035	(ii) "Agency" does not mean the Legislature or its committees.
5036	(b) "Fee agency" means any agency that is authorized to establish regulatory fees.
5037	(c) "Fee schedule" means the complete list of regulatory fees charged by a fee agency
5038	and the amount of those fees.
5039	(d) "Regulatory fees" means fees established for licensure, registration, or certification
5040	(2) Each fee agency shall:
5041	(a) adopt a schedule of fees assessed for services provided by the fee agency that are:
5042	(i) reasonable, fair, and reflect the cost of services provided; and
5043	(ii) established according to a cost formula determined by the director of the
5044	Governor's Office of Planning and Budget and the director of the Division of Finance in
5045	conjunction with the agency seeking to establish the regulatory fee;
5046	(b) conduct a public hearing on any proposed regulatory fee and increase or decrease

the proposed regulatory fee based upon the results of the public hearing;

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the new regulatory fee.

- 5048 (c) except as provided in Subsection (6), submit the fee schedule to the Legislature as 5049 part of the agency's annual appropriations request; 5050 (d) where necessary, modify the fee schedule to implement the Legislature's actions; 5051 and 5052 (e) deposit all regulatory fees collected under the fee schedule into the General Fund. 5053 (3) A fee agency may not: 5054 (a) set regulatory fees by rule; or 5055 (b) charge or collect any regulatory fee without approval by the Legislature unless the 5056 fee agency has complied with the procedures and requirements of Subsection (5). 5057 (4) The Legislature may approve, increase or decrease and approve, or reject any 5058 regulatory fee submitted to it by a fee agency. 5059 (5) (a) After the public hearing required by this section, a fee agency may establish and 5060 assess regulatory fees without legislative approval if: 5061 (i) the Legislature creates a new program that is to be funded by regulatory fees to be 5062 set by the Legislature; and 5063 (ii) the new program's effective date is before the Legislature's next annual general 5064 session; or 5065 (iii) the Division of [Occupational and Professional Licensing] Real Estate makes a 5066 special assessment against qualified beneficiaries under the Residence Lien Restriction and 5067 Lien Recovery Fund Act as provided in Subsection 38-11-206(1). 5068 (b) Each fee agency shall submit its fee schedule or special assessment amount to the 5069 Legislature for its approval at a special session, if allowed in the governor's call, or at the next 5070 annual general session of the Legislature, whichever is sooner. 5071 (c) Unless the fee schedule is approved by the Legislature, the fee agency may not 5072 collect a regulatory fee set according to this subsection after the adjournment of the annual 5073 general session following the session that established the new program. 5074 (6) (a) Each fee agency that wishes to increase any regulatory fee by 5% or more shall
 - (b) Each fee agency that wishes to increase any regulatory fee by 5% or more shall submit to the governor as part of the agency's annual appropriation request a list that identifies:

obtain legislative approval for the fee increase as provided in this subsection before assessing

3079	(1) the title of purpose of the regulatory fee;
5080	(ii) the present amount of the regulatory fee;
5081	(iii) the proposed new amount of the regulatory fee;
5082	(iv) the percent that the regulatory fee will have increased if the Legislature approves
5083	the higher fee; and
5084	(v) the reason for the increase in the regulatory fee.
5085	(c) (i) The governor may review and approve, modify and approve, or reject the
5086	regulatory fee increases.
5087	(ii) The governor shall transmit the list required by Subsection (6)(b), with any
5088	modifications, to the Legislative Fiscal Analyst with the governor's budget recommendations.
5089	(d) Bills approving any regulatory fee increases of 5% or more shall be filed before the
5090	beginning of the Legislature's annual general session, if possible.
5091	Section 88. Section 63-46b-1 is amended to read:
5092	63-46b-1. Scope and applicability of chapter.
5093	(1) Except as set forth in Subsection (2), and except as otherwise provided by a statute
5094	superseding provisions of this chapter by explicit reference to this chapter, the provisions of
5095	this chapter apply to every agency of the state and govern:
5096	(a) state agency action that determines the legal rights, duties, privileges, immunities,
5097	or other legal interests of an identifiable person, including agency action to grant, deny, revoke
5098	suspend, modify, annul, withdraw, or amend an authority, right, or license; and
5099	(b) judicial review of the action.
5100	(2) This chapter does not govern:
5101	(a) the procedure for making agency rules, or judicial review of the procedure or rules;
5102	(b) the issuance of a notice of a deficiency in the payment of a tax, the decision to
5103	waive a penalty or interest on taxes, the imposition of and penalty or interest on taxes, or the
5104	issuance of a tax assessment, except that this chapter governs an agency action commenced by
5105	a taxpayer or by another person authorized by law to contest the validity or correctness of the
5106	action;
5107	(c) state agency action relating to extradition, to the granting of a pardon or parole, a
5108	commutation or termination of a sentence, or to the rescission, termination, or revocation of
5109	parole or probation, to the discipline of, resolution of a grievance of, supervision of,

- confinement of, or the treatment of an inmate or resident of a correctional facility, the Utah State Hospital, the Utah State Developmental Center, or a person in the custody or jurisdiction of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, or a person on probation or parole, or judicial review of the action;
 - (d) state agency action to evaluate, discipline, employ, transfer, reassign, or promote a student or teacher in a school or educational institution, or judicial review of the action;
 - (e) an application for employment and internal personnel action within an agency concerning its own employees, or judicial review of the action;
- (f) the issuance of a citation or assessment under Title 34A, Chapter 6, Utah Occupational Safety and Health Act, [and] Title 58, Chapter 3a, [Architect] Architects
 Licensing Act, Chapter 11a, Cosmetologist/Barber, Esthetician, Electrologist, and Nail
 Technician Licensing Act, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act, Chapter 22, Professional
 Engineers and Professional Land [Surveyor] Surveyors Licensing Act, Chapter 53, Landscape
 Architects Licensing Act, [Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act,] Chapter 63,
 Security Personnel Licensing Act, [and] Chapter 76, Professional Geologist Licensing Act, and
 Title 61, Chapter 2e, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, except that this chapter governs an agency action commenced by the employer, licensee, or other person authorized by law to contest the validity or correctness of the citation or assessment:
 - (g) state agency action relating to management of state funds, the management and disposal of school and institutional trust land assets, and contracts for the purchase or sale of products, real property, supplies, goods, or services by or for the state, or by or for an agency of the state, except as provided in those contracts, or judicial review of the action;
 - (h) state agency action under Title 7, Chapter 1, Article 3, Powers and Duties of Commissioner of Financial Institutions, Title 7, Chapter 2, Possession of Depository Institution by Commissioner, Title 7, Chapter 19, Acquisition of Failing Depository Institutions or Holding Companies, and Title 63, Chapter [30, Utah] 30d, Governmental Immunity Act of Utah, or judicial review of the action;
- (i) the initial determination of a person's eligibility for unemployment benefits, the initial determination of a person's eligibility for benefits under Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers' Compensation Act, and Title 34A, Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, or the initial determination of a person's unemployment tax liability;

5141	(j) state agency action relating to the distribution or award of a monetary grant to or
5142	between governmental units, or for research, development, or the arts, or judicial review of the
5143	action;
5144	(k) the issuance of a notice of violation or order under Title 26, Chapter 8a, Utah
5145	Emergency Medical Services System Act, Title 19, Chapter 2, Air Conservation Act, Title 19,
5146	Chapter 3, Radiation Control Act, Title 19, Chapter 4, Safe Drinking Water Act, Title 19,
5147	Chapter 5, Water Quality Act, Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 1, Solid and Hazardous Waste Act,
5148	Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 4, Underground Storage Tank Act, or Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 7, Used
5149	Oil Management Act, except that this chapter governs an agency action commenced by a
5150	person authorized by law to contest the validity or correctness of the notice or order;
5151	(l) state agency action, to the extent required by federal statute or regulation, to be
5152	conducted according to federal procedures;
5153	(m) the initial determination of a person's eligibility for government or public
5154	assistance benefits;
5155	(n) state agency action relating to wildlife licenses, permits, tags, and certificates of
5156	registration;
5157	(o) a license for use of state recreational facilities;
5158	(p) state agency action under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
5159	Management Act, except as provided in Section 63-2-603;
5160	(q) state agency action relating to the collection of water commissioner fees and
5161	delinquency penalties, or judicial review of the action;
5162	(r) state agency action relating to the installation, maintenance, and repair of headgates,
5163	caps, values, or other water controlling works and weirs, flumes, meters, or other water
5164	measuring devices, or judicial review of the action;
5165	(s) (i) a hearing conducted by the Division of Securities under Section 61-1-11.1; and
5166	(ii) an action taken by the Division of Securities pursuant to a hearing conducted under
5167	Section 61-1-11.1, including a determination regarding the fairness of an issuance or exchange
5168	of securities described in Subsection 61-1-11.1(1); and
5169	(t) state agency action relating to water well driller licenses, water well drilling permits,
5170	water well driller registration, or water well drilling construction standards, or judicial review
5171	of the action.

5172 (3) This chapter does not affect a legal remedy otherwise available to: 5173 (a) compel an agency to take action; or 5174 (b) challenge an agency's rule. 5175 (4) This chapter does not preclude an agency, prior to the beginning of an adjudicative 5176 proceeding, or the presiding officer during an adjudicative proceeding from: 5177 (a) requesting or ordering a conference with parties and interested persons to: 5178 (i) encourage settlement; 5179 (ii) clarify the issues; 5180 (iii) simplify the evidence; 5181 (iv) facilitate discovery; or 5182 (v) expedite the proceeding; or 5183 (b) granting a timely motion to dismiss or for summary judgment if the requirements of Rule 12(b) or Rule 56 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure are met by the moving party, 5184 5185 except to the extent that the requirements of those rules are modified by this chapter. 5186 (5) (a) A declaratory proceeding authorized by Section 63-46b-21 is not governed by 5187 this chapter, except as explicitly provided in that section. 5188 (b) Judicial review of a declaratory proceeding authorized by Section 63-46b-21 is 5189 governed by this chapter. 5190 (6) This chapter does not preclude an agency from enacting a rule affecting or 5191 governing an adjudicative proceeding or from following the rule, if the rule is enacted 5192 according to the procedures outlined in Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking 5193 Act, and if the rule conforms to the requirements of this chapter. 5194 (7) (a) If the attorney general issues a written determination that a provision of this 5195 chapter would result in the denial of funds or services to an agency of the state from the federal 5196 government, the applicability of the provision to that agency shall be suspended to the extent 5197 necessary to prevent the denial. 5198 (b) The attorney general shall report the suspension to the Legislature at its next 5199 session. 5200 (8) Nothing in this chapter may be interpreted to provide an independent basis for 5201 jurisdiction to review final agency action.

(9) Nothing in this chapter may be interpreted to restrict a presiding officer, for good

5203	cause shown, from lengthening or shortening a time period prescribed in this chapter, except
5204	the time period established for judicial review.
5205	Section 89. Section 63A-5-206 is amended to read:
5206	63A-5-206. Construction, alteration, and repair of state facilities Powers of
5207	director Exceptions Expenditure of appropriations Notification to local
5208	governments for construction or modification of certain facilities.
5209	(1) As used in this section:
5210	(a) "Analysis" means an economic assessment of competing design and maintenance
5211	alternatives, the object of which is to reduce cost and conserve energy.
5212	(b) "Capital developments" and "capital improvements" have the same meaning as
5213	provided in Section 63A-5-104.
5214	(c) "Compliance agency" has the same meaning as provided in Subsection [58-56-3(4)]
5215	<u>61-2f-103(4)</u> .
5216	(d) (i) "Facility" means any building, structure, or other improvement that is
5217	constructed on property owned by the state, its departments, commissions, institutions, or
5218	agencies.
5219	(ii) "Facility" does not mean an unoccupied structure that is a component of the state
5220	highway system.
5221	(e) "Life cycle cost-effective" means the lowest cost of owning and operating a facility
5222	over a 25-year period, including the initial cost, energy costs, operation and maintenance costs,
5223	repair costs, and the costs of energy conservation and renewable energy systems.
5224	(f) "Local government" means the county, municipality, or local school district that
5225	would have jurisdiction to act as the compliance agency if the property on which the project is
5226	being constructed were not owned by the state.
5227	(g) "Renewable energy system" means a system designed to use solar, wind,
5228	geothermal power, wood, or other replenishable energy source to heat, cool, or provide
5229	electricity to a building.
5230	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), the director shall exercise direct
5231	supervision over the design and construction of all new facilities, and all alterations, repairs,
5232	and improvements to existing facilities if the total project construction cost, regardless of the

funding source, is greater than \$100,000.

- 5234 (b) The director shall prepare or have prepared by private firms or individuals designs, 5235 plans, and specifications for the projects administered by the division.
 - (c) Before proceeding with construction, the director and the officials charged with the administration of the affairs of the particular department, commission, institution, or agency shall approve the location, design, plans, and specifications.
 - (3) Projects for the construction of new facilities and alterations, repairs, and improvements to existing facilities are not subject to Subsection (2) if the project:
 - (a) occurs on property under the jurisdiction of the State Capitol Preservation Board;
 - (b) is within a designated research park at the University of Utah or Utah State University;
 - (c) occurs within the boundaries of This is the Place State Park and is administered by This is the Place Foundation except that This is the Place Foundation may request the director to administer the design and construction; or
 - (d) is for the creation and installation of art under Title 9, Chapter 6, Part 4, Utah Percent-for-Art Program.
 - (4) (a) (i) The State Building Board may authorize the delegation of control over design, construction, and all other aspects of any project to entities of state government on a project-by-project basis or for projects within a particular dollar range and a particular project type.
 - (ii) The state entity to whom control is delegated shall assume fiduciary control over project finances, shall assume all responsibility for project budgets and expenditures, and shall receive all funds appropriated for the project, including any contingency funds contained in the appropriated project budget.
 - (iii) Delegation of project control does not exempt the state entity from complying with the codes and guidelines for design and construction adopted by the division and the State Building Board.
 - (iv) State entities that receive a delegated project may not access, for the delegated project, the division's statewide contingency reserve and project reserve authorized in Section 63A-5-209.
 - (b) For facilities that will be owned, operated, maintained, and repaired by an entity that is not a state agency or institution and that are located on state property, the State Building

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Board may authorize the owner to administer the design and construction of the project instead of the division.

- (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a donor donates land to an eligible institution of higher education and commits to build a building or buildings on that land, and the institution agrees to provide funds for the operations and maintenance costs from sources other than state funds, and agrees that the building or buildings will not be eligible for state capital improvement funding, the higher education institution may:
- (a) oversee and manage the construction without involvement, oversight, or management from the division; or
 - (b) arrange for management of the project by the division.
- (6) (a) The role of compliance agency as provided in Title [58] 61, Chapter [56] 2f, Utah Uniform Building Standards Act, shall be provided by:
 - (i) the director, for projects administered by the division;
- (ii) the entity designated by the State Capitol Preservation Board, for projects under Subsection (3)(a);
 - (iii) the local government, for projects exempt from the division's administration under Subsection (3)(b) or administered by This is the Place Foundation under Subsection (3)(c);
 - (iv) the state entity or local government designated by the State Building Board, for projects under Subsection (4); or
 - (v) the institution, for projects exempt from the division's administration under Subsection (5)(a).
 - (b) For the installation of art under Subsection (3)(d), the role of compliance agency shall be provided by the entity that is acting in this capacity for the balance of the project as provided in Subsection (6)(a).
- (c) The local government acting as the compliance agency under Subsection (6)(a)(iii) may:
- (i) only review plans and inspect construction to enforce the building codes as adopted by the Uniform Building Codes Commission; and
- (ii) charge a building permit fee of no more than the amount it could have charged if the land upon which the improvements are located were not owned by the state.
- 5295 (d) (i) The use of state property and any improvements constructed on state property,

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5296 including improvements constructed by nonstate entities, is not subject to the zoning authority 5297 of local governments as provided in Section 10-9-105.

- (ii) The state entity controlling the use of the state property shall consider any input received from the local government in determining how the property shall be used.
- (7) Before construction may begin, the director shall review the design of projects exempted from the division's administration under Subsection (4) to determine if the design:
- (a) complies with any restrictions placed on the project by the State Building Board; and
 - (b) is appropriate for the purpose and setting of the project.
- (8) (a) The director shall ensure that state-owned facilities, except for facilities under the control of the State Capitol Preservation Board, are life cycle cost-effective.
- (b) The estimated cost of the analysis shall be included in each program budget document and in the project funding request submitted to the State Building Board, the governor, and the Legislature.
 - (c) The final cost estimate shall reflect the most life cycle cost-effective building.
- (d) The State Building Board, in consultation with the director and the State Energy Manager, shall make rules to implement this Subsection (8) by following the procedures and requirements of Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (e) The State Building Board may exempt a facility from being life cycle cost-effective pursuant to rules, after reviewing and concurring with a written request and justification from the director.
- (9) The director may expend appropriations for statewide projects from funds provided by the Legislature for those specific purposes and within guidelines established by the State Building Board.
- (10) (a) The director, with the approval of the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst, shall develop standard forms to present capital development and capital improvement cost summary data.
 - (b) The director shall:
- 5324 (i) within 30 days after the completion of each capital development project, submit cost 5325 summary data for the project on the standard form to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst; 5326 and

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5327	(ii) upon request, submit cost summary data for a capital improvement project to the
5328	Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst on the standard form.
5329	(11) Notwithstanding the requirements of Title 63, Chapter 38, Budgetary Procedures
5330	Act, the director may:
5331	(a) accelerate the design of projects funded by any appropriation act passed by the
5332	Legislature in its annual general session;
5333	(b) use any unencumbered existing account balances to fund that design work; and
5334	(c) reimburse those account balances from the amount funded for those projects when
5335	the appropriation act funding the project becomes effective.
5336	(12) (a) The director, his designee, or the state entity to whom control has been
5337	designated under Subsection (4), shall notify in writing the elected representatives of local
5338	government entities directly and substantively affected by any diagnostic, treatment, parole,
5339	probation, or other secured facility project exceeding \$250,000, if:
5340	(i) the nature of the project has been significantly altered since prior notification;
5341	(ii) the project would significantly change the nature of the functions presently
5342	conducted at the location; or
5343	(iii) the project is new construction.
5344	(b) At the request of either the state entity or the local government entity,
5345	representatives from the state entity and the affected local entity shall conduct or participate in
5346	a local public hearing or hearings to discuss these issues.
5347	Section 90. Section 70D-1-19 is amended to read:
5348	70D-1-19. Definitions.
5349	As used in this chapter:
5350	(1) "Manufactured home" means a transportable factory built housing unit constructed
5351	on or after June 15, 1976, according to the National Manufactured Housing Construction and
5352	Safety Standards Act of 1974, in one or more sections, which, in the traveling mode, is eight
5353	body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in length, or when erected on site, is 400 or
5354	more square feet, and which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a
5355	dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and
5356	includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems.

(2) "Mobile home" means a transportable factory built housing unit built prior to June

5358	15, 1976, in accordance with a state mobile home code which existed prior to the National
5359	Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974.
5360	(3) "Permanently affixed" means anchored to, and supported by, a permanent
5361	foundation or installed in accordance with the manufactured housing installation standard code
5362	referred to in Section [58-56-4] <u>61-2f-201</u> .
5363	Section 91. Section 77-18-15 is amended to read:
5364	77-18-15. Retention of expunged records Agencies.
5365	(1) The division shall keep, index, and maintain all expunged records of arrests and
5366	convictions.
5367	(2) Employees of the division may not divulge any information contained in its index
5368	to any person or agency without a court order, except to the following:
5369	(a) the Board of Pardons and Parole;
5370	(b) the Peace Officer Standards and Training;
5371	(c) federal authorities, unless prohibited by federal law;
5372	(d) the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing; [and]
5373	(e) the Division of Real Estate for purposes of Title 61, Chapter 2e, Utah Construction
5374	Trades Licensing Act; and
5375	[(e)] <u>(f)</u> the State Office of Education.
5376	(3) The division may also use the information in its index for the purpose of
5377	establishing good character for issuance of a concealed firearm permit as provided in Section
5378	53-5-704.
5379	(4) A person whose records are released under Subsection (2) shall be given a
5380	reasonable opportunity by the recipient agency to challenge and explain any information in the
5381	records and to challenge the relevancy of that information before a final determination is made
5382	by the agency.
5383	(5) A court may permit inspection or release of an expunged record only upon petition
5384	by the person who is the subject of the record and only to the persons named in the petition.
5385	(6) (a) For judicial sentencing, a court may order any records sealed under this section
5386	to be opened and admitted into evidence.
5387	(b) The records are confidential and are available for inspection only by the court,

parties, counsel for the parties, and any other person who is authorized by the court to inspect

5389	them.
5390	(c) At the end of the action or proceeding, the court shall order the records sealed
5391	again.
5392	(7) Records released under this section are classified as protected under Section
5393	63-2-304 and are accessible only as provided under Title 63, Chapter 2, Part 2, Access to
5394	Records.
5395	Section 92. Transition clause.
5396	(1) All rules relating to the regulation and administration of the contractor industry
5397	lawfully adopted by the Division of Occupations and Professional Licensing in accordance
5398	with Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act and Title 58, Chapter 56,
5399	Utah Uniform Building Standards Act, and in effect as of June 30, 2006, shall:
5400	(a) be transferred to rules issued by the Division of Real Estate; and
5401	(b) continue to be in effect until amended or rescinded by the Division of Real Estate.
5402	(2) A license relating to the contractor industry in effect on June 30, 2006, issued by
5403	the Department of Occupational and Professional Licensing is converted to a license issued by
5404	the Division of Real Estate as of July 1, 2006.
5405	(3) Each current member appointed to the boards and commission created under Title
5406	58, Chapters 55 and 56, as of June 30, 2006, shall fulfill that member's current term as
5407	provided for by statute under Title 61, Chapters 2e and 2f.
5408	(4) The Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing shall assign or otherwise
5409	transfer effective July 1, 2006, to the Division of Real Estate the contract entered into, as
5410	provided in Subsection 38-1-27(2), with the third party vendor for the creation and
5411	maintenance of the Construction Notice Registry Database.
5412	Section 93. Effective date.
5413	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2006.
5414	Section 94. Coordinating 1st Sub. H.B. 302 with 1st Sub. H.B. 105.
5415	If this 1st Sub. H.B. 302 and 1st Sub. H.B. 105, Construction Filing Amendments, both
5416	pass, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General
5417	Counsel when preparing the Utah Code database for publication change the reference in
5418	Subsection 38-1-11(4)(f) of 1st Sub. H.B. 105 from "Division of Occupational and Professional
5419	Licensing" to the "Division of Real Estate."

1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 302

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5420	Section 95. Coordinating 1st Sub. H.B. 302 with S.B. 87.
5421	If this 1st Sub. H.B. 302 and S.B. 87, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery
5422	Fund Amendments, both pass it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative
5423	Research and General Counsel when preparing the Utah Code database for publication change
5424	the reference in Subsection 63-38-3.2(1)(d)(ii) in S.B. 87 from the "Division of Occupational
5425	and Professional Licensing" to the "Division of Real Estate."

State Impact

The 30 FTE involved in regulating the construction industry would be moved from the Division of Professional Licensing (DOPL) to the Division of Real Estate at no cost. Some of DOPL's support staff would not transfer as they service many other professions. Commerce would need an Administrative Secretary, an Office Specialist, an Assistant Manager, and an Administrative Law Judge. Total costs for the first year (FY 07) are \$280,100 from the Commerce Service Fund. Spending from the Commerce Service Fund could affect revenue available to the General Fund.

	<u>FY 2006</u> <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2007 Approp.	FY 2006 Revenue	FY 2007 Revenue
Commerce Service Fund	\$0	\$280,100	\$0	\$0
TOTAL	\$0	\$280,100	\$0	\$0

Individual and Business Impact

No fiscal impact.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst